# Gesamtkatalog für Hydraulikteile Fabrikat Duplomatic Oleodinamica (Stand 2015)

Pumpen, Druckventile, Stromventile, Rückschlagventile, Wegeventile, Zwischenplattenventile, Zylinder, Elektronik, Proportionalventile, Servoventile, Aggregate, Filter und Zubehör



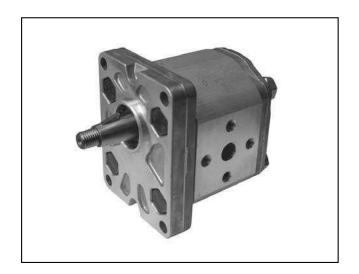
# Ihr Partner für Hydraulik und Pneumatik:

Hydro Ass Hydraulik – Steuerungstechnik GmbH Am Brichelberg 3, 66271 Kleinblittersdorf Tel.: 06805/2049901; Fax: 06805/2049903

info@hydro-ass.de

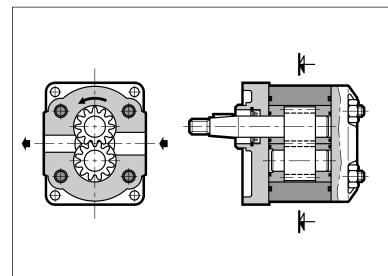
<u>www.hydro-ass.de</u> – <u>www.hydraulikhandel-saarland.de</u>





# GP EXTERNAL GEAR PUMPS SERIES 20

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



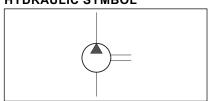
- The GP pumps are fixed displacement external gear pumps with axial clearance compensation.
- They give high volumetric flows even with high operating pressures, a low noise level, and they have a high endurance thanks to the balancing system of the loads on the guide bushings.
- They are divided into three size groups, with displacements of up to 9,1 27,9 and 87,6 cm³/rev respectively, and with operating pressures of up to 250 bar (standard) and up to 310 bar (version for high pressures H).
- They are available with clockwise, anticlockwise and reversible rotation, with tapered shaft (standard). Other kind of shaft are available upon request.
- They are available in multiple versions, and can be combined in multi-flow groups, with a splined connection motion system that guarantees high power performances.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

GP PUMP SIZE		GP1	GP2	GP3		
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	1.3 ÷ 9.1	7 ÷ 27.9	20.7 ÷ 87.6		
Flow rate and operating pressures		see table 3 - Performances				
Rotation speed		5	see table 3 - Performance	es		
Rotation direction		clockwise, anticlockwise or reversible (seen from the shaft side)				
Loads on the shaft		radial and axial load are not allowed				
Max torque applicable to the shaft		see paragraph 14.1				
Hydraulic connection		flanged fittings (see paragraph 16)				
Type of mounting		4 hole flange - rectangular type				
Mass: standard version version H	kg	1.2 ÷ 1.6 1.9 ÷ 2.3	2.6 ÷ 3.5 3.8 ÷ 4.7	6 ÷ 8.5 8.7 ÷ 11.2		

Ambient temperature range	°C -20 / +50		
Fluid temperature range	°C -15 / +80		
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2		
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3		
Recommended viscosity	cSt 25 ÷ 100		

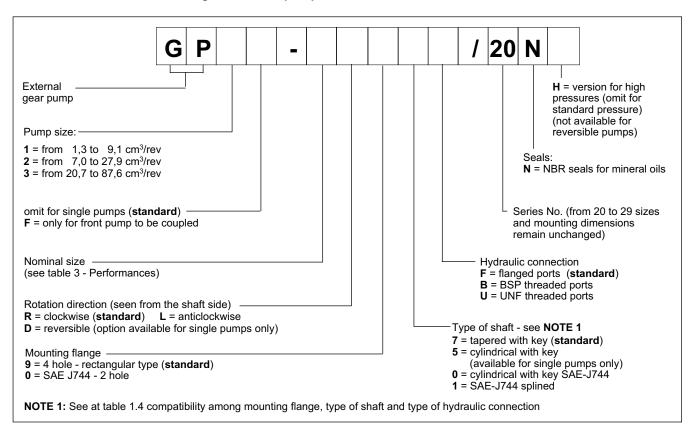
#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**



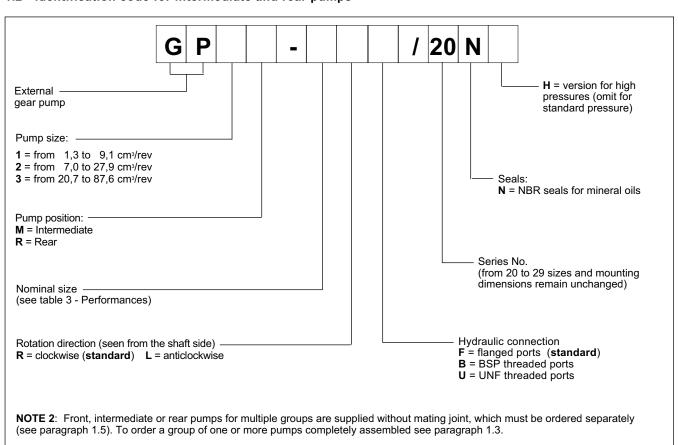
11 100/211 ED 1/16

#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

#### 1.1 - Identification code for single and front pumps



#### 1.2 - Identification code for intermediate and rear pumps



11 100/211 ED **2/16** 





#### 1.3 - Identification code for multiple pumps

identification code front pump identification code intermediate pump + identification code intermediate pump rear pump

#### 1.4 - Compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

FLANGE CODE	SHAFT CODE			HYDRA	ULIC CONNECTIO	N CODE	
	7	7 5 0 1				В	U
9	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes	no
0	no	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes

#### 1.5 - Identification code for mating joints

FIRST PUMP	SECOND PUMP				
	GP1	GP2	GP3		
GP1	3101100003	-	-		
GP2	3101100004	3101100005	-		
GP3	3101100006	3101100007	3101100008		

#### 1.6 - Examples

a) single pump size 1 - 1,3 cm³/rev - anticlockwise rotation - standard flange and shaft GP1-0013L97F/20N

b) single pump size 2 - 14 cm³/rev - clockwise rotation - standard flange and shaft GP2-0140R97F/20N

c) single pump size 3 - 22,5 cm³/rev - clockwise rotation - SAE flange and shaft GP3-0225R01F/20N

d) double pump made of: - pump size 2 - 7 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

- pump size 1 - 2 cm³/rev - high pressure

GP2F-0070R97F/20N + GP1R-0020RF/20NH

e) triple pump made of: - pump size 3 - 22,5 cm³/rev - pump size 2 - 14 cm³/rev - pump size 1 - 2 cm³/rev

GP3F-0225R97F/20N + GP2M-0140RF/20N + GP1R-0020RF/20N

#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 Type of fluid

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives, in conformity with the requisites of the following standards:

- FZG test 11th stage
- DIN 51525
- VDMA 24317

For use with other types of fluid (water glycol, phosphate esters and others), consult our technical dept.

Operation with fluid at a temperature greater than 80°C causes a premature deterioration of the fluid quality and of the seals. The physical and chemical properties of the fluid must be maintained.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 12 cSt referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80  $^{\circ}$ C optimum viscosity 25  $\div$  100 cSt referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank

maximum viscosity 600 cSt limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

11 100/211 ED 3/16





#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 13. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

#### 3 - PERFORMANCE RATINGS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The nominal dimensions indicated in the table are those available for standard pumps.

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	DISPLACEMENT [cm3/rev]	MAX FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX OPERATING PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX PEAK PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN ROTATION SPEED [rpm]
	0013	1,3	2,0			6000	
	0020	2,0	3,0			0000	
	0027	2,7	4,0	250 (270)	290 (310)	5000	
	0034	3,4	5,1		5000	800	
GP1	0041	4,1	6,1			4000	
	0051	5,1	7,6	220 (260)	260 (200)	4000	
	0061	6,1	9,1	230 (260)	260 (290)	3800	
	0074	7,4	11,1	200	230	3200	200
	0091	9,1	13,6	180	210	2600	600
	0070	7,0	10,5	050 (000)	000 (040)	4000	600
	0095	9,5	14,2	250 (280)	290 (310)	3000	
	0113	11,3	16,9		270 (300)	4000	
	0140	14,0	21,0	230 (260)			
GP2	0158	15,8	23,7	240 (200)	0.40 (000)		500
0.2	0178	17,8	26,7	210 (260)	240 (290)	3600	
	0208	20,8	31,2	180 (230)	210 (260)	3200	
	0234	23,4	35,1		210 (200)	3000	
	0279	27,9	41,8	170 (200)	200 (230)	2500	
	0207	20,7	31,0	- 230 (280) 270 (310) 3500	350	3500	
	0225	22,5	33,7				
	0264	26,4	39,6			500	
	0337	33,7	50,5			3000	
	0394	39,4	59,1	220 (260)	260 (290)		
GP3	0427	42,7	64,0	210 (250)	250 (280)	2800	
	0514	51,4	77,1	200 (230)	240 (260)	2400	400
	0600	60,0	90,0	190	220	2800	
	0696	69,6	104,4	170	200 190	2500	
	0776	77,6	116,4	160		2300	
	0876	87,6	131,4	140	170	2000	

**NOTE**: The values in parentheses refer to the version **H**, for high pressures.

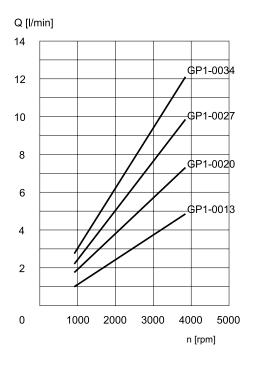
11 100/211 ED 4/16

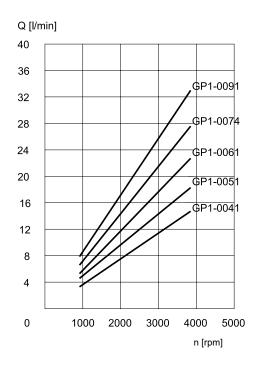




#### 4 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP1 PUMPS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### 4.1 - Flow rate curves Q=f (n) obtained with operating pressure 0 bar





#### 4.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0013	0,90	0,82
0020	0,90	0,85
0027	0,95	0,90
0034	0,91	0,87
0041	0,94	0,90
0051	0,96	0,92
0061	0,96	0,92
0074	0,96	0,90
0091	0,96	0,88

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP1 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

#### 4.3 - Noise level

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
0013	65
0020	66
0027	68
0034	68
0041	70
0051	73
0061	73
0074	73
0091	77

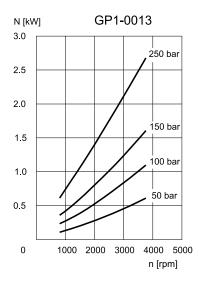
The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP1 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.

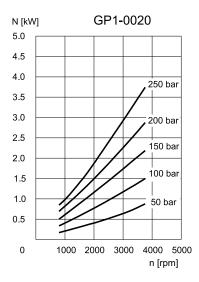
11 100/211 ED 5/16

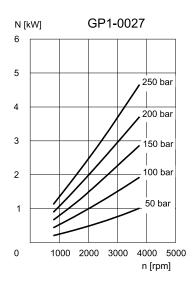


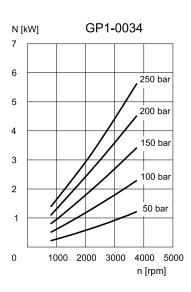
# GP SERIES 20

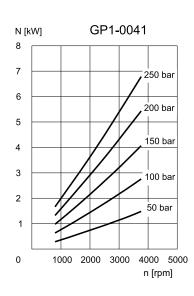
#### 4.4 - Absorbed power curves N=f (n), measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar

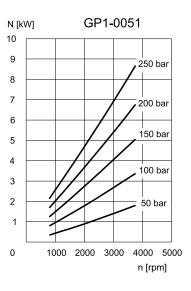


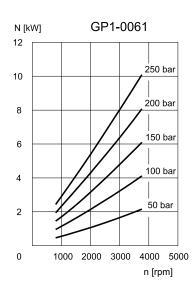


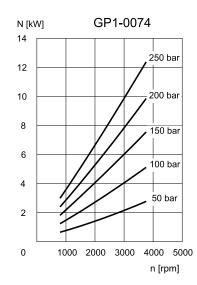


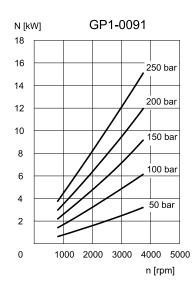












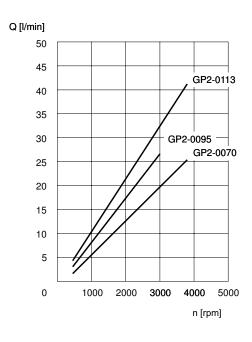
11 100/211 ED 6/16

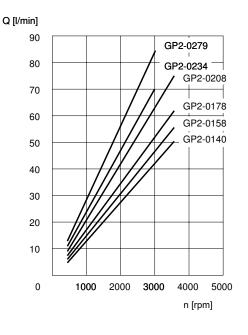




#### 5 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP2 PUMPS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### 5.1 - Flow rate curves Q=f (n) obtained with operating pressure 0 bar





#### 5.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0070	0,92	0,87
0095	0,95	0,88
0113	0,95	0,87
0140	0,93	0,87
0158	0,95	0,86
0178	0,93	0,85
0208	0,93	0,88
0234	0.97	0,89
0279	0,94	0,85

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP2 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

#### 5.3 - Noise level

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]	
0070	75	
0095	77	
0113	77	
0140	72	
0158	72	
0178	73	
0208	74	
0234	76	
0279	76	

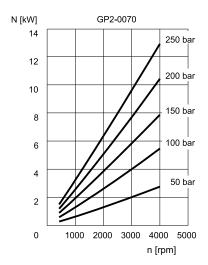
The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP2 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.

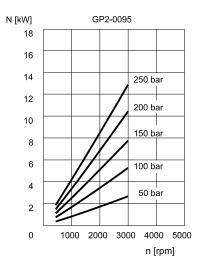
11 100/211 ED **7/16** 

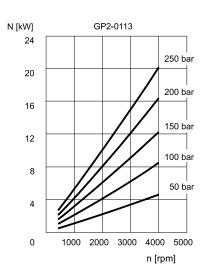


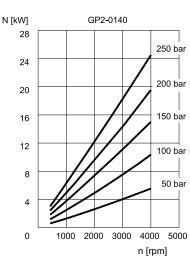
# GP SERIES 20

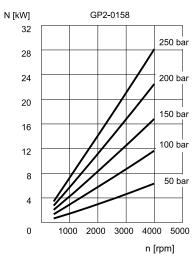
#### 5.4 - Absorbed power curves N=f (n), measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar

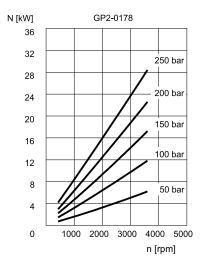


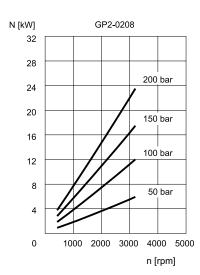


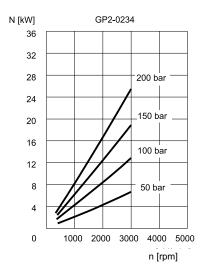


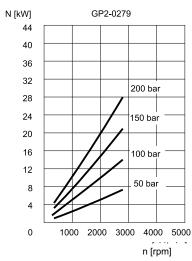












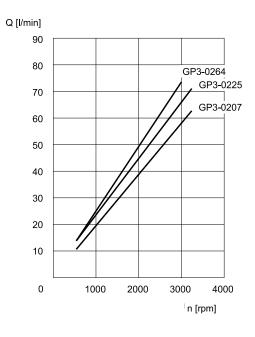
11 100/211 ED **8/16** 

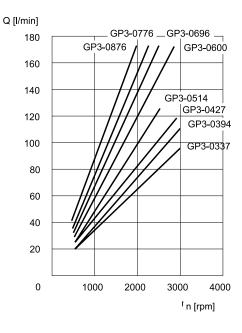




#### 6 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP3 PUMPS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### 6.1 - Flow rate curves Q=f (n) obtained with operating pressure 0 bar





#### 6.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0207	0,88	0,83
0225	0,97	0,92
0264	0,90	0,84
0337	0,92	0,87
0394	0,91	0,86
0427	0,92	0,82
0514	0,93	0,83
0600	0,85	0,82
0696	0,95	0,90
0776	0,93	0,87
0876	0,89	0,84

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP3 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

#### 6.3 - Noise level

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
0207	75
0225	75
0264	76
0337	72
0394	72
0427	73
0514	75
0600	77
0696	77
0776	76
0876	78

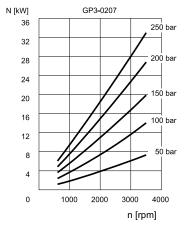
The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP3 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.

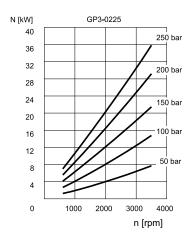
11 100/211 ED 9/16

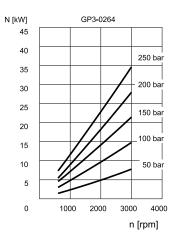


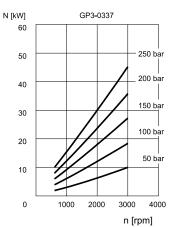
# GP SERIES 20

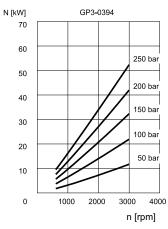
#### 6.4 - Absorbed power curves N=f (n), measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar

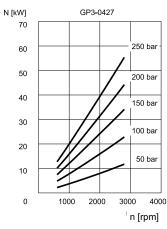


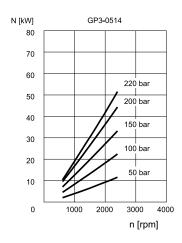


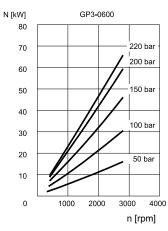


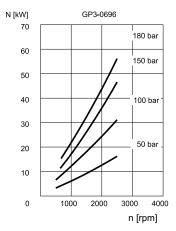


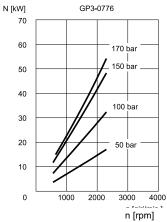


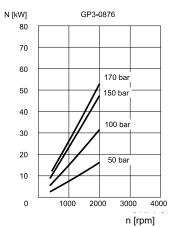










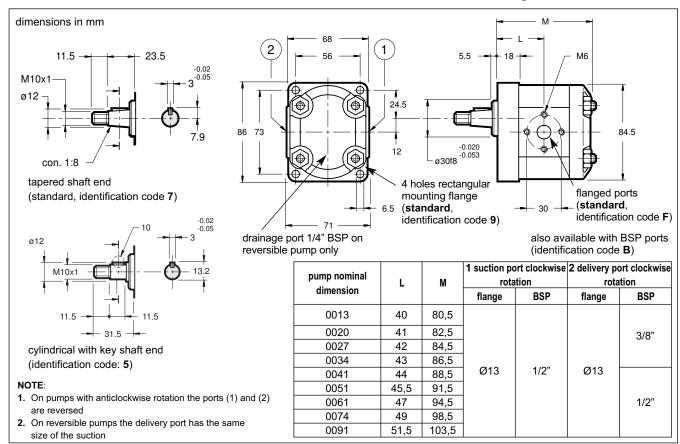


11 100/211 ED 10/16

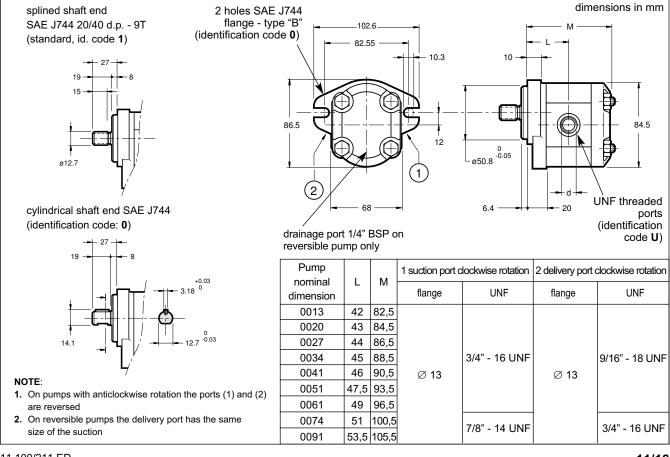


# GP SERIES 20

#### 7 - GROUP GP1 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with standard flange

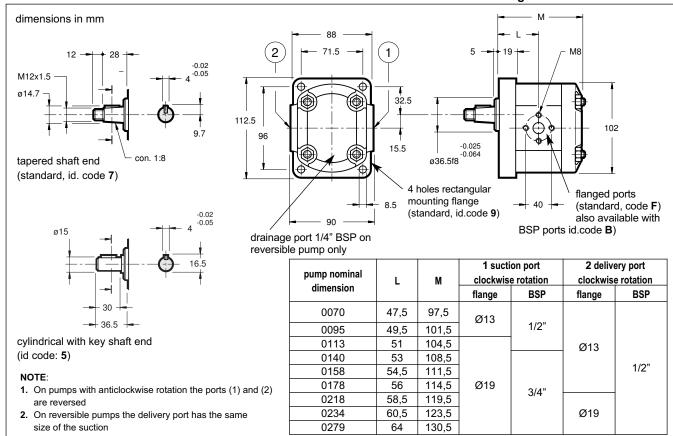


#### 8 - GROUP GP1 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with SAE flange

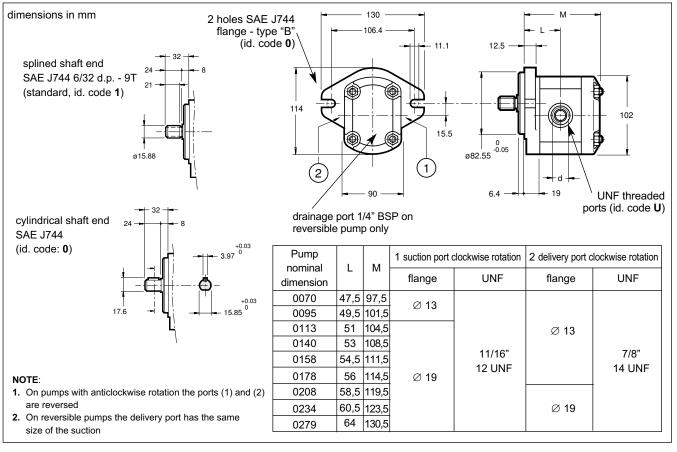


11 100/211 ED 11/16

#### 9 - GROUP GP2 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with standard flange

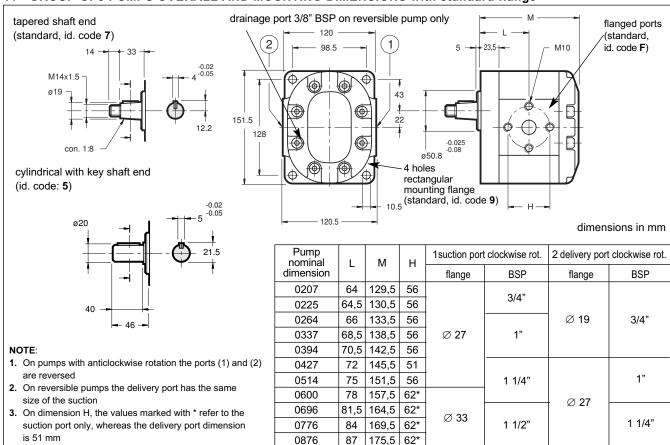


#### 10 - GROUP GP2 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with SAE flange

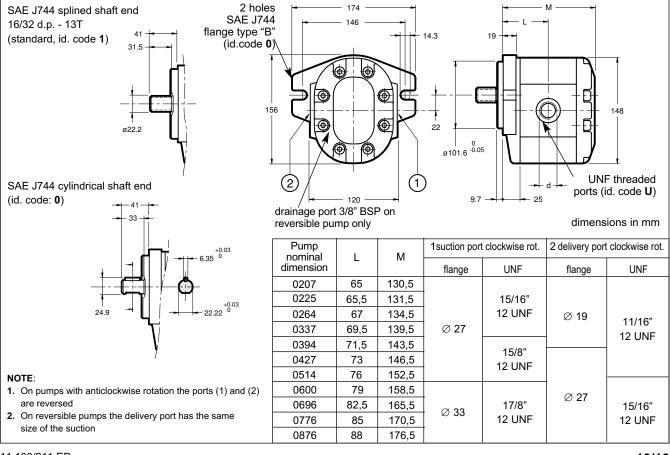


11 100/211 ED 12/16

#### 11 - GROUP GP3 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with standard flange



#### 12 - GROUP GP3 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS with SAE flange



11 100/211 ED 13/16



#### 13 - INSTALLATION

- The GP gear pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Be sure the control rotation direction corresponds to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump before putting the pump into operation.
- Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of the oil. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impede correct operation of the pump. It is advisable that the speed of 1 ÷ 2 m/sec is not exceeded in the suction line.
- The minimum suction pressure allowed is -0,3 bar relative. The pumps can not function with suction pressure.
- The gear pumps must not operate with a rotation rating of less than the minimum rotation speed (see table 3 performance ratings). They must be filled with the same plant operation oil before installation. Filling is done through the connection lines. If necessary, rotate the pump manually.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling able to compensate any offsets. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

#### 14 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The possibility to couple several pumps makes it possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits. While sizing coupled pumps, it is necessary to make reference to the following conditions:

- The coupling can be carried out between pumps with the same dimensions or to a size of decreasing order.
- The max. rotation speed is determined by the pump with the lowest speed.
- The values of the max. applicable torque can not be exceeded.

#### 14.1 - Maximum applicable torque

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{} = [Nm] \qquad \qquad n = rotation speed [rpm]$$

Q = flow rate [l/min]

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:  $\Delta p = \text{differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]}$ 

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta \text{ tot}} = \text{[kW]}$$
  $\eta_{\text{tot}} = \text{total efficiency (see diagrams in par. 4.2 - 5.2 - 6.2)}.$ 

or it can be obtained from the diagrams ABSORBED POWER (see paragraphs 4.4 - 5.4 - 6.4).

If several pumps are coupled, the torque of each single pump has to be added to the torque of subsequent pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

The obtained torque value for each pump has to be lower than the value specified in the table below.

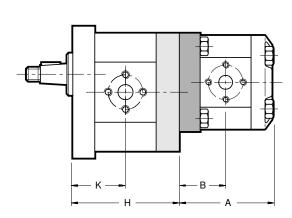
If the obtained torque values are higher than the ones stated in the table, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure value or to replace the overloaded pump with a pump suitable to bear the required torque.

	MAX TORQUE APPLICABLE TO THE SHAFT OF THE FRONT PUMP [Nm]				PLICABLE TORQ	
FRONT PUMP SIZE	tapered shaft with key	SAE J744 SAE J744 splined shaft cylindrical shaft		PUMP TO BE MATED		ED.
THORT FORM SIZE	code 7	, , , ,	cod. <b>0</b>	GP1	GP2	GP3
GP1	100	100	60		-	
GP2	200	185	140	50	100	•
GP3	300	600	450	1		220

11 100/211 ED 14/16



#### 15 - MULTIPLE PUMPS OVERALL DIMENSIONS



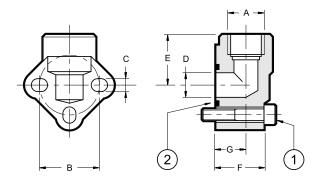
dimensions in mm

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	FRONT	PUMP	REAR PUMP		
		Н	К	А	В	
	0013	86	40	86,5	46	
	0020	88	41	88,5	47	
	0027	90	42	90,5	48	
	0034	92	43	92,5	49	
GP1	0041	94	44	94,5	50	
	0051	97	45,5	97,5	51,5	
	0061	100	47	100,5	53	
	0074	104	49	104,5	55	
	0091	109	51,5	109,5	57,5	
	0070	101	47,5	103,5	53,5	
İ	0095	105	49,5	107,5	55,5	
	0113	108	51	110,5	57	
	0140	112	53	114,5	59	
GP2	0158	115	54,5	117,5	60,5	
	0178	118	56	120,5	62	
	0208	123	58,5	125,5	64,5	
	0234	127	60,5	129,5	66,5	
	0279	134	64	136,5	70	
	0207	135,5	64	137	71,5	
	0225	136,5	64,5	138	72	
	0264	139,5	66	141	73,5	
	0337	144,5	68,5	146	76	
	0394	148,5	70,5	150	78	
GP3	0427	151,5	72	153	79,5	
	0514	157,5	75	159	82,5	
	0600	163,5	78	165	85,5	
	0696	170,5	81,5	172	89	
	0776	175,5	84	177	91,5	
	0876	181,5	87	183	94,5	

**NOTE**: For the dimensions of groups composed of three or more pumps, please consult our Technical Dept.

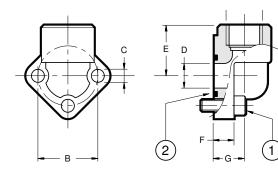
11 100/211 ED 15/16

#### **16 - CONNECTION FLANGES**



dimensions in mm





STEEL FLANGES
TYPE **RPA** 

#### **ALUMINIUM FLANGES TYPE RP**

#### Fastening bolt and O-rings included

	Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	В	С	ØD	Е	F	G	(1) SHC bolts	(2) seals
GP1	0610506	RP1 - 38		3/8" BSP	30	6,5	12,5	30	26	18	n°3 - M6x35	OR 121
GFI	0610248	RP1 - 12		1/2" BSP	30	6,5	12,5	30	26	18		(15.88x2.62)
GP2	0610508	RP2 - 12	180	1/2" BSP	40	8,5	18,5	40	31	20	n°3 - M8x45	OR 130
GFZ	0610249	RP2 - 34	100	3/4" BSP	40	8,5	18,5	40	31	20	11 3 - 1010343	(22.22x2.62)
GP3	0610717	RP3 - 34		3/4" BSP	51	10,5	25	46	43	26	2°2 M10v60	OR 4118
GP3	0610250	RP3 - 100		1" BSP	56	10,5	25	46	43	26	n°3 - M10x60	(29.75x3.53)

#### STEEL FLANGES TYPE RPA

0.222	OTELL PAROLO ITTE NEA											
	Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	В	С	ØD	E	F	G	(1) SHC bolts	(2) seals
GP1	0771048	RPA1 - 38		3/8" BSP	30	6,5	12	24	17	9,5	n°3 - M6x20	OR 121
GFI	0771049	RPA1 - 12		1/2" BSP	30	6,5	12	24	17	9,5	11 3 - IVIOXZU	(15.88x2.62)
GP2	0771050	RPA2 - 12		1/2" BSP	40	8,5	20	36	22	11,5	n°3 - M8x25	OR 132 (23.81x2.62)
GFZ	0770615	RPA2 - 34		3/4" BSP	40	8,5	20	36	22	11,5		
	0771051	RPA3 - 34A	315	3/4" BSP	51	10,5	24	46	26	13		
	0770617	RPA3 - 100A		1" BSP	51	10,5	24	46	26	13	n°3 - M10x30	
GP3	0770618	RPA3 - 34B		3/4" BSP	56	10,5	24	46	26	13	n 3 - M10x30	OR 3125 (31.42x2.62)
	0770619	RPA3 - 100B		1" BSP	56	10,5	24	46	26	13		(01.7282.02)
	0771052	RPA35 - 114A		1" 1/4 BSP	62	13	31	55	35	17	n°3 - M10x35	



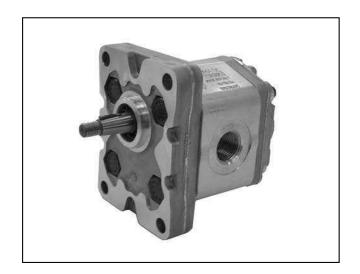
#### DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111 Fax +39 0331.895.339

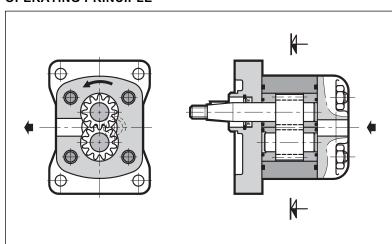
 $www.duplomatic.com \bullet e\text{-mail: } sales.exp@duplomatic.com$ 





# 1P EXTERNAL GEAR PUMPS SERIES 11

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



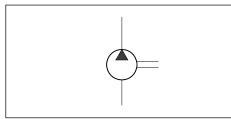
- The 1P pumps are fixed displacement external gear pumps with axial clearance compensation.
- They give high volumetric flows even with high operating pressures, a low noise level, and they have a high endurance thanks to the balancing system of the loads on the guide bushings.
- They are available with displacements going from 1,1 to 8,0 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev and with operating pressures of up to 230 bar.
- They are available with clockwise rotation direction and with tapered shaft.
- The hydraulic connection is with BSP threaded ports type.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PUMP SIZE		1P
Displacement range	cm³/rev	1,1 ÷ 8,0
Flow rate and operating pressures		see table 3 - Performances
Rotation speed		see table 3 - Performances
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the shaft side)
Loads on the shaft		radial and axial load are not allowed
Hydraulic connection		threaded ports BSP
Type of mounting		4 hole flange - rectangular type
Mass	kg	approx. 1,6

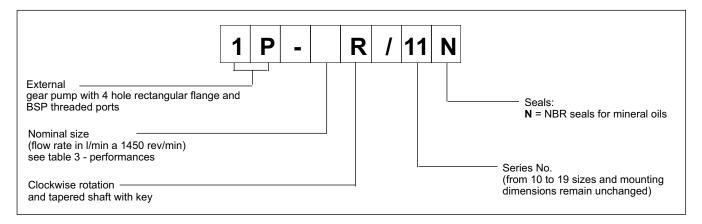
# Ambient temperature range °C -20 / +50 Fluid temperature range °C -15 / +80 Fluid viscosity range see par. 2.2 Recommended viscosity CSt 25 ÷ 100 Degree of fluid contamination see par. 2.3

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**



11 110/110 ED 1/4

#### 1 - CODIFICATION



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 Type of fluid

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives, in conformity with the requisites of the following standards:

- FZG test - 11th stage - DIN 51525 - VDMA 24317

For use with other types of fluid (water glycol, phosphate esters and others), consult our technical dept.

Operation with fluid at a temperature greater than 80°C causes a premature deterioration of the fluid quality and of the seals. The physical and chemical properties of the fluid must be maintained.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 12 cSt referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80  $^{\circ}$ C

optimum viscosity 25 ÷ 100 cSt referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank

maximum viscosity 1600 cSt limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 6. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

#### **3 - PERFORMANCES** (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	DISPALCEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX. OPERATING PRESSURE (ar 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX. PEAK PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm.) [bar]	MAX.ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN.ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	
	1,6	1,1	1,6					
	2	1,3	2,0		270	6000	1000	
	2,5	1,6	2,4	230			1000	
	3,3	2,1	3,2					
	4,2	2,7	4,0				800	
1P	5	3,2	4,8			5000		
	5,8	3,7	5,6	210	250	4500		
	6,7	4,2	6,4			4000		
	7,5	4,8	7,2	190	000	3500		
	9,2	5,8	8,7	190	230	3000	600	
	11,5	8,0	11,9	160	200	2100		

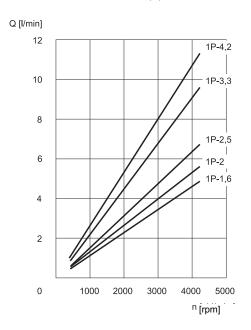
11 110/110 ED **2/4** 

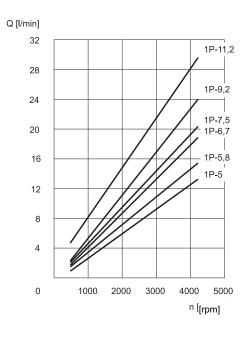


# 1P SERIES 11

#### 4 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP 1P PUMPS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### 4.1 - Flow rate curves Q=f (n) obtained with operating pressure 0 bar





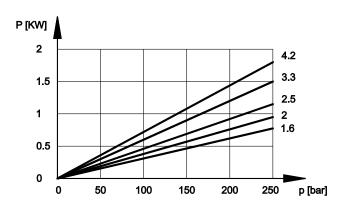
#### 4.2 - Efficiencies

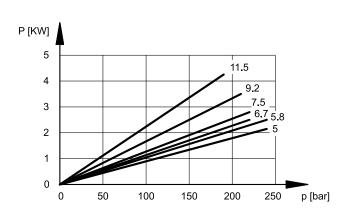
PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
1,6	0,96	0,85
2	0,94	0,87
2,5	0,94	0,87
3,3	0,96	0,90
4,2	0,96	0,90
5	0,96	0,90
5,8	0,96	0,89
6,7	0,97	0,92
7,5	0,97	0,93
9,2	0,95	0,89
11,5	0,94	0,89

4.3 - Noise level (at 1500 rpm)

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
1,6	55
2	58
2,5	58
3,3	60
4,2	65
5	66
5,8	66
6,7	68
7,5	72
9,2	72
11,5	74

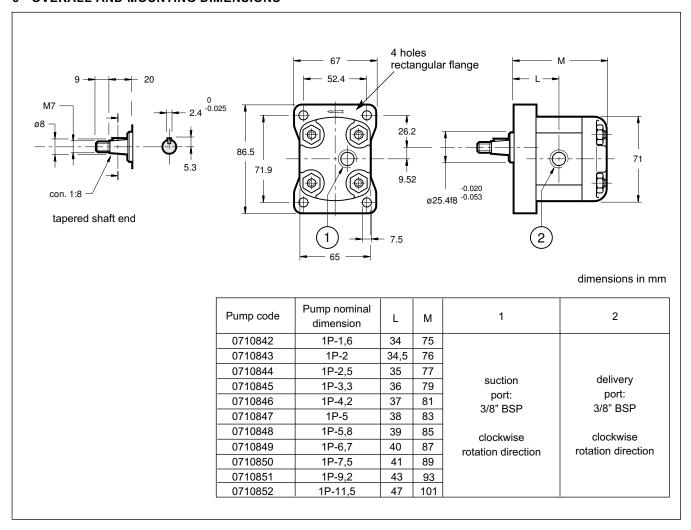
#### 4.4 - Absorbed power / pressure (at 1500 rpm)





11 110/110 ED 3/4

#### 5 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 6 - INSTALLATION

- The 1P gear pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Be sure the control rotation direction corresponds to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump before putting the pump into operation.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of the oil. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impede correct operation of the pump. It is advisable that the speed of 1 ÷ 2 m/sec is not exceeded in the suction line.
- The minimum suction pressure allowed is -0,3 bar relative. The pumps can not function with suction pressure.
- The gear pumps must not operate with a rotation rating of less than the minimum rotation speed (see table 3 performances). They must be filled with the same plant operation oil before installation. Filling is done through the connection lines. If necessary, rotate the pump manually.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling able to compensate any offsets. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.



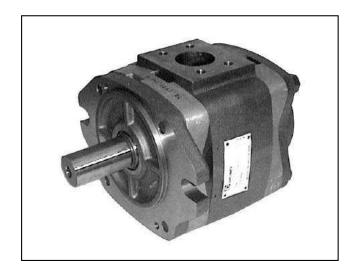
DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24 Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

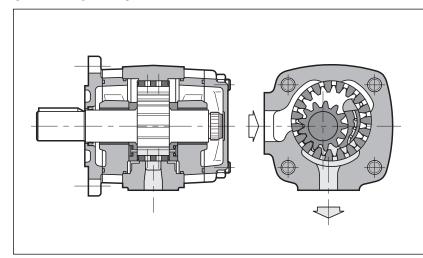
 $www.duplomatic.com \bullet e\text{-mail: } sales.exp@duplomatic.com$ 





# IGP INTERNAL GEAR PUMPS SERIES 10

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



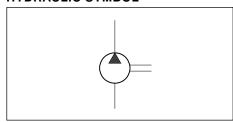
- IGP pumps are volumetric displacement pumps with internal gears, available in five sizes, each divided into a range of different displacement.
- The pumps feature high volumetric performance levels, thanks to both radial and axial compensation in proportion to operating pressure, in addition to low noise levels.
- Optimal load distribution and special friction bearings enable continuous duty at high pressures and ensure extended pump lifetime.
- IGP pumps are also available in multiple versions which can be combined to make multi-flow groups.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

IGP PUMP SIZE	3	4	5	6	7		
Displacement range	cm³/rev	3,6 ÷ 10,2	13,3 ÷ 32,6	33,1 ÷ 64,9	64,1 ÷ 126,2	125,8 ÷ 251,7	
Flow rate range (at 1.500 rpm)	range (at 1.500 rpm) I/min.		5,4 ÷ 15,3		96,1 ÷ 189,3	188,7 ÷ 377,5	
Operating pressures		see table 3 - performances					
Rotation speed		see table 3 - performances					
Rotation direction		clockwise or anticlockwise (seen from the shaft side)					
Loads on the shaft		consult our te	chnical departm	nent for the ext	ent of axial and	d radial loads	
Hydraulic connection		flanged fittings SAE J518 c code 61 (see par. 28)					
Type of fastening		flanged SAE J744 c					
Mass (single pump)	kg	4 ÷ 4,8	8,6 ÷ 11	15,5 ÷ 18,7	29,2 ÷ 35	46,5 ÷ 59	

Ambient temperature range	°C	-10 / +60	
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +80	
Fluid viscosity range	see par. 2.2		
Recommended true viscosity	cSt 25 ÷ 100		
Degree of fluid contamination	see par. 2.3		

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**

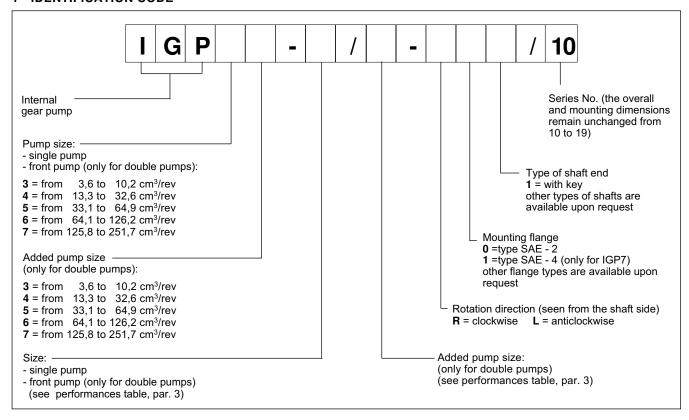


12 100/110 ED 1/20





#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives.

For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solution with proportion of water ≤ 40 %)	<ul> <li>The performances shown in the table in par. 3 must be reduced of 20%.</li> <li>The maximum speed of the fluid in the suction line must not exceed 1 m/s.</li> <li>The suction pressure must not be less than 0,8 bar absolute.</li> <li>The maximum fluid temperature must be less than 50°C.</li> </ul>
HFD (phosphate esters)	Operation with this type of fluid is not allowed.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 10 cSt referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80  $^{\circ}$ C optimum viscosity 25 ÷ 100 cSt referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank maximum viscosity 2000 cSt limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 3. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

12 100/110 ED 2/20



#### $\textbf{3 - PERFORMANCES} \hspace{0.2cm} \text{(obtained with mineral oil with viscosity in the range of 25 $\div$ 100 cSt)}$

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL DIMENSION	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev] (note 2)	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	PRESSURE [bar] (note 3) steady/peak		MAX. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN. ROTATION SPEED [rpm] (note 4)
		T	T		1	T	
	003	3,6	5,4				
	005	5,2	7,8				
IGP3	006	6,4	9,6	330	345	3600	400
	008	8,2	12,3				
	010	10,2	15,3				
	013	13,3	19,9			3600	
	016	15,8	23,7	330	345	3400	400
IGP4	020	20,7	31,0			3200	
	025	25,4	38,1	300	330	3000	
	032	32,6	48,9	250	280	2800	
	032	33,1	49,6	315	245	3000	400
IGP5	040	41	61,5		345	2800	
IGPS	050	50,3	75,4	280	315	2500	
	064	64,9	97,3	230	250	2200	
	064	64,1	96,1	300	330	2600	
	080	80,7	121,0	280	315	2400	
IGP6	100	101,3	151,9	250	300	2100	400
	125	126,2	189,3	210	250	1800	
	125	125,8	188,7	300	330	2200	
	160	160,8	241,2	280	315	2000	,
IGP7	200	202,7	304,0	250	300		400
	250	251,7	377,5	210	250	- 1800	

- Note 1) In continuous operating conditions, the maximum suction pressure is 2 bar while the minimum pressure must not be less than -0,2 bar. A minimum suction pressure of -0,4 bar is allowed for brief periods of time (the pressure values are to be considered relative).
- Note 2) The working tolerances can reduce the displacement by 1,5% max. The flow rate at 1500 rpm shown in the table considers operation with pressure of 10 bar.
- Note 3) The steady and peak pressures shown above are valid in the speed range of 400-1500 rpm. For speeds greater than 1500 rpm, the extent of the peak pressure must be reduced.
- Note 4) For use at variable speed in the range less than 400 rpm or greater than 1500 rpm, there are limitations of the allowable pressures. Contact our technical department for applications outside this range.

12 100/110 ED 3/20



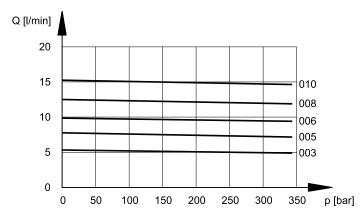


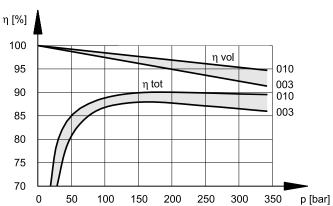
#### 4- IGP3 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

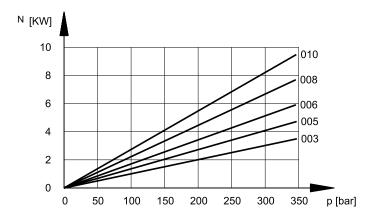
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**

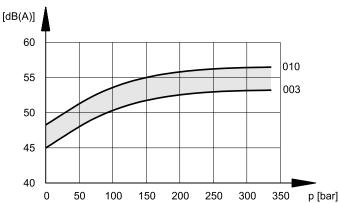




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semianecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

12 100/110 ED 4/20

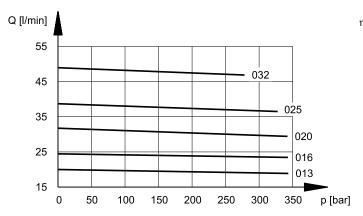


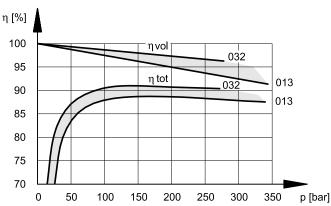
#### 5- IGP4 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

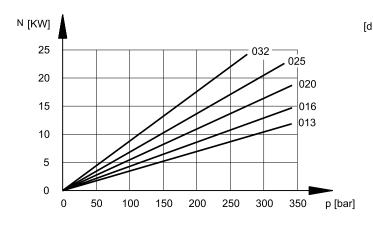
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**

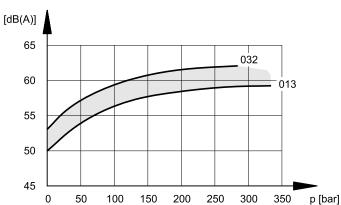




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semianecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

12 100/110 ED 5/20



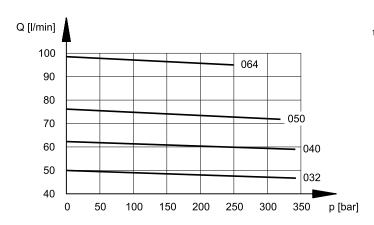


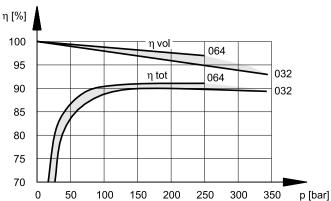
#### 6- IGP5 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

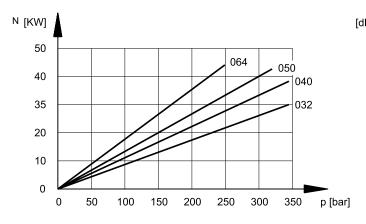
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**

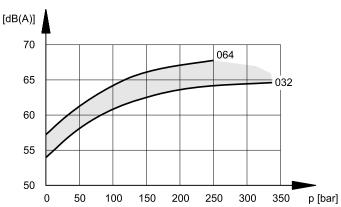




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5  $\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$  if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

12 100/110 ED 6/20



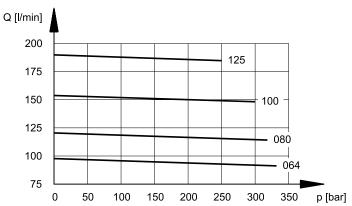


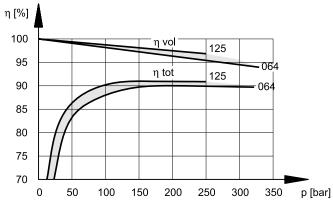
#### 7- IGP6 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

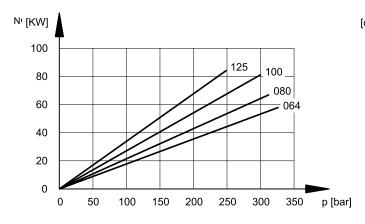
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCIES**

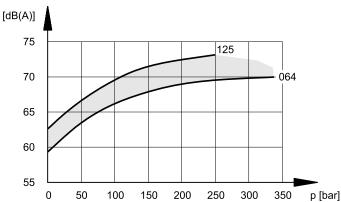




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

12 100/110 ED **7/20** 



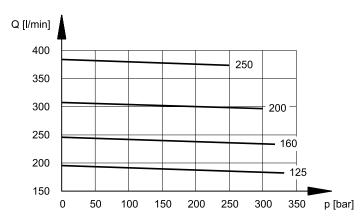


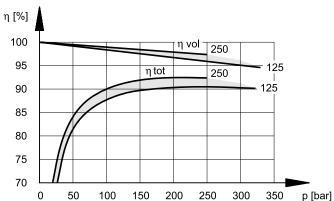
#### 8- IGP7 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

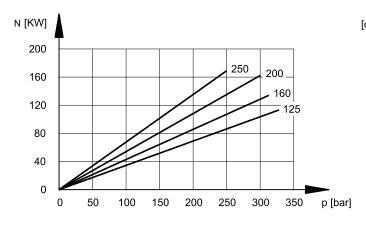
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**

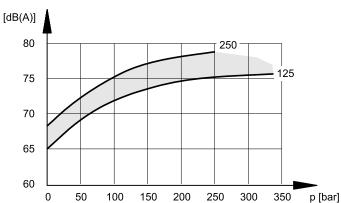




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

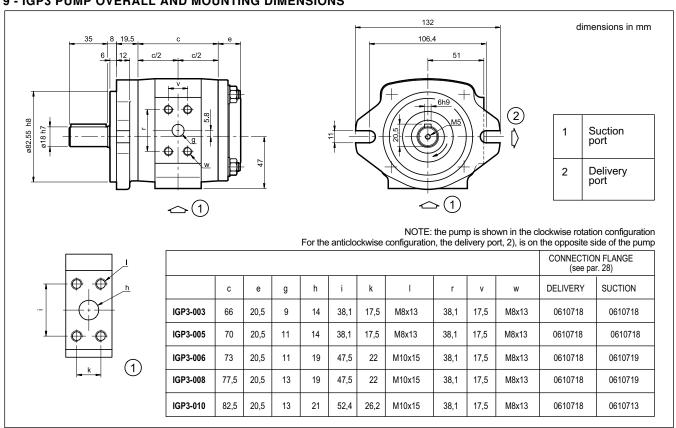
The values shown must be reduced by 5  $\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$  if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

12 100/110 ED **8/20** 

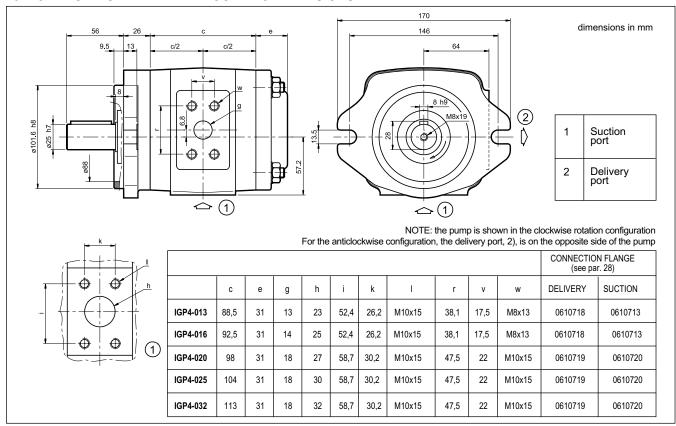


# IGP SERIES 10

#### 9 - IGP3 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 10 - IGP4 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

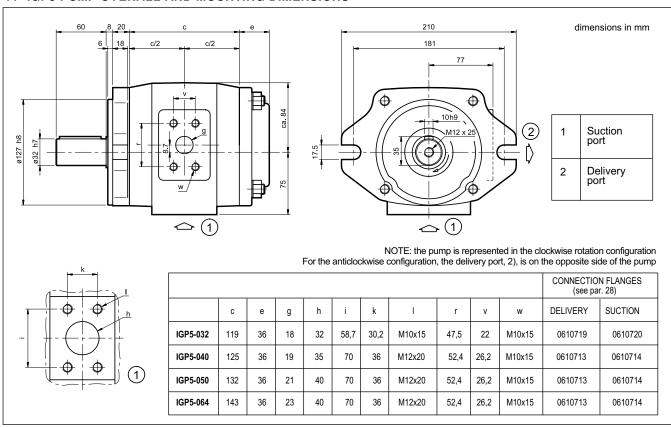


12 100/110 ED 9/20

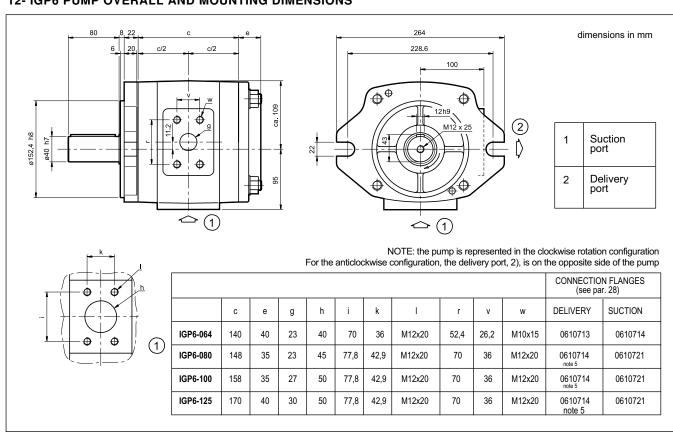


# IGP SERIES 10

#### 11- IGP5 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 12- IGP6 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

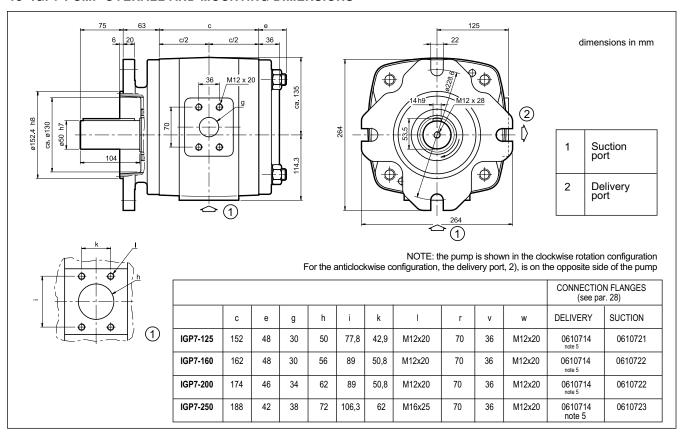


12 100/110 ED 10/20





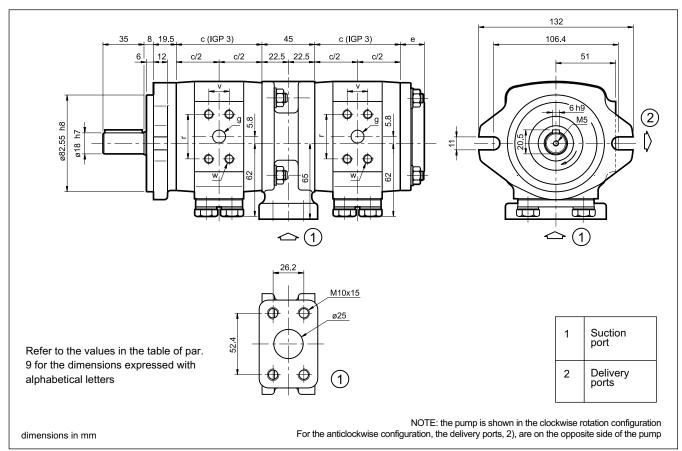
#### 13- IGP7 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



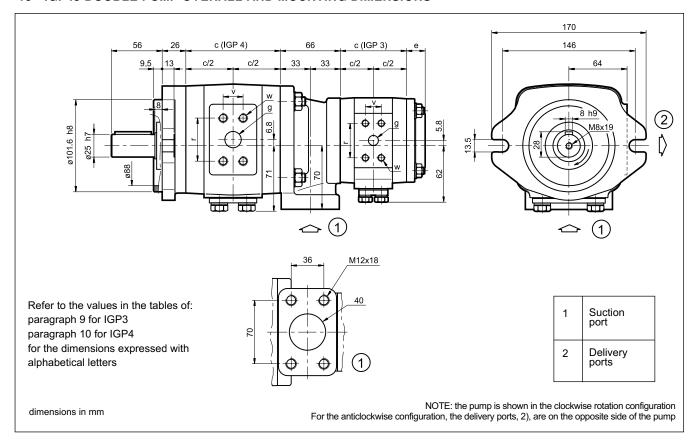
NOTE 5: For applications with delivery pressure greater than 200 bar, it is necessary to use the special connection flange, code 0610725.

12 100/110 ED 11/20

#### 14 - IGP33 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



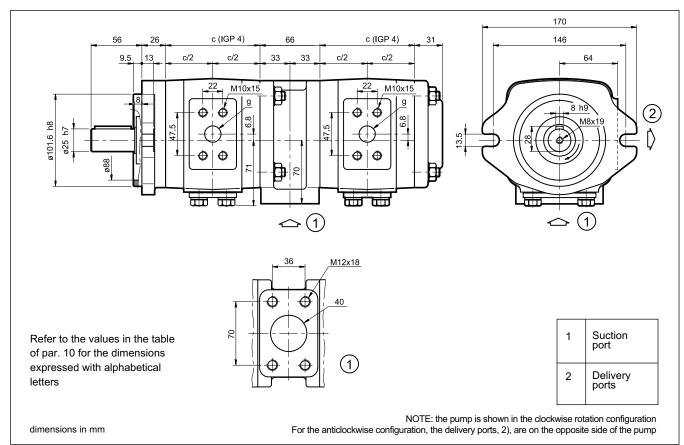
#### 15 - IGP43 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



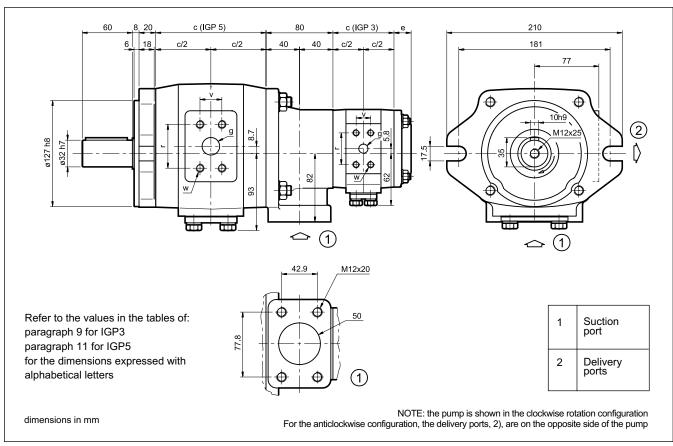
12 100/110 ED 12/20



#### 16 - IGP44 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

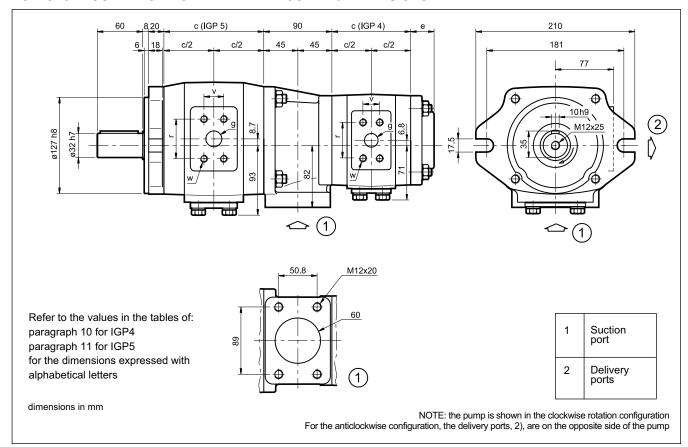


#### 17 - IGP53 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

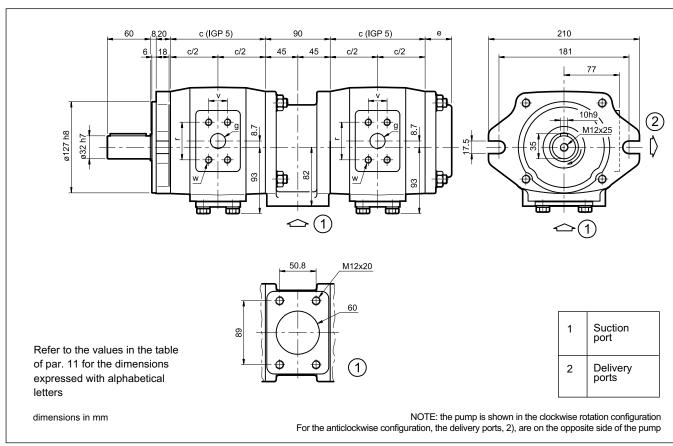


12 100/110 ED 13/20

#### 18 - IGP54 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



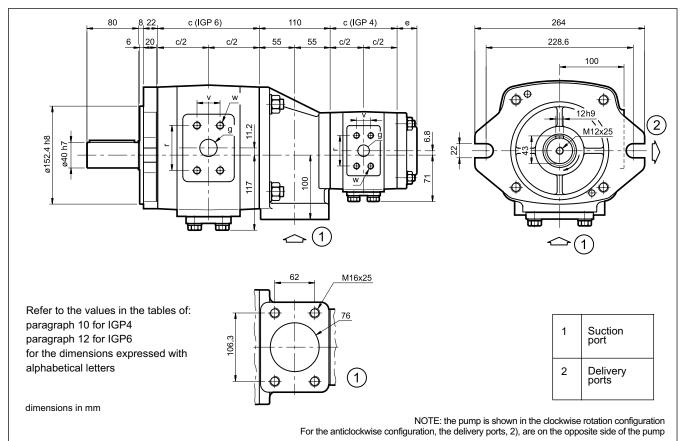
#### 19 - IGP55 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



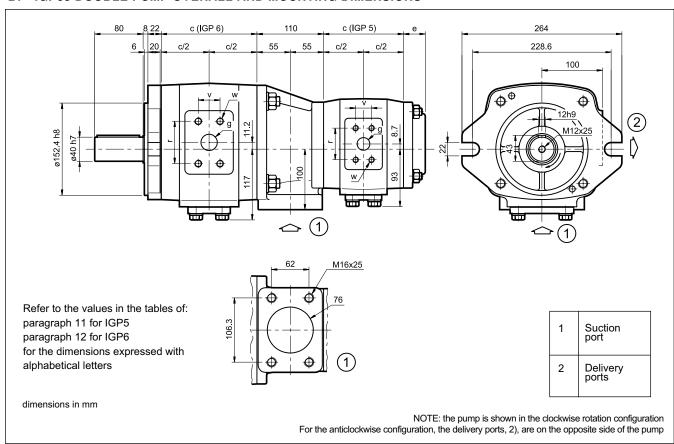
12 100/110 ED 14/20



#### 20 - IGP64 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



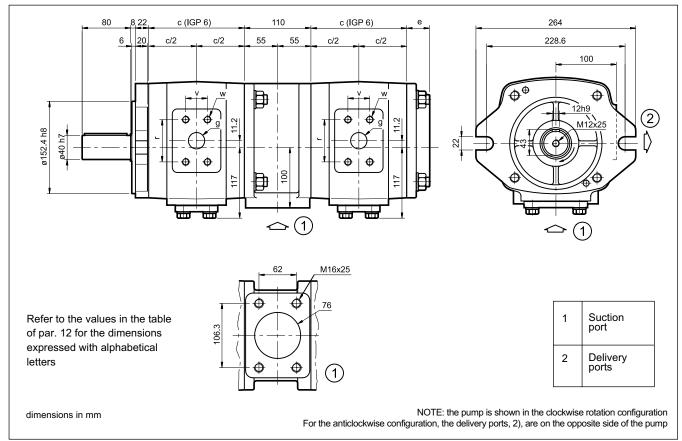
#### 21 - IGP65 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



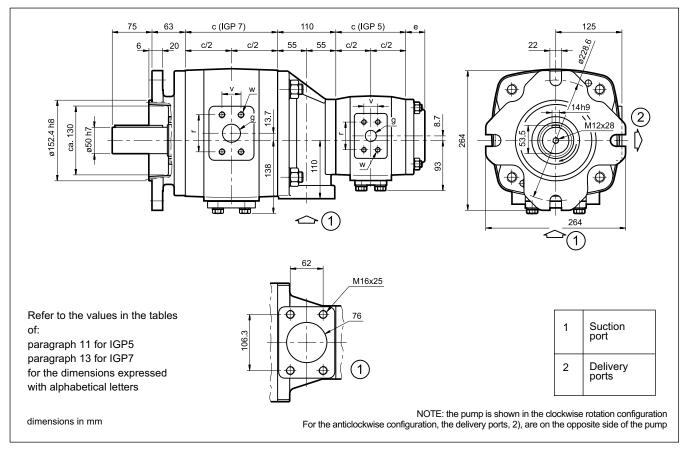
12 100/110 ED 15/20



#### 22 - IGP66 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



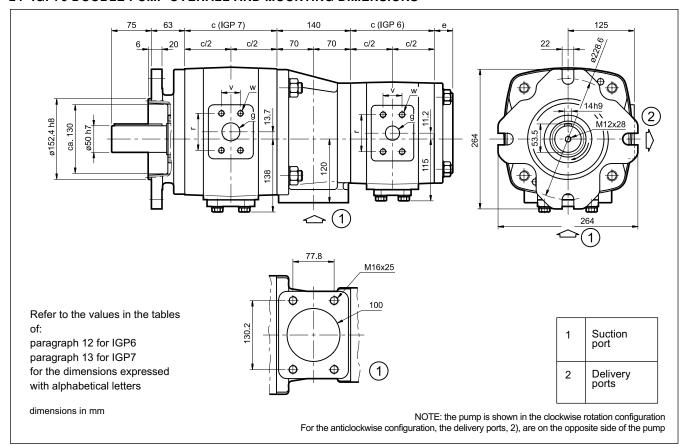
#### 23 - IGP75 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



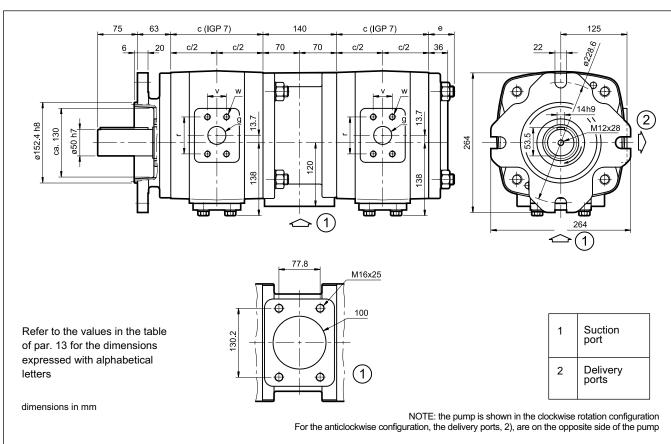
12 100/110 ED 16/20



#### 24- IGP76 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 25- IGP77 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



12 100/110 ED 17/20





#### **26 - INSTALLATION**

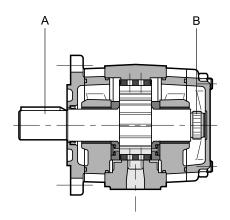
- The IGP pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Prior to putting the pump into operation, check that the rotation direction of the motor is according to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump body.
- The suction line must be sized so that the speed of the fluid does not exceed 1 m/s (1,5 m/s with positive pressure at the pump inlet).
  - The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
  - Any bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct working of the pump.
  - The height of suction from the bottom of the tank must not be less than 50 mm.
- The IGP pumps are self-priming in the entire operating speed range specified. At the first start-up of the pump, it is necessary to vent the air from the delivery line.
  - If a check valve with cracking pressure of >1 bar is installed on the delivery line, it is necessary to vent the air from the circuit branch between the check valve and the pump at the time of start-up.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling.
  - Consult our technical dept. for installations that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft.
  - The coupling must be mounted without axially forcing the pump shaft. Be sure that the joint coupling diameter be made with a K7 tolerance.
- Refer to paragraph 2.3 for the characteristics and installation of the filtering elements.

12 100/110 ED 18/20





#### 27 - MAXIMUM APPLICABLE TORQUE



PUMP SIZE	MAX. TORQUE APP PRIMARY SHAFT <b>A</b>	LIED TO THE SHAFT [Nm] SECONDARY SHAFT <b>B</b>
IGP3	160	80
IGP4	335	190
IGP5	605	400
IGP6	1050	780
IGP7	1960	1200

NOTE: The pumps must be connected in order of decreasing displacement and size.

#### 27.1 - Maximum applicable torque for double pumps

In the case of double pumps, even of the same displacement, each pump can operate at the maximum performances specified in par. 3.

#### 27.2 - Maximum applicable torque for multiple pumps

The torque (M) at the inlet of each pump is given from the following equation:

$$M = \frac{9549 \cdot N}{p} = [Nm]$$

where the absorbed power (N) is given from:

$$N = \underline{Q \cdot \Delta p} = [kW]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm]
Q = delivery [l/min]

 $\Delta p$  = differential pressure on the pump [bar]

 $_{\eta \ tot}$  = total efficiency (noted from the relative diagrams in par. 4-5-6-7-8)

or is calculated from the ABSORBED POWER diagrams (see par. 4-5-6-7-8).

In the case of multiple pumps, the torque of the single pump must be added to the torque generated by the downstream pumps.

The torque value thus calculated for each pump must be less than the relative value specified in the above table, taking the following into consideration:

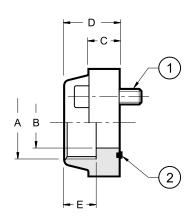
1st pump = refer to the specified values for primary shaft A

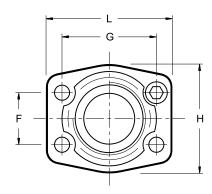
2nd, 3rd, 4th pump = refer to the specified values for secondary shaft B

In the event the calculated torque values are greater than the values shown in the table, it is necessary to reduce the operating pressure or substitute the overloaded pump with one that can support the required torque.

12 100/110 ED 19/20

#### 28 - SAE J518 c code 61 CONNECTION FLANGES





dimensions in mm

Flange code	Flange description	pmax [bar]	ØA	ØB	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	L	1 4 bolts	2
0610718	SAE - 1/2"	345	1/2" BSP	13	16	36	19	17,5	38,1	46	54	M8 x 30	OR 4075
0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65		OR 4100
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70	M10 x 35	OR 4131
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79		OR 4150
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	M12 x 45	OR 4187
0610725	SAE - 1 1/2"	345	1 1/2" BSP	38	36	50	25	36	70	80	95	M12 x 55 12K	OR 4187
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	M40 × 45	OR 4225
0610722	SAE - 2 1/2"	172	2 1/2" BSP	63	25	50	30	50,8	89	105	116	M12 x 45	OR 4275
0610723	SAE - 3"	138	3" BSP	73	27	50	34	62	106,4	124	134	MACHEO	OR 4437
0610726	SAE - 4"	34	4" BSP	99	27	48	34	77,8	130,2	146	162	M16 x 50	OR 4437

The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.



DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.

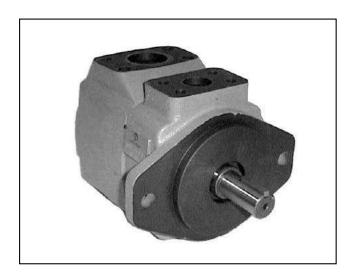
20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

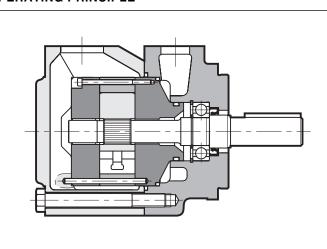
 $www.duplomatic.com \bullet e\text{-mail: } sales.exp@duplomatic.com$ 





## DFP FIXED DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS SERIES 20

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



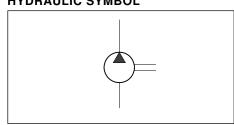
- The DFP pumps are fixed displacement vane pumps made in four different sizes, each size having five different nominal displacement. They are available with one pumping element (single pump) or with double pumping element (double pump). See par. 15 ÷ 20 for the combinations of double pumps.
- —The pumping group is composed of a cartridge type compact element that contains the rotor, the vanes, the cam ring and the head disks. The cartridge is easily removable without the need to disconnect the pump from the hydraulic circuit, thus simplifying the maintenance operations.
- The special elliptical profile of the cam ring, with double suction and delivery chambers one against the other, eliminates the radial thrusts on the rotor, decisively reducing wear of the pump. In addition, the use of a 12-vane rotor reduces the delivery pressure pulsations, suppressing the vibrations and noise level of the pump.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

DFP PUMP SIZE		1	2	3	4			
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	18 ÷ 45,9	40,1 ÷ 67,5	69 ÷ 121,6	138,6 ÷ 193,4			
Flow rate range (at 1.500 rpm)	l/min.	26,1 ÷ 69,6	58,8 ÷ 99,8	101,4 ÷ 177,3	203,4 ÷ 285			
Operating pressures		see table 3 - performances						
Rotation speed		see table 3 - performances						
Rotation direction		clockwise or anticlockwise (seen from the shaft side)						
Loads on the shaft			axial loads are	e not allowed				
Hydraulic connection		flange fittings SAE J518 (see par. 22)						
Type of fastening		flanged SAE						
Mass (single pump)	kg	12	15	23	34			

Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50		
Fluid temperature range (see par. 4)	°C —10 / +70			
Fluid viscosity range	see par. 4.2			
Recommended true viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 50		
Degree of fluid contamination	se	e par. 4.3		

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**

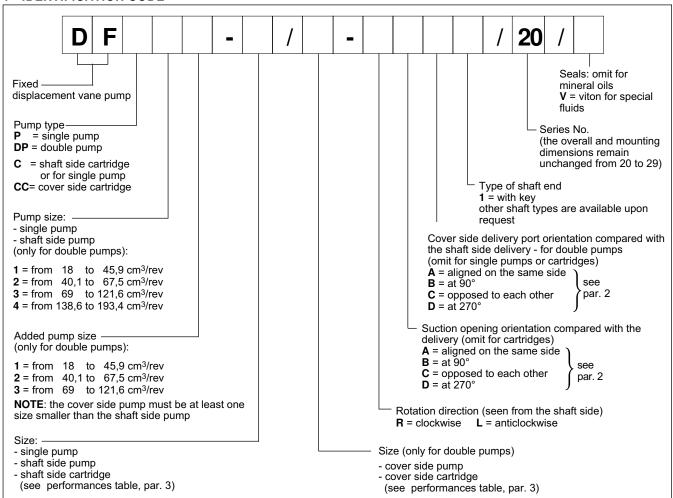


13 100/112 ED 1/12

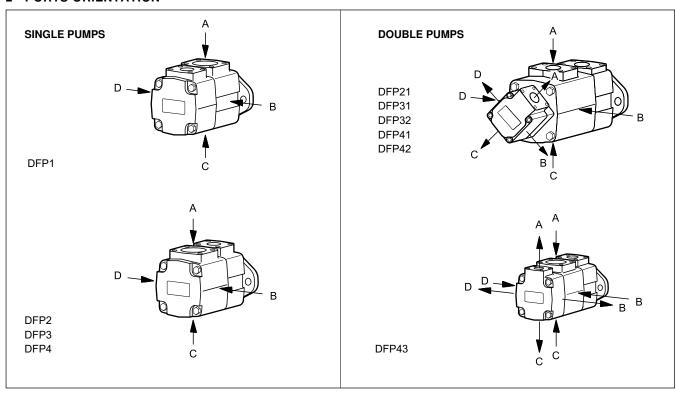


## DFP SERIES 20

#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - PORTS ORIENTATION



13 100/112 ED 2/12





#### **3 - PERFORMANCES** (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL DIMENSION	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX. OPERATING PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX. ROTATION SPEED [rpm] (see par. 5)	MIN. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	
	05	18	26,1				
	08	27,4	39,4	210			
DFP1	11	36,4	52,6		2700	600	
	12	39,5	58,7	160			
	14	45,9	69,6	140			
	12	40,1	58,8				
	14	45,4	65,7				
DFP2	17	55,2	80,2	210	2500	600	
	19	60,1	88,7				
	21	67,5	99,8				
	21	69	101,4				
	25	81,6	120,1			600	
DFP3	30	97,7	141,2	210	2400		
	35	112,7	167,2				
	38	121,6	177,3				
	42	138,6	203,4				
	47	153,5	222,7				
DFP4	50	162,2	234	175	2200	600	
	57	183,4	267				
	60	193,4	285				

#### 4 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 4.1 Fluid type

TYPE	MAXIN	/IUM PF	RESSUF	RE (bar)	MAXIM	UM SPE	ED (rpm	)	MAXIMUM FLUID
OF FLUID	DFP1	DFP2	DFP3	DFP4	DFP1	DFP2	DFP3	DFP4	TEMPERATURE [°C]
HFD PHOSPHATE ESTERS	175	175	175	175	1200	1200	1200	1200	≤ 70
HFC WATER GLYCOL	140	140	140	140	1500	1500	1500	1500	≤ 50

#### 4.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 16 cSt referred to the maximum temperature of 80 °C of the fluid optimum viscosity 25 ÷ 50 cSt referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank maximum viscosity 800 cSt limited to only the pump start-up phase

When choosing the fluid type, verify that the true viscosity at the operating temperature is within the above range.

#### 4.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in the note 1, at paragraph 3. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

13 100/112 ED 3/12

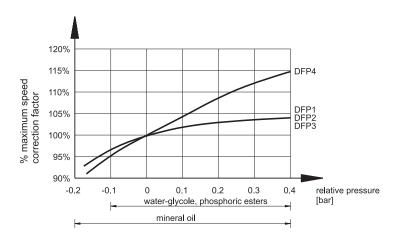
NOTE 1: The maximum suction pressure allowed, with all fluid types, is 1,4 bar. The minimum suction pressure varies from -0,2 bar with mineral oil to -0,1 bar with the other fluid types (the pressure values are to be considered relative).

The pressures, the maximum allowed speeds and the recommended temperatures according to the different types of hydraulic fluids used are shown in the table.





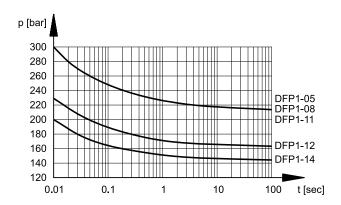
#### 5 - MAXIMUM SPEED CORRECTION FACTOR

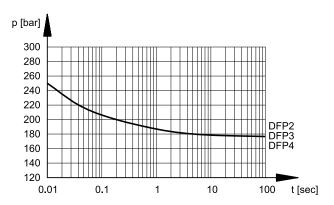


If the pressure in the suction line is different than zero, the maximum rotation speed shown in table 3 must be multiplied by the correction factor obtained from the diagram seen on the left.

#### 6 - PRESSURE PEAK (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C, delivery pressure 140 bar and suction pressure 0 bar)

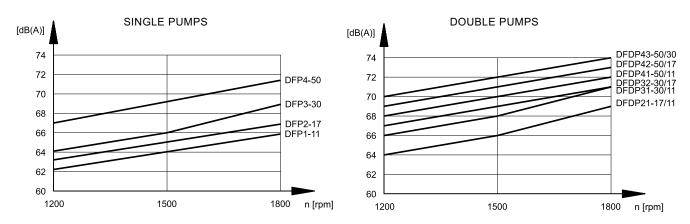
The maximum allowed over pressure on the pump delivery according to the pressure peak residency time is shown in the diagrams. The curves are valid for both single pumps and double pumps.





7- NOISE LEVEL (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C, delivery pressure 140 bar and suction pressure 0 bar)

The diagram curves were measured in a semi-anechoic room according to ISO 4412/1 at a distance of 1 m from the pump. The values refer to the intermediate size pump.



13 100/112 ED 4/12

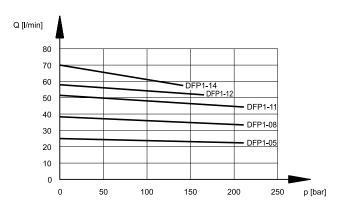


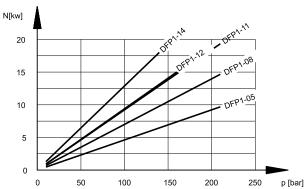


#### 8 - DFP1 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

## FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

## ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

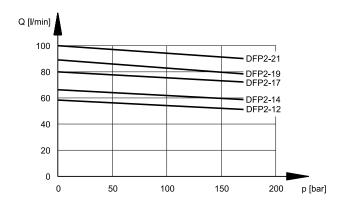


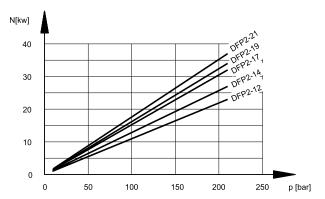


#### 8 - DFP2 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

## FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

## ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)





13 100/112 ED 5/12



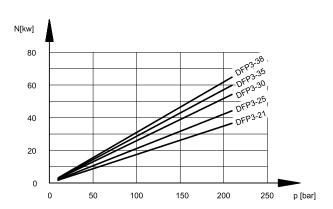


#### 9 - DFP3 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

## FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

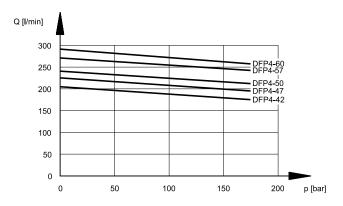
#### Q [l/min] 200 DFP3-38 150 DFP3-35 DFP3-30 DFP3-25 100 DFP3-21 50 0 0 50 100 150 200 p [bar]

## ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

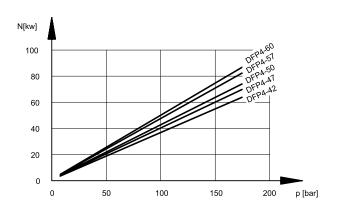


#### 10 - DFP4 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

## FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)



## ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

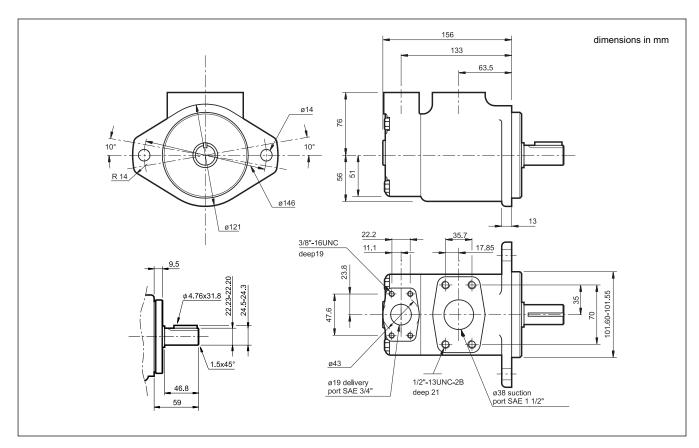


13 100/112 ED 6/12

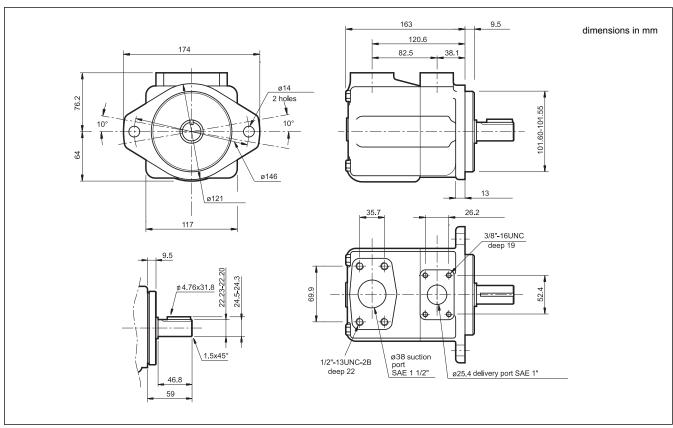




#### 11 - DFP1 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 12 - DFP2 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

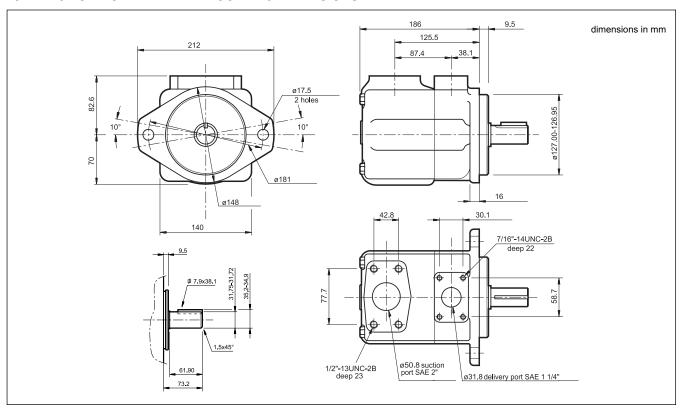


13 100/112 ED 7/12

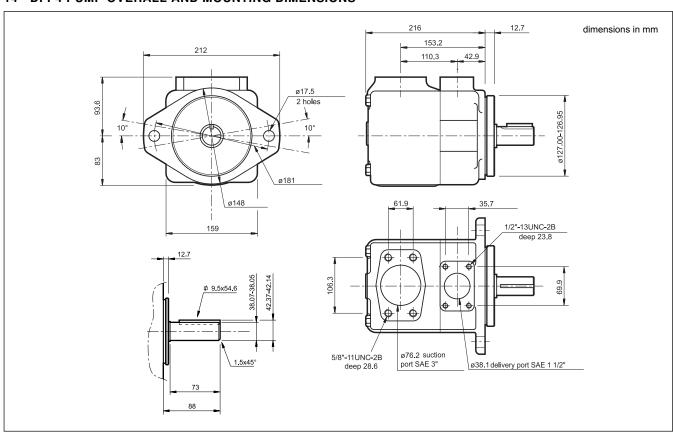


## DFP SERIES 20

#### 13 - DFP3 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 14 - DFP4 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

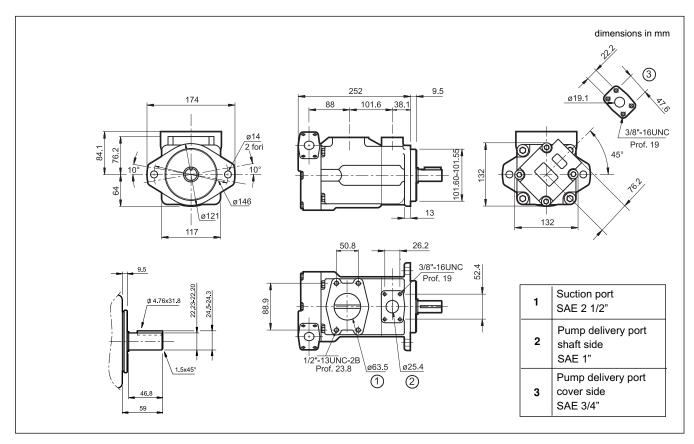


13 100/112 ED **8/12** 

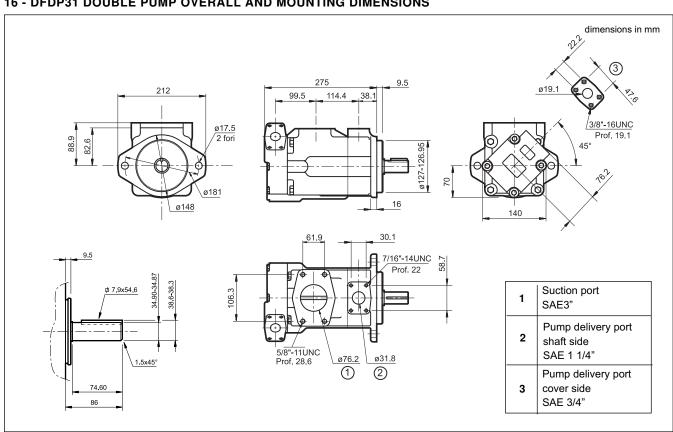




#### 15 - DFDP21 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 16 - DFDP31 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

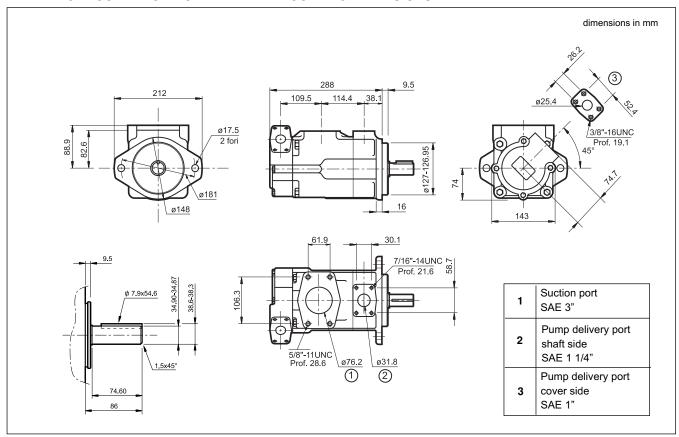


13 100/112 ED 9/12

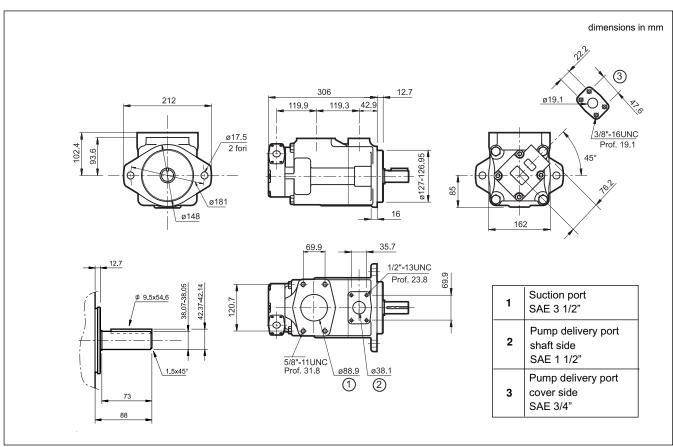


### DFP SERIES 20

#### 17 - DFDP32 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 18 - DFDP41 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

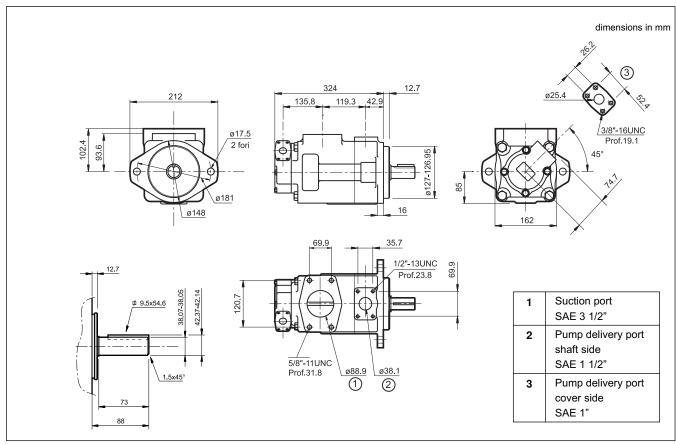


13 100/112 ED 10/12

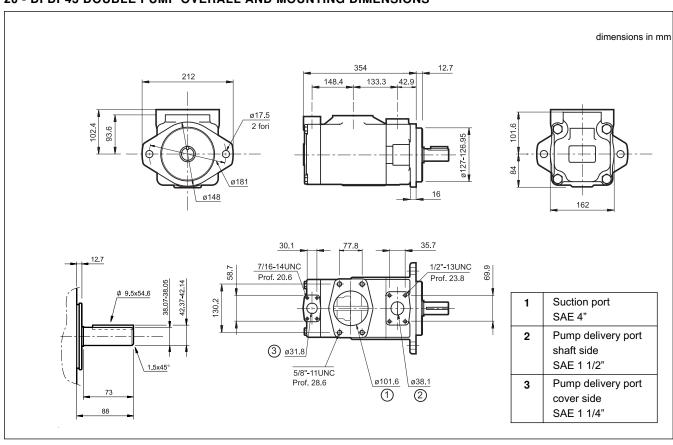




#### 19 - DFDP42 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 20 - DFDP43 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



13 100/112 ED 11/12

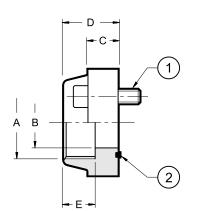


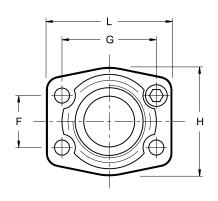


#### 21 - INSTALLATION

- The DFP pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Check that the rotation direction of the motor is according to the rotation direction of the pump before start up.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facilitate the flow of oil.
   Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct functioning of the pump.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank.
  Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The motor-pump coupling must be made directly with a flexible coupling.
   Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.
- Refer to paragraph 4.3 for the characteristics and installation of the filtering elements.

#### 22 - SAE J518 CONNECTION FLANGES





dimensions in mm

Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	С	D	E	F	G	н	L	1 N. 4 SHC bolts	Bolts code	2
0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65	3/8" UNC	0530612	OR 4100
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70	x 1 1/2"		OR 4131
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79	7/16" UNC x 1 1/2"	0530613	OR 4150
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	93		0530638	OR 4187
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	1/2" UNC x 1 3/4"		OR 4225
0610722	SAE - 2 1/2"	172	2 1/2" BSP	63	25	50	30	50,8	89	105	116			OR 4175
0610723	SAE - 3"	138	3" BSP	73	27	50	34	62	106,4	116	134			OR 4337
0610724	SAE - 3 1/2"	34	3 1/2" BSP	89	27	48	34	69,8	120,7	136	152	5/8" UNC x 2"	0530658	OR 4387
0773528	SAE - 4"	34	4" BSP	99	27	48	34	77,77	130,18	146	162			OR 4437

The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.



**DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.** 

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24 Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

Fax +39 0331.895.339

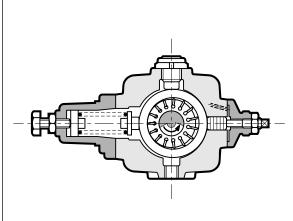
 $www.duplomatic.com \bullet e\text{-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com}$ 





#### **VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS WITH DIRECT** PRESSURE ADJUSTER

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



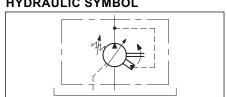
- The PVD pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with a mechanical type of pressure compensator.
- They allow instantaneous adjustment of the flow rate according to the circuit requirements. The consequence is that energy consumption is reduced and adequate in every phase of the cycle.
- The pump group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the
- The pressure compensator keeps the cam ring of the pumping group in the eccentric position with use of an adjustable load spring. When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the spring setting, the cam ring is moved toward the center, adjusting the flow rate to the values required by the plant.
- In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings and pilotings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.
- The compensator response times are very low such as to allow elimination of the pressure relief valve.

#### PERFORMANCE RATINGS (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PVD sizes		25	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Geometric displacement (UNI ISO 3662)	Geometric displacement (UNI ISO 3662) cm³/rev		20	25	31,5	40	50	63	80	100
Actual displacement	cm³/rev	17,9	22,1	26,9	34,5	42,8	53,1	69	86,2	105,5
Maximum flow at 1450 rpm and p = 80 bar	l/min	25	29	36,2	45,6	58	72,5	91,3	116	145
Max working pressure		120	10	00		100		80		
Pressure adjustment range	bar	20 ÷ 120	÷ 120 30 ÷ 100 30 ÷ 100				30 ÷ 80			
Maximum drain port pressure allowed	bar	1								
Rotation speed range	rpm				80	0 ÷ 1800				
Rotation direction			(	clockwise	(seen fr	om the o	utlet sha	ft side)		
Shaft loads				radial a	and axial	loads are	e not allo	wed		
Max applicable torque on shaft: version H		110 197		97	400		740			
version K		70					-			
Mass	kg	7,3	7,3 12 32				44			

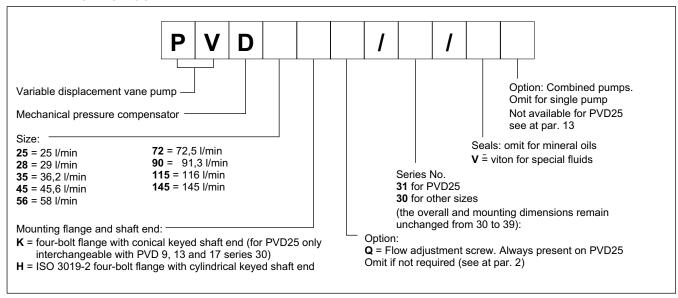
Ambient temperature range	-20 / +50				
Fluid temperature range	°C -10 / +50				
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 3.2				
Recommended viscosity	cSt	22 ÷ 68			
Degree of fluid contamination		see paragraph 3.3			

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**



14 100/114 ED 1/10

#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - VOLUME ADJUSTMENT SCREW - PVD\*Q

The volume adjuster is fitted as standard on PVD25 pumps, while is optional on the other sizes .It consists of an adjustment screw and a small balanced piston that limit the maximum eccentricity of the pumping group cam ring, changing the displacement. The maximum flow is reduced by turning the adjustment screw clockwise.

Size		25	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Reduced displacement for screw turn	cm <sup>3</sup>	9,7	9,7	9,7	16,4	16,4	16,4	23,8	23,8	23,8
MIN displacement	cm³/rev	3,1	7,6	11,7	1,6	9,9	20,9	9,7	26,9	45,5

Tools required for adjustment:

PVD 25: adjustment screw hexagon socket key 5. Locking nut spanner 17.

PVD 28 to 145: square head screw, spanner 7, tooth retainer KM1 type, to loosen with hook wrench.

#### 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 3.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives. For use of other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for approval.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES						
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40%)	-The values shown in the performance ratings table must be reduced by at least 50% - The pump rotation speed must be limited to 1000 rpm Use NBR seals only						
HFD (phosphate esters)	There are no particular limitations with this kinds of fluids. Operation with a fluid viscosity as close as possible to the optimum viscosity range specified in par. 3.2 is recommended.  - Use FPM (Viton) seals only						

#### 3.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 16 cSt referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 50 °C optimum viscosity 22 ÷ 68 cSt referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 3.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance

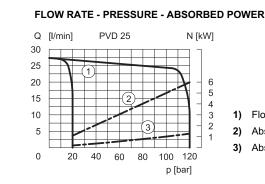
14 100/114 ED **2/10** 



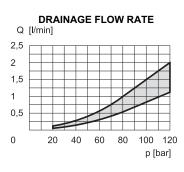
of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

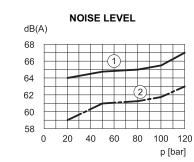
If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 12. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

#### 4 - PVD25 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)



- 1) Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1500 rpm
- 2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- 3) Absorbed power at zero flow rate

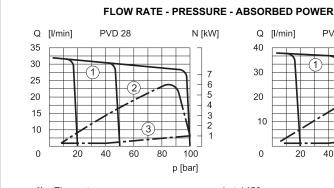


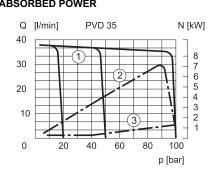


Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

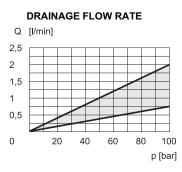
- 1) noise at max flow
- 2) noise with zero flow

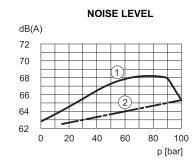
#### 5 - PVD28, PVD35 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)





- 1) Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- 2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- 3) Absorbed power at zero flow rate





Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

- 1) noise at max flow
- 2) noise with zero flow

14 100/114 ED 3/10

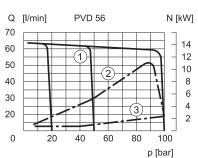
20

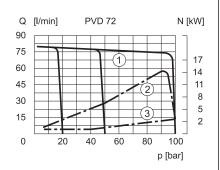
10

0

#### 6 - PVD45, PVD56 and PVD72 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER PVD 45 N [kW] Q [l/min] 60 70 (1)50 60 12 40 50 10 30 40 8





1) Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm

80

100

p [bar]

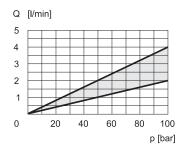
Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate

60

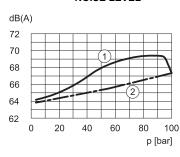
Absorbed power at zero flow rate

40

#### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



#### **NOISE LEVEL**

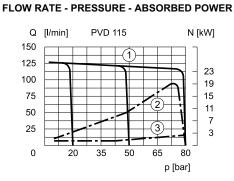


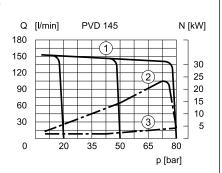
Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

- noise at max flow
- noise with zero flow

#### 7 - PVD90, PVD115 and PVD145 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

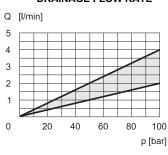
#### **PVD** 90 N [kW] Q [l/min] 120 100 18 80 15 60 12 40 20 0 35 50 65 80 p [bar]



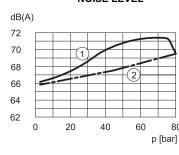


- 1) Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- Absorbed power at zero flow rate

#### **DRAINAGE FLOW RATE**



#### **NOISE LEVEL**

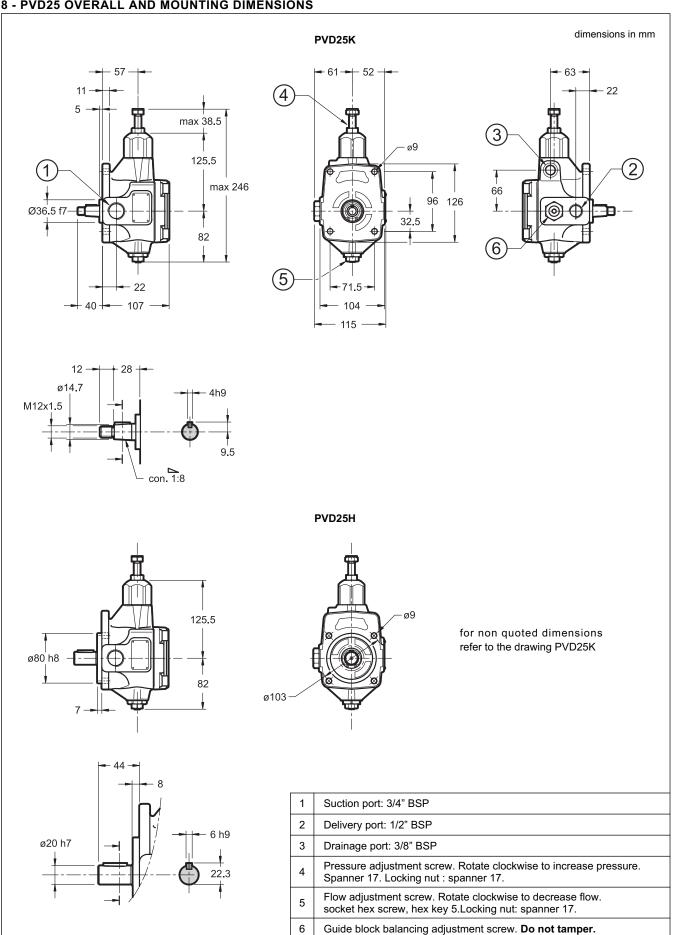


Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

- noise at max flow
- noise with zero flow

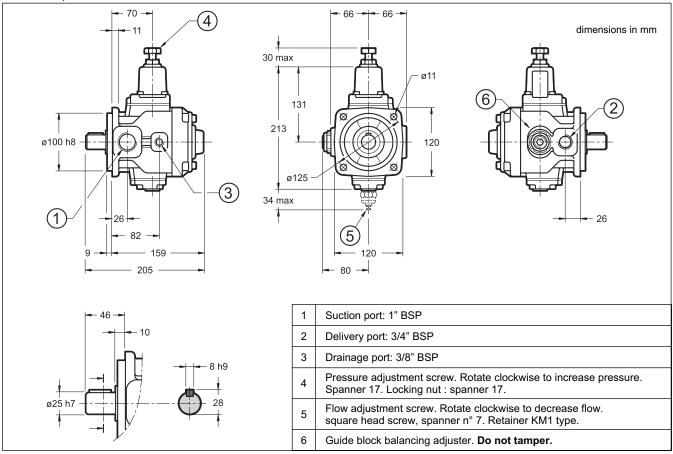
14 100/114 ED 4/10

#### 8 - PVD25 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

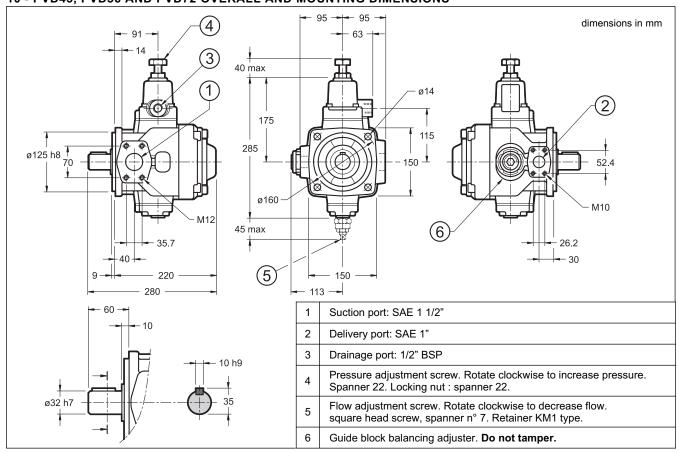


14 100/114 ED 5/10

#### 9 - PVD28, PVD35 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

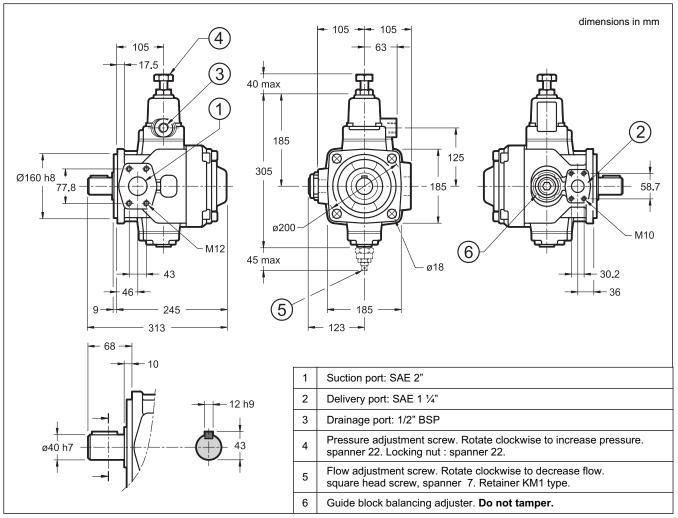


#### 10 - PVD45, PVD56 AND PVD72 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



14 100/114 ED 6/10

#### 11 - PVD90, PVD115 AND PVD145 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 12 - INSTALLATION

- The instruction manual for the installation and commissioning of the pumps is always included in the packaging with the pump.
   Observe restrictions in this document and follow the instructions.
- The PVD pumps up to size 35 can be installed with the axis oriented in any position. For other sizes the pump must be installed with the axis in horizontal position and with the pressure compensator upward.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.
- The suction line must be short, with end pipe cut at 45 ° and suitably sized: the minimum cross-section of the tube should reflect that of the thread on the inlet port of the pump to facilitate the oil flow. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct operation of the pump.
  - Suction pressure should be between 0.8 and 1.5 bar absolute

- The drainage pipe must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located as far as possible from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level in order to avoid foaming.
- The tank must be suitably sized in order to allow the cooling of the fluid. It should be good that the fluid in the tank do not exceed 50°C. If necessary, consider the installation of a heat exchanger on the drain line.
- The pump start up must be done in full displacement (P→T) with flow to the tank, to purge the air.
- It's essential that the difference between the fluid temperature and the ambient (pump body) temperature doesn't exceed 20°C
- The pumps are usually placed directly upon the oil tank. Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is recommended in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.

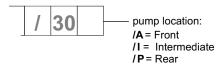
14 100/114 ED 7/10

#### 13 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The PVD pumps from size 28 and up are designed to be connected one to the other in decreasing order of displacement. They can be combined also with PVA type pumps (see catalogue 14 200) and with GP1 and GP2 size gear pumps (see catalogue 11 100). The torque on the shaft must be further reduced after the second pump. Consult our technical department for this type of applications.

#### **IDENTIFICATION CODE FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS**

Fill the ordering code, following the coupling sequence of the pumps. Insert the suffix that shows the pump position at the end of each PVD pump identification code.

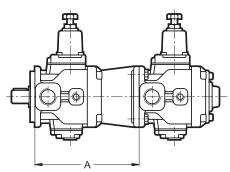


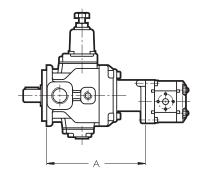
identification code 1st pump identification code 2 nd pump

identification code 3<sup>rd</sup> pump (omit for single pumps)

Double pump identification example: PVD35HQ/30/V/A + PVD28H/30/V/P
Triple pump identification example: PVD90H/30/A + PVD35HQ/30/I + PVD28H/30/P
PVD pump + GP pump identification example: PVD35HQ/30/A + GP1-0061R97F/20N

NOTE: for the single pump identification codes see: cat. 11 100 par. 1 for GP pumps - cat. 14 200 par. 1 for PVA pumps



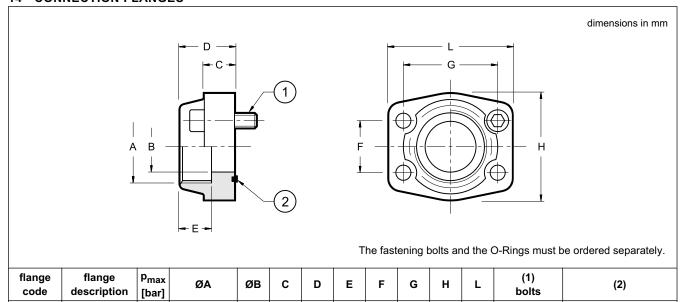


Max. torque applied to the shaft of the second pump (Nm)									
size group Primary pump	Second pump (same size group)	Second pump (smaller size group)							
PVD 28/35	43	-							
PVD 45/56/72	113	113							
PVD 90/115/145	186	113							

dimension A (mm)						
with PVD pump (same size group)	With gear pum	o type:				
207	GP1 and GP2	196				
275	GP1 and GP2	262				
315	GP1 and GP2	287				

14 100/114 ED **8/10** 

#### **14 - CONNECTION FLANGES**



flange code	flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØВ	С	D	E	F	G	Н	L	(1) bolts	(2)
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26.2	52.4	22	70	N. 4	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30.2	58.7	68	79	SHC M10x35	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	44	24	35.7	70	78	93	N. 4	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77.8	90	102	SHC M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)

14 100/114 ED 9/10

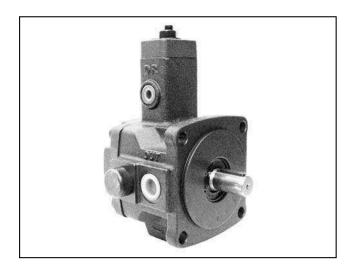




DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.
20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24
Tel. +39 0331.895.111
Fax +39 0331.895.339

www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com



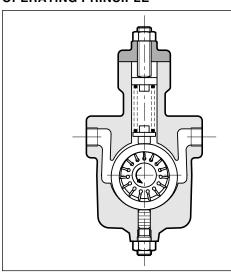


## **PVE**

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS WITH DIRECT PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

**SERIES 30** 

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



- The PVE pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with direct pressure regulator.
- The pump group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the components.
- The pressure regulator adjustable load spring keeps the pump group cam ring in eccentric position.

When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the spring setting, the cam ring is moved so to reduce the displacement, adjusting the flow rate to the values required by the plant.

In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.

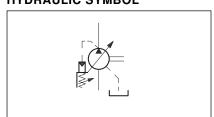
 The PVE pumps are available in four dimensions with maximum displacement from 6,6 to 22,2 cm³/rev and with pressure regulator max setting values up to 35 bar and 70 bar (standard).

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PUMP SIZE		006	011	016	023			
Displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	6,6 11,1 16,6 2						
Flow rate (at 1.500 rpm and with 3.5 bar delivery pressure)	l/min	10,0	33,3					
Operating pressure	bar	70						
Rotation speed	rpm	min 800 - max 1800						
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the shaft side)						
Shaft loads	N	radial and axial loads are not allowed						
Hydraulic connection		BSPP (parallel) threading fittings						
Type of mounting		SAE flange J744 - 2 holes rectangular flange - 4 holes						
Mass	kg	5	6	9	9			

Ambient temperature range	°C -20 / +50			
Fluid temperature range	°C -10 / +70			
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2			
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3			
Recommended viscosity	cSt 25 ÷ 50			

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**

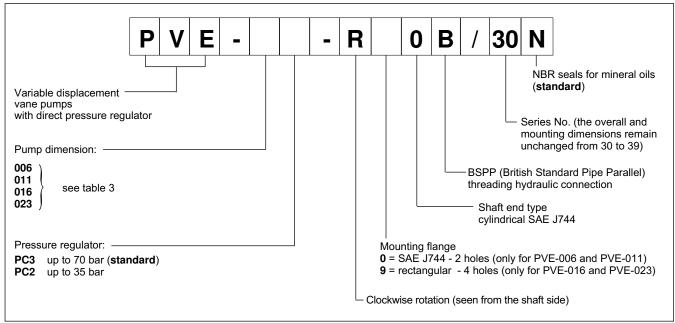


14 110/211 ED 1/8





#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use only HL and HLP mineral oil based hydraulic fluids according to ISO 6743/4.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 16 cSt referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 70 °C.

optimum viscosity 25 ÷ 50 cSt referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank. maximum viscosity 800 cSt limited to only the start-up phase of the pump.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

The filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

#### ${\bf 3}$ - PERFORMANCES $\,$ (obtained with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

PUMP	REGULATOR	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX FLOW RATE [l/min]		ADJUSTME	SURE ENT RANGE ar]	ROTATION SPEED [rpm]		
	150		1500 rev 1800 rev		min	max	min	max	
PVE-006	PC2	6,6	10	12	15	35	000	4000	
PVE-006	PC3	0,0	10	12	50	70			
PVE-011	PC2	44.4	40.7	20	15	35			
	PC3	11,1	16,7		50	70			
DVE 046	PC2	40.0	05	20	15	35	800	1800	
PVE-016	PC3	16,6	25	30	50	70			
DVE 000	PC2	22.2	22.2	40	15	35			
PVE-023	PC3	22,2	33,3	40	50	70			

**NOTE**: Flow rate values are obtained with delivery pressure = 3.5 bar

14 110/211 ED 2/8



#### 4 - NOISE LEVEL

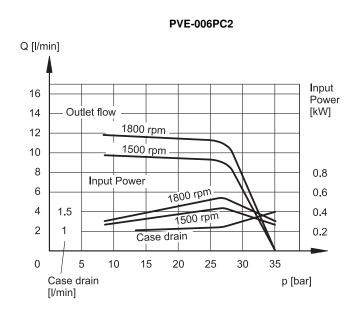
PUMP	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)] null displacement full displaceme						
PVE-006	61	63					
PVE-011	62	65					
PVE-016	64	68					
PVE-023	64	70					

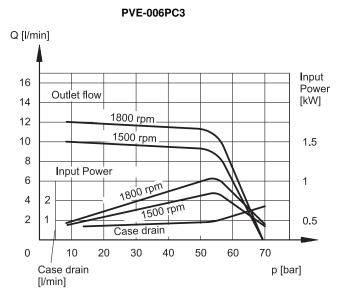
The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

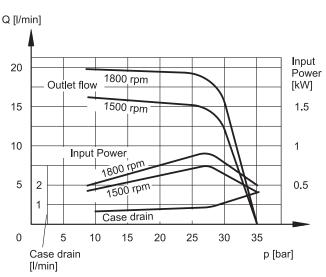
#### 5 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 and 1800 rev/min.

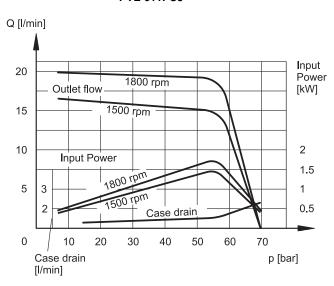




#### PVE-011PC2



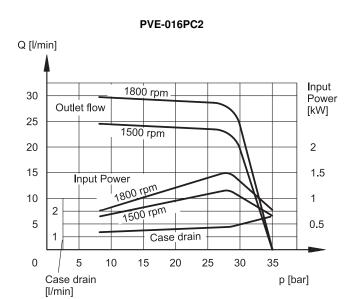
#### PVE-011PC3

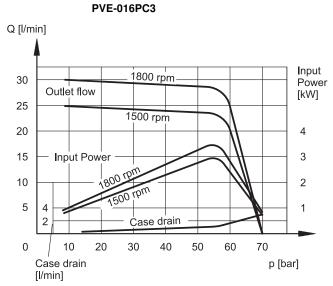


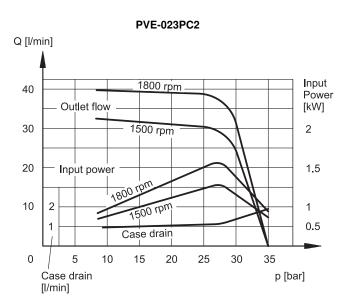
14 110/211 ED 3/8

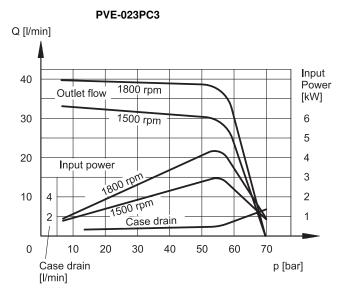


### PVE SERIES 30





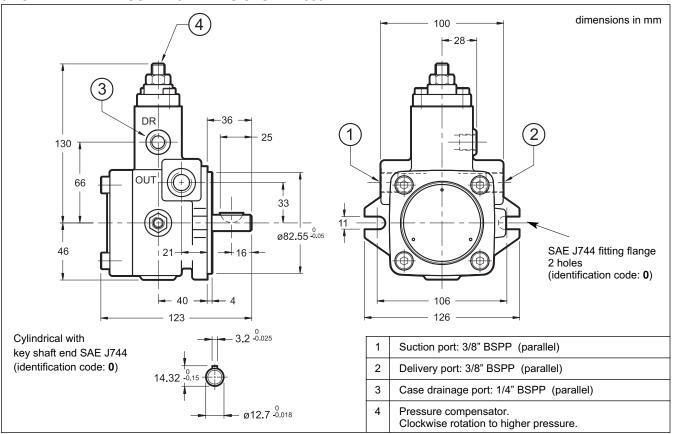




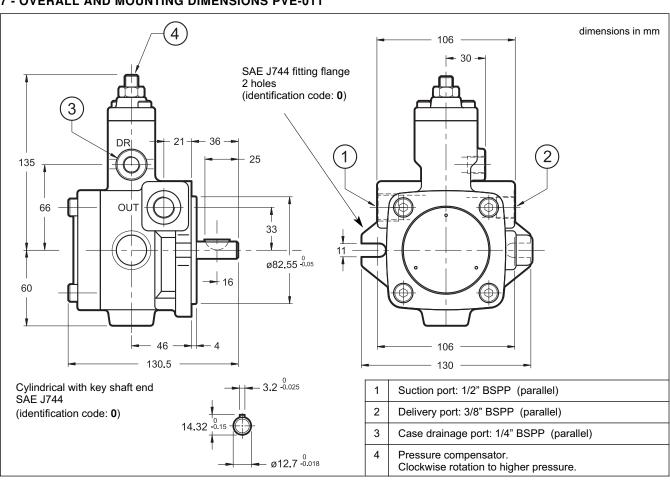
14 110/211 ED 4/8



#### 6 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-006



#### 7 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-011

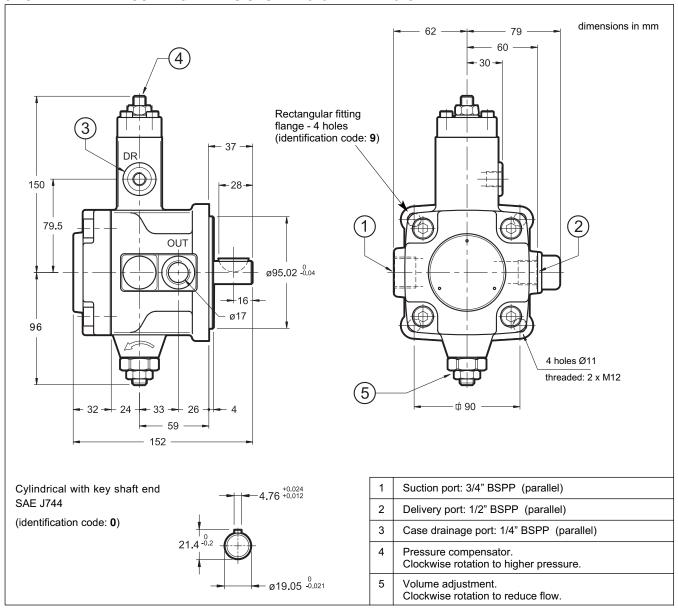


14 110/211 ED 5/8





#### 8 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-016 AND PVE-023



#### 9 - INSTALLATION

- The PVE pumps can be installed with the axis oriented in any position.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.3 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage port must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located far from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level so as to avoid formation of foam.
- **Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.** The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading. Start and stop motor several time in order to purge the air from pump and pipelines.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank. Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 0.3 bars (relative), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The drainage tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area. We suggest to interpose a screen between the two lines.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

14 110/211 ED 6/8





#### 10 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

PVE-016 and PVE-023 pumps can be connected to external gear pumps (see available displacements in the table at par. 10.3). The possibility to couple two pumps makes possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits.

#### 10.1 - Maximum applicable torque

While sizing coupled pumps, consider that the shaft of the front pump must bear the torque generated by both pumps when they are loaded simoultaneusly.

#### NOTE: The maximum applicable torque at the shaft of the front pump is 62 Nm.

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

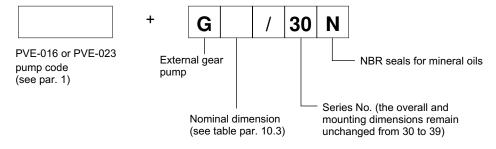
$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [Nm] \qquad n = \text{rotation speed [rpm]}$$

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{tot}} = \text{[kW]} \qquad \qquad Q = \text{flow rate [l/min]} \\ \Delta p = \text{differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]} \\ \eta_{tot} = \text{total efficiency (coefficient = 0.8)}$$

If the total of the obtained torques is higher than 62 Nm, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure / flow value of one or both the pumps until the total torque becomes lower than the maximum value indicated.

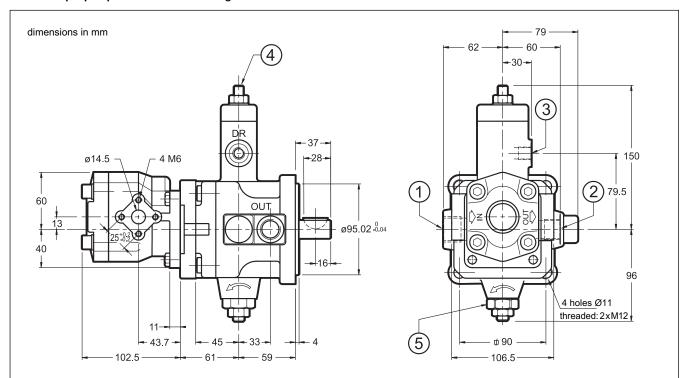
#### 10.2 - Multiple pumps identification code



14 110/211 ED 7/8

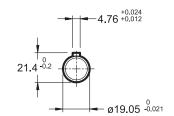


#### 10.3 - Multiple pumps overall and mounting dimensions



Cylindrical with key shaft end **SAE J744** 

(identification code: 0)



#### **AVAILABLE GEAR PUMPS**

Nominal dimension	Displacement [cm³/rev]	Max working pressure [bar]	Peak pressure [bar]	Min speed [rev/min]
0020	2			900
0025	2.5			850
0030	3			030
0040	4			
0050	5	210	250	
0060	6			
0075	7.5			800
0090	9			
0105	10.5			
0120	12	175	210	

Gear pump weight: 1.7 kg

1	Suction port: 3/4" BSPP (parallel)
2	Delivery port: 1/2" BSPP (parallel)
3	Case drainage port: 1/4" BSPP (parallel)
4	Pressure compensator. Clockwise rotation to higher pressure.
5	Volume adjustment. Clockwise rotation to reduce flow.



#### **DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.**

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111 Fax +39 0331.895.339

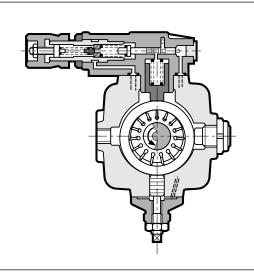
www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com





# PVA VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS SERIES 30

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

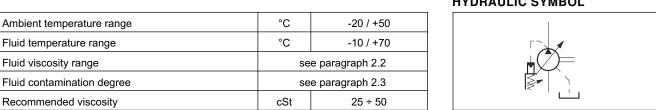


- The PVA pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with piloted type hydraulic pressure compensator.
- They permit instantaneous adjustment of the flow rate according to the circuit requirements. The consequence is that energy consumption is reduced and adequate in every cycle phase.
- The pumping group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the components.
- The pressure compensator operates with the principle of keeping the cam ring of the pumping group in the eccentric position with use of a piston controlled hydraulically by a pressure pilot stage.
- When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the pilot stage setting, the cam ring is moved toward the center adjusting the flow rate to the plant requirements.
- In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings and pilotings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.
- The compensator response times are very restrained and such as to allow elimination of the pressure relief valve.
- Also available are the versions with maximum flow adjustment PVA\*\*\*Q and with the device for selection of two independent pressure values with solenoid valve PVA\*\*\*M

#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		22	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	16	20	25	31,5	40	50	63	80	100
Nominal flow rate (at 1450 rpm)	l/min	23,2	29	36,2	45,6	58	72,5	91,3	116	145
Maximum operating range	bar			16	60				150	
Pressure adjustment range	bar	30 ÷ 160 30 ÷ 150							)	
Maximum pressure on drain port	bar	1								
Rotation speed range	rpm	800 ÷ 1800								
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the outlet shaft side)								
Loads on the shaft:		loads radial and axial not allowed								
Maximum applicable shaft torque	Nm	197 400 740								
Mass	kg		13 33 45						45	

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL

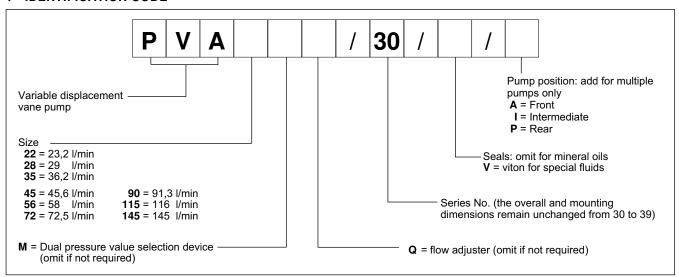


14 200/110 ED 1/8





#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives. For use of other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40 %)	<ul> <li>The values shown in the performance ratings table must be reduced by at least 50%.</li> <li>The pump rotation speed must be limited to 1000 rpm.</li> <li>The maximum fluid temperature must be less than 50°C.</li> </ul>
HFD (phosphate esters)	There are no particular limitations with respect to the values shown in the performance ratings table. Operation with a fluid viscosity as close as possible to the optimum viscosity range specified in par. 2.2 is recommended.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 16 cSt referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 70 °C

optimum viscosity  $25 \div 50 \text{ cSt}$  referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank maximum viscosity 800 cSt limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

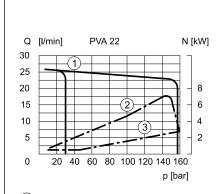
The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

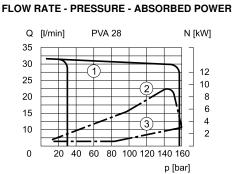
The filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

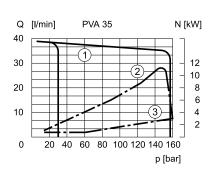
14 200/110 ED 2/8



#### 3 - PVA - 22/28/35 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

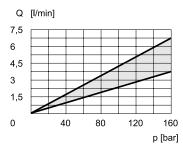






- 1 Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- (2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- (3) Absorbed power at the zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



#### **RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK**

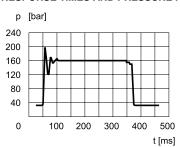
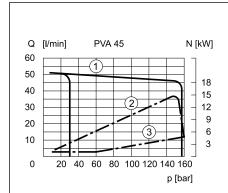
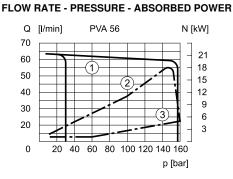
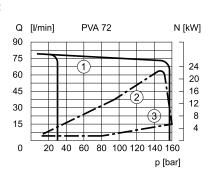


Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa

#### 4 - PVA - 45/56/72 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

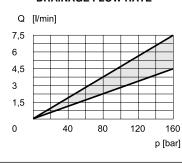






- 1 Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- (2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- (3) Absorbed power at the zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



### RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK

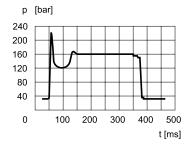


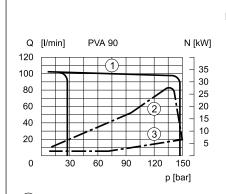
Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa

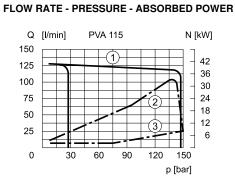
14 200/110 ED 3/8

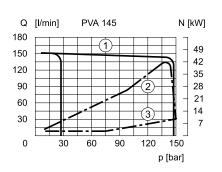




### 5 - PVA - 90/115/145 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

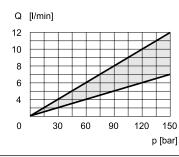






- 1 Flow rate pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- (2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- (3) Absorbed power at zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



#### RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK

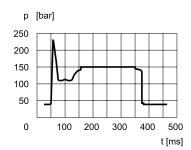
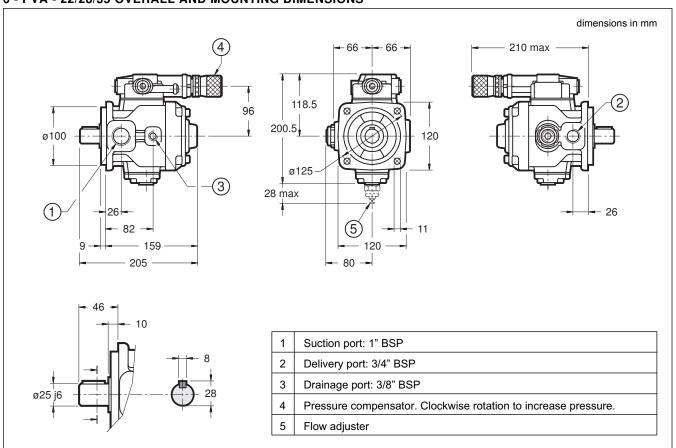


Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa

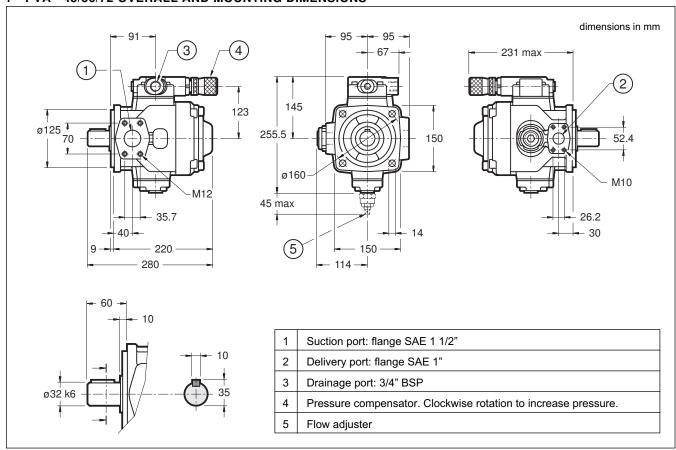
14 200/110 ED 4/8



#### 6 - PVA - 22/28/35 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 7 - PVA - 45/56/72 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

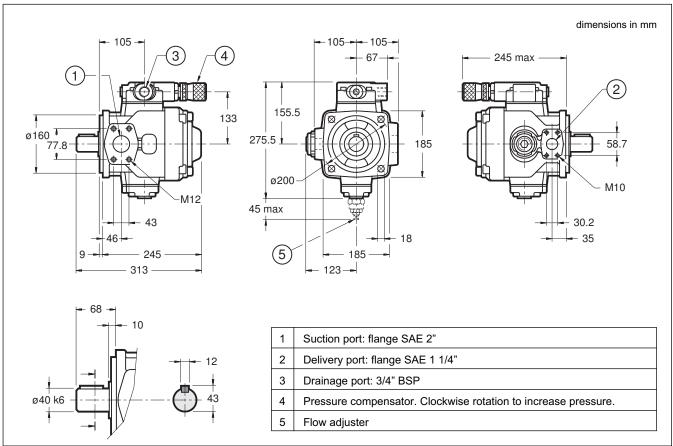


14 200/110 ED 5/8





#### 8 - PVA - 90/115/145 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



#### 9 - INSTALLATION

- The PVD pumps up to size 35 can be installed with the axis oriented in any position. For other sizes the pump must be installed with the axis in horizontal position.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of oil.
   Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct operation of the pump.
- The drainage port must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located far from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level so as to avoid formation of foam.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank.
   Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling.
   Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

#### 10 - PVA\*\*\*Q FLOW ADJUSTER

The flow adjustment group, supplied upon request, consists of an adjustment screw and a small balanced piston that limit the maximum eccentricity of the pumping group cam ring, changing the displacement.

The screw is supplied with square head, spanner 7, that allows assembly of an adjustment handwheel or the attachment for remote control.

The maximum flow is reduced by turning the adjustment screw clockwise.

14 200/110 ED 6/8





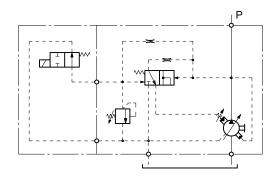
#### 11 - PVA\*\*M DUAL PRESSURE VALUE SELECTION DEVICE

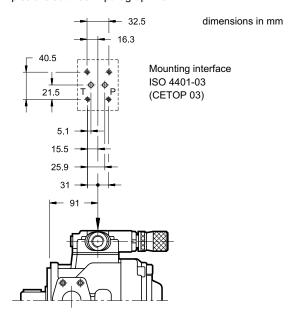
This version permits selection of two different set pump pressure values with a solenoid valve.

The main pressure compensator is equipped with a iISO 4401-03 (CETOP 03) mounting interface for mounting the control valve of the second pressure value and of the selection solenoid valve. **NOTE**: The valves are not included in the supply.

It is possible to make different pump set pressure control circuits and some examples are outlined in paragraph 13.

# DUAL PRESSURE VALUE PUMP OPERATING DIAGRAM





#### 12 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The PVA pumps are designed to be connected one to the other in descending order of displacement. They can be connected also with PVD type pumps (see catalogue 14 100) and with GP1 and GP2 size gear pumps (see catalogue 11 100).

The torque on the shaft must be further reduced after the second pump.

Consult our technical department for applications of this type.

### **IDENTIFICATION CODE FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS**

identification code + identification code + identification code

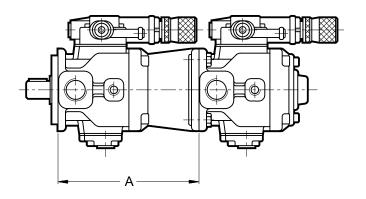
1st pump 2nd pump 3rd pump

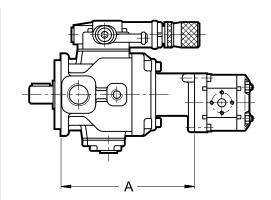
(omit for double pumps)

Double pump identification example: PVA 35 Q / 30 A + PVA 22 / 30/P Triple pump identification example: PVA 56 / 30 / A + PVA 35 Q / 30/I + PVD 22 H/30/P PVA pump + GP pump identification example: PVA35Q/30/A + GP1-0061R97F/20N

NOTE: for the identification codes of the single pumps see:

cat. 11 100 par. 1 for GP pumps cat. 14 100 par. 1 for PVD pumps cat. 14 200 par. 1 for PVA pumps





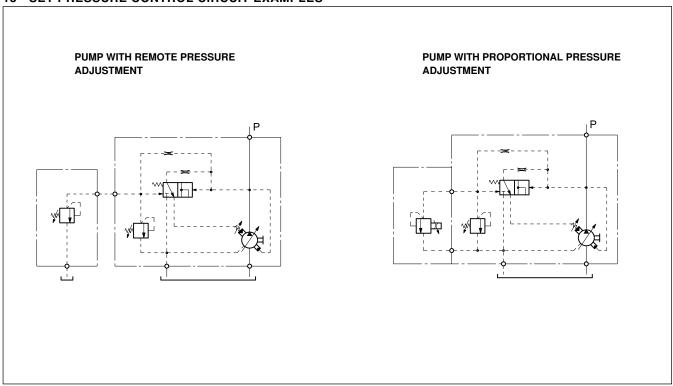
Max. torque ap	plied to the shaft of the sec		Dimension A (mm)			
Size Group First pump	Second pump (same size group)	Second pump (smaller size group)	With PVA pump With gear pur (same size group) type:			
PVA 22/28/35	43	-		207	GP1	203
PVA 45/56/72	113	113		275	GP1 and GP2	262
PVA 90/115/145	186	113		315	GP1 and GP2	287

14 200/110 ED **7/8** 

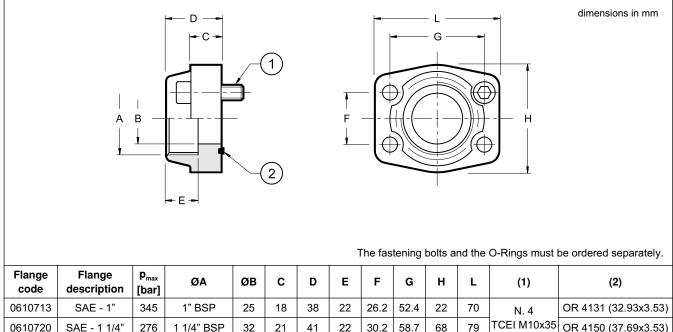




#### 13 - SET PRESSURE CONTROL CIRCUIT EXAMPLES



# **14 - CONNECTION FLANGES**



Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØВ	С	D	E	F	G	Н	L	(1)	(2)
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26.2	52.4	22	70	N. 4	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30.2	58.7	68	79	TCEI M10x35	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	44	24	35.7	70	78	93	N. 4	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77.8	90	102	TCEI M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)



### DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

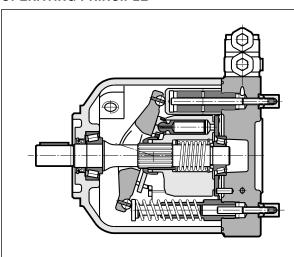
www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com





# VPPM VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



- The VPPM pumps are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits.
- They are available in three different frame sizes with maximum displacements up to 29, 46, 73 and 87cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- The pumps feature medium-high working pressures (up to 280 bar constant and 350 bar peak). Thanks to some particular design features, these pumps are able to bear high axial and radial loads on the shaft.
- They are usually supplied with a ISO 3019/2 mounting flange, with the exception of the rear and intermediate pumps, if multiple pumps, which are only available with a SAE J744 2-holes flange and a SAE J744 splined shaft (see paragraph 16).
- They are available with seven different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs (see paragraphs 8 ÷ 14).

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087	
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	29	46	73	087	
Max. delivery pressure (relative): - continuous - intermittent (NOTE 1) - peak	bar		280 315 350		250 280 315	
Maximum rotation speed at maximum displacement (NOTE 2)	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850	
Rotation direction		clockwi	se or anticlockwise	(looking at the driv	e shaft)	
Hydraulic connection		SAE flange fittings (see paragraph 24)				
Type of mounting (single pump)		ISO 3019/2 flange				
Mass (empty single pump)	kg	18	24	33	33	

Ambient temperature range	°C -15 / +70			
Fluid temperature range	°C -25 / +80			
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2			
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3			
Recommended viscosity	cSt	15 ÷ 35		

HYDRAULIC SYMBOL

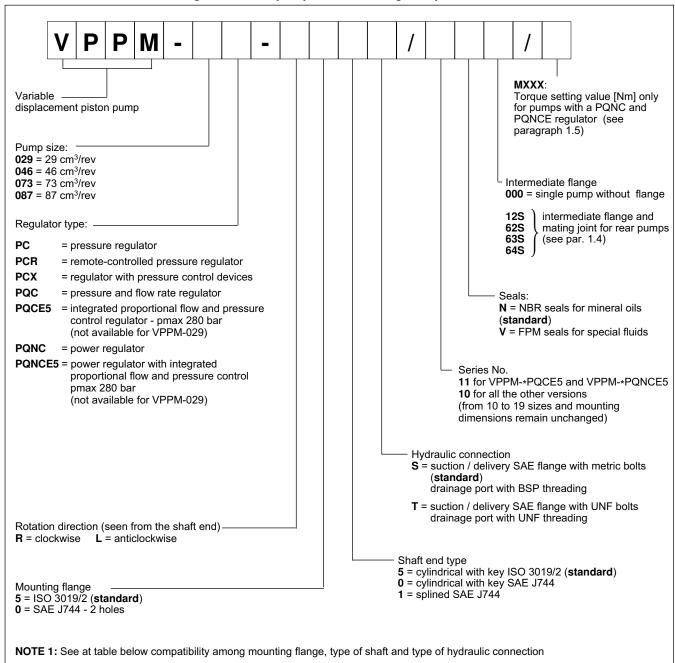
NOTE 1: Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute.

NOTE 2: Values referring to a zero bar pressure (relative) on the suction port.

16 100/112 ED 1/32

#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES

#### 1.1 - Identification code for single and front pumps with a through output shaft



# Compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

FLANGE CODE	,	SHAFT CODE	į	HYDRAULIC COI	NNECTION CODE
	5	0	1	s	т
5	yes	no	no	yes	no
0	no	yes	yes	yes	yes

VPPM pumps are supplied as standard with mechanical minimum and maximum displacements limit controls.

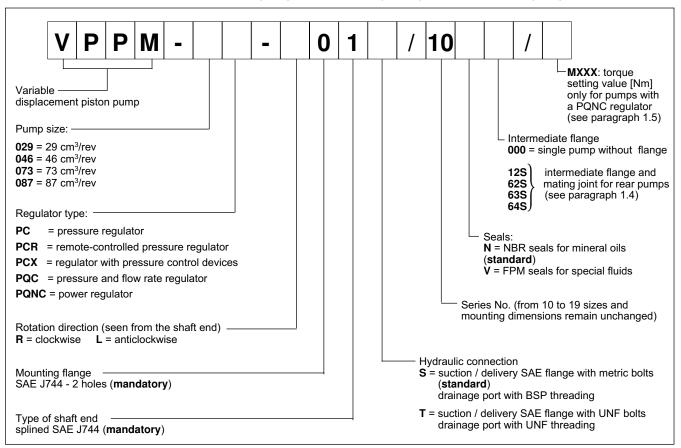
These devices are not available for front and intermediate pumps with a through output shaft.

16 100/112 ED 2/32

D

**VPPM** 

#### 1.2 - Identification code for intermediate pumps with a through output shaft and rear pumps



#### 1.3 - Identification code for double pumps

identification code + identification code 1st pump 2nd pump

#### 1.4 - Identification code for intermediate flange and mating joint for pumps with a through output shaft

According to the pump to be coupled, it is necessary to define, into the identification code, the flange and mating joint type to be applied to the pump with a through output shaft.

The following table states the flange and joint reference code according to the different pump types to be pulled, stating also the possible coupling combinations.

Identification code for intermediate flange	intermediate flange	mating joint	pump to be mated	possible combinations for VPPM pul through output shaft		ump with a	
+ mating joint				29	46	73	87
128	SAE J744 2 holes - type "A"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 9T	GP 2 external gear	yes	yes	yes	yes
62S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 13T	GP 3 external gear VPPM-029	yes	yes	yes	yes
63S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 15T	VPPM-046	no	yes	yes	yes
64S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P 14T	VPPM-073	no	no	yes	yes
64S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P 14T	VPPM-087	no	no	no	yes

NOTE: For the flange type and dimensions see paragraph 20.

16 100/112 ED 3/32

D

# **VPPM**

#### 1.5 - Standardized torque values for PQNC and PQNCE regulators

ELECTRICAL MOTOR 4 POLES		VPPM-029		VPP	VPPM-046		M-073	VPPM-087	
Power [kW]	N [rpm]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]						
4	1425	26 (#)	46	-	-	-	-		-
5,5	1440	36 (#)	62	36 (#)	41	-	-		-
7,5	1450	50	84	50 (#)	56	-	-	-	-
9,2	1460	60	103	60 (#)	68	60 (#)	44	-	-
11	1455	72	124	72	82	72 (#)	53	-	-
15	1460	98	168	98	111	98 (#)	72	•	-
18,5	1460	-	•	122	137	122	89	•	-
22	1465	-	-	144	163	144	105	•	-
30	1470	-	-	-	-	196	143	196	126
37	1470	-	-	-	-	240	175	240	156
45	1470	-	•	-	-	-	-	293	190
55	1475	-	-	-	-	-	-	356	231

<sup>(#)</sup> With this adjustment value the pump is in venting position with a pressure lower than 280 bar.

#### 1.6 - Identification examples

a) 29 cm³/rev single pump with pressure regulator - ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard)

#### VPPM-029PC-R55S/10N000

b) 46 cm³/rev single pump with pressure regulator with remote control - SAE mounting flange and SAE splined shaft

### VPPM-046PCR-R01S/10N000

c) 73 cm³/rev single pump with pressure control devices - ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard)

#### VPPM-073PCX-R55S/10N000

d) 46 cm³/rev single pump with integrated proportional flow and pressure control regulator - pressure regulation up to 280 bar VPPM-046PQCE5-R55S/11N000

e) 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with power regulator set at 18,5 kW at 1460 rpm (torque = 122 Nm)

#### VPPM-046PQNC-R55S/10N000/M122

f) 73 cm³/rev single pump with power regulator with integrated proportional flow and pressure control - power regulator set at 98 Nm - pressure regulation up to 280 bar

#### VPPM-073PQNCE5-R55S/11N000/M098

g) 73 cm³/rev front pump with pressure regulator, ready to mate to a VPPM-029 pump

#### VPPM-073PC-R55S/10N62S

h) double pump made of: - 46 cm³/rev front pump with pressure and flow rate regulator

- 29 cm³/rear pump with pressure regulator

#### VPPM-046PQC-R55S/10N62S + VPPM-029PC-R01S/N000

i) triple pump made of: - 73 cm³/rev front pump with flow rate and pressure regulator

- 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev intermediate pump with pressure regulator

- 14 cm³/rev rear gear pump group 2

VPPM-073PQC-R55S/10N63S + VPPM-046PC-R01S/10N12S + GP2-0140R01F/20N

16 100/112 ED 4/32



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives according to the DIN 51524 norm.

For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40%)	The performance ratings shown in the table 'PERFORMANCES' must be reduced as follows:  max continuous pressure: 170 bar  max peak pressure: 200 bar  max rotation speed: VPPM-029 = 2100 rpm  VPPM-046 = 2000 rpm  VPPM-073 and VPPM-087 = 1700 rpm  - The suction pressure must be lower than 0,8 absolute bars (-0,2 relative bars)  - The fluid maximum temperature must be between 0°C and 50°C.  - Use NBR seals only.
HFD (phosphate esters)	Such fluids do not require any particular performance limitation.  It is suggested to operate with continuous duty pressures not higher than 200 bar and pressure peaks not higher than 240 bar.  - The operating temperature must be between -10°C and 90°C.  - Use VITON seals

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid
optimum viscosity	15÷ 35 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at
		minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with  $\beta_{10 \text{ (c)}} \ge 75$  is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with  $\beta_{10 \text{ (c)}} \ge 100$  is recommended.

In the event that the filter is installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in the table of paragraph 3.

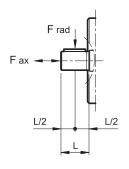
The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.

16 100/112 ED 5/32

# 3 - PERFORMANCES (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087	
Maximum displacement	cm³/rev	29	46	73	87	
Maximum flow rate: - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	l/min	43,5 87	69 119,6	109,5 160,5	131,9 162,6	
Input pressure (absolute): - min - max	bar (abs)			,8 5		
Max. delivery pressure (absolute): - continuous - intermittent ( <b>NOTE 1</b> ) - peak			280 315 350		250 280 315	
Max pressure on drainage port	bar (abs)	2				
Maximum power (∆p = 280 bar): - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	kW	20,3 40,6	32,2 55,8	51,1 74,9	54,9 67,8	
Max velocity at maximum displacement	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850	
Moment of inertia on the shaft	kgm²	0,0020	0,0030	0,0080	0,0080	
Max absorbed torque: $- \Delta p = 100 \text{ bar}$ $- \Delta p = 280 \text{ bar}$	Nm	46,2 129,3	73,2 205	116,2 325,3	139,9 349,8	
Max operating pressure with NBR seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-25 80 100				
Max operating pressure with Viton seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-10 110 125				
Oil volume in the pump body	It	0,7	0,9	1,5	1,5	

NOTE 1: Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute.



Loads on the shaft: - axial load (F <sub>ax</sub> ) - radial load (F <sub></sub> )	N	1000 1500	1500 1500	2000 3000	2000 3000
--	---	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

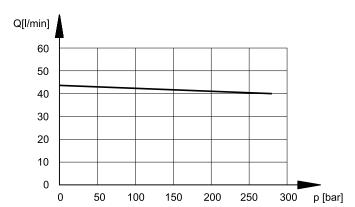
16 100/112 ED 6/32



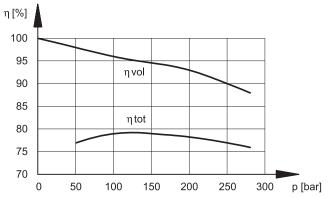
# 4 - VPPM-029 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

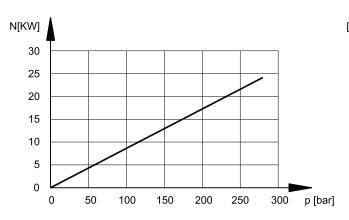
#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



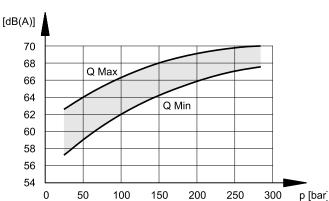
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



#### **ABSORBED POWER**



### **NOISE LEVEL**



The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

16 100/112 ED 7/32

D

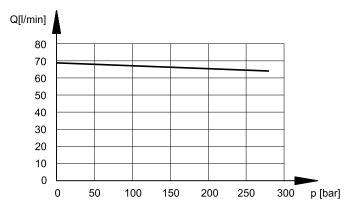
# **VPPM**

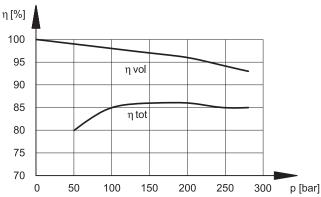
# 5 - VPPM-046 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

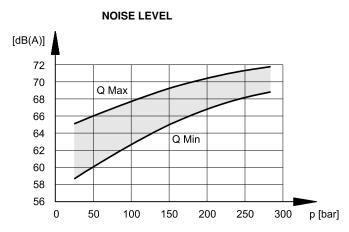
#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**





#### **ABSORBED POWER** N[KW] 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 50 100 300 150 200 250 p [bar]



The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

16 100/112 ED 8/32

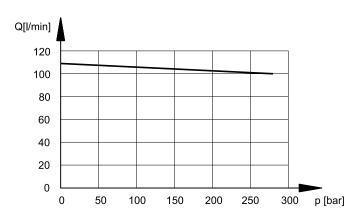


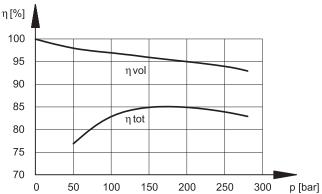
# 6 - VPPM-073 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

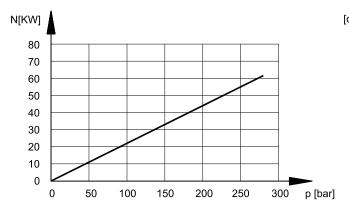
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**

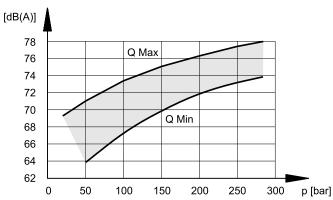




#### **ABSORBED POWER**

#### **NOISE LEVEL**





The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

16 100/112 ED 9/32

D

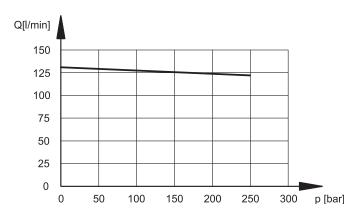
# **VPPM**

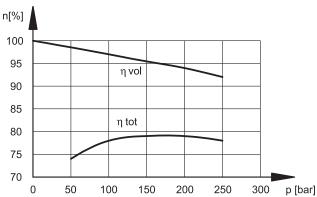
# 7 - VPPM-087 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

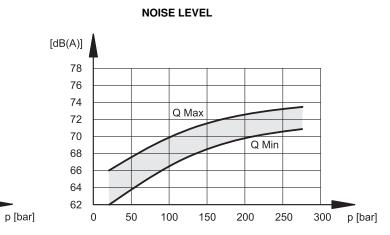
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**





# 

**ABSORBED POWER** 

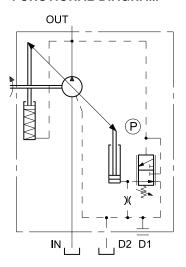


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

16 100/112 ED 10/32

#### 8 - PRESSURE REGULATOR: PC

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



The PC pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the (P) regulation valve.

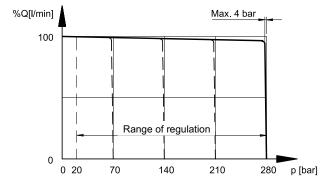
#### **FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:**

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars

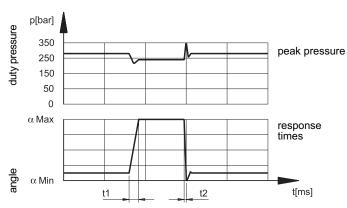
#### 8.1 - Characteristic curves of the PC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE FEATURE



#### **RESPONSE TIMES AND PEAK PRESSURE**



- t1 = response time for a change from a min. to a max. displacement.
- t2 = response time for a change from a max. to a min. displacement.

#### PC pressure regulator set at 280 bars

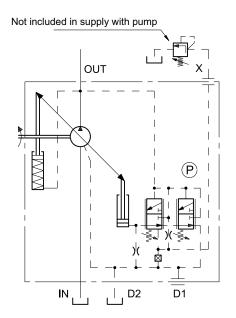
pump size	t1 [ms]	t2 [ms]
029	30	20
046	45	25
073	50	30
087	53	28

The values stated in the table are obtained from the opening until the instant the delivery level is achieved, by using a maximum pressure valve set at 350 bars for a load simulation, placed at a distance of 1 m from the pump delivery port.

16 100/112 ED 11/32

#### 9 - REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR: PCR

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



The PCR regulator, apart from limiting the line maximum pressure (P valve), allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps). In case a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

N.B. The maximum length of the connection between the valve and the pump  ${\sf X}$  port must not be longer than 2 m.

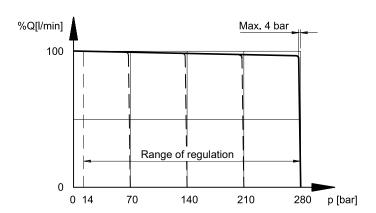
#### PCR FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars
- remote-regulated pressure range = 14 ÷ 315 bars
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min

### 9.1- Characteristic curves of the PCR regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



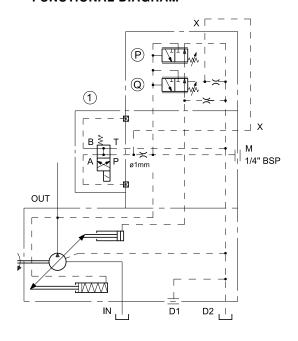
16 100/112 ED 12/32



#### 10 - REGULATOR WITH PRESSURE CONTROL DEVICES: PCX

#### 10.1 - Electrical unloading

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



The PCX regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

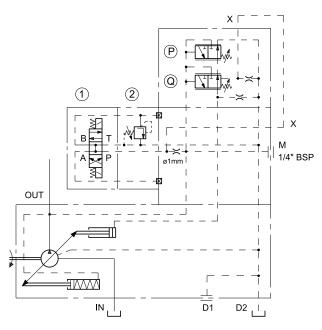
The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX FEATURES (electrical unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 (to be ordered separately see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator (P).
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

#### 10.2 - Two pressure settings + unloading

### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



This type of regulator allows to select, by means of a three-position solenoid valve, two different working pressures; it allows also the pump unloading.

The solenoid valve (1) and the relief valve (2) for the intermediate pressure setting are directly installed on the pump regulator and they are to be ordered separately.

#### PCX FEATURES (two pressure settings + unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-S2 (to be ordered separately see catalogue 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump unloading delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid side "a" ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on relief valve (2) (intermediate value)
- solenoid side "b" ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator (P) (maximum value)
- pressure relief valve (2) = MCD\*-SBT (to be ordered separately see cat. 61 200)
- pressure regulating range (2) = MCD3-SBT 20 ÷ 100 bar MCD5-SBT 20 ÷ 250 bar
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

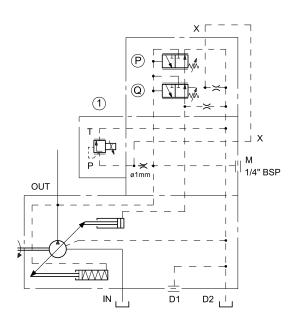
NOTE: For PCX regulators characteristic curves (with two pressure settings + unloading functions), see PC regulator diagrams at paragraph 8.1.

16 100/112 ED 13/32

# $\mathsf{VPPM}$

#### 10.3 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

### PCX FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 (to be ordered separately with its relative electronic control unit - see catalogue 81 210)
- proportional pressure regulating range:

PRED3-070 20 ÷ 100 bar PRED3-210

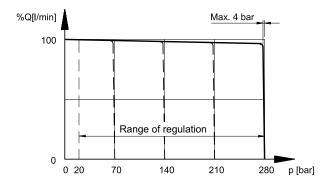
20 ÷ 240 bar

Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom Repeatability =  $< \pm 1,5\%$  of p nom

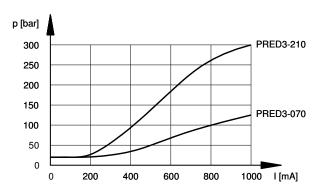
#### 10.3.1 - Characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

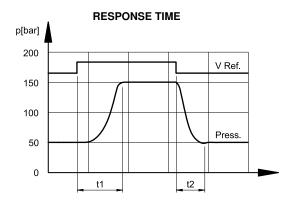
The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



### **CURRENT / PRESSURE FEATURE**





The response times are obtained with a VPPM-046 pump, by changing the reference signal (V Ref) on the proportional valve in order to have a line pressure variation from 50 to 150 bar and vice versa, with an oil volume of 5 lt.

t1 = 80 ms (response time for an increasing pressure change)

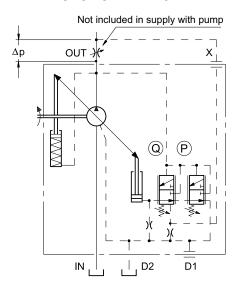
t2 = 60 ms (response time for a decreasing pressure change)

16 100/112 ED 14/32



# 11 - FLOW RATE AND PRESSURE REGULATOR: PQC

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



This regulator, apart from regulating the pressure (as for the PC model), allows the pump flow rate to be regulated according to the  $\Delta p$  pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line. The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

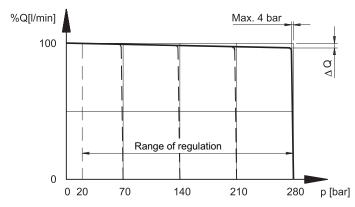
#### **PQC FEATURES**:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 40 bars
- default setting = 14 bar
- Min. discharge head =  $18 \pm 2$  bar (with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default (Q) setting of the differential regulator)

### 11.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

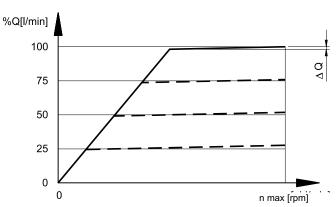
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



Flow variation between minimum and maximum pressure with pump set at max displacement

pump size	ΔQ max [l/min]
029	0.9
046	1.7
073	2.5
087	2.5

# FLOW RATE / ROTATION SPEED STATIC FEATURE

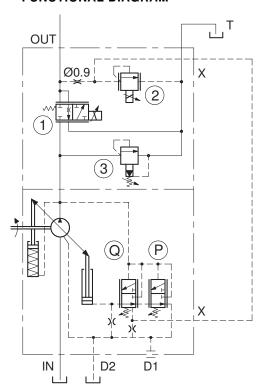


16 100/112 ED 15/32



# 12 - INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL REGULATOR: PQCE5

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



This regulator allows an independent regulation of the pump flow and pressure, both with an electric proportional control.

The pump flow is regulated through the proportional valve (1) which operates directly on the pump delivery, while the system pressure is controlled by means of the proportional relief valve (2) working as a pilot stage of the differential regulator (Q).

The maximum system pressure is limited by the regulator (P). The regulator is also equipped of a built-in pressure relief valve (3) with manual adjustment, which limits the pressure peak due to quick flow variations in the system.

#### **PQCE5 FEATURES**

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) =  $10 \div 30$  bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- proportional pressure regulating range:
   20 ÷ 250 bar (for VPPM-\*PQCE5 pump)
- proportional flow regulating range:

0 ÷ 69 l/min (for VPPM-046 PQCE5 pump)

0 ÷ 109,5 I/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)

0 ÷ 132 l/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)

#### PERFORMANCES and ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	FLOW REGULATION (1) (DSE5 valve)	PRESSURE REGULATION (2) (CRE valve)
HYSTERESIS	< 6% of Q max	< 5% of p nom
REPEATABILITY	< ±1,5% of Q max	< ±1,5% of p nom
NOMINAL VOLTAGE	24 VDC	24 VDC
COIL RESISTANCE (at 20°C)	8,65 Ω	16,6 Ω
MAXIMUM CURRENT	1,6 A	0,85 A
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)	According to 2004/108/CEE	
DEGREE OF PROTECTION : Atmospheric agents (CEI EN 60529)	IP 65	
ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNITS for proportional valves	EDM-M3312 see cat. 89 250	

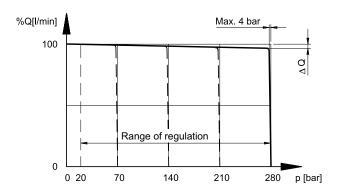
16 100/112 ED 16/32

### 12.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQCE5 regulator

(values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of  $50^{\circ}$ C.

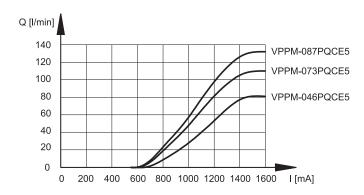
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVE



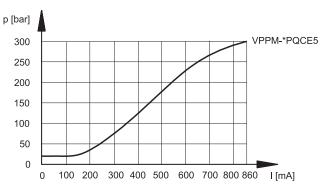
Flow variation between minimum and maximum pressure with pump set at max displacement

pump size	ΔQ max [l/min]
046	1.7
073	2.5
087	2.5

#### **CURRENT / FLOW CURVE**



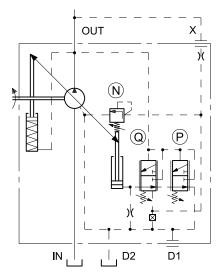
#### **CURRENT / PRESSURE CURVE**



16 100/112 ED 17/32

#### 13 - POWER REGULATOR: PQNC

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



Such regulator keeps the pump torque at a constant level by changing the displacement according to the delivery pressure, so that the ratio  $p \times (Q)$  (absorbed power) remains unchanged. The functions limiting the (P) maximum pressure and regulating the (Q) flow rate are always present, if a restrictor has been installed on the user line.

In the 1/8" BSP coupling supplied for the X port, there is a restrictor of  $\emptyset$ 0,8 orifice.

**Note**: The connection pipe between the X port and the pump outlet must always be made (customer charge).

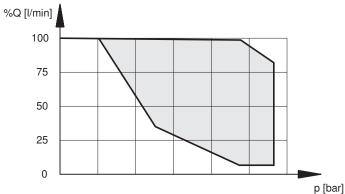
#### PQNC FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 30 bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- min. discharge head = 18 ± 2 bar
   (with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default Q setting of the differential regulator)
- the power regulator is factory set. The setting value has to be specified with the order, by stating into the identification code the Nm torque value (see paragraph 1).
- Start of the regulation: looking at values table of paragraph 1.5

# 13.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.



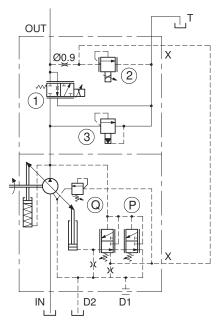


16 100/112 ED 18/32



#### 14 - POWER REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL: PQNCE5

#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



This system combines all the functions of the constant power control as a standard PQNC5 regulator, and moreover it allows the independent proportional regulation of the pump flow and pressure at values behind the power curve characteristic set on the regulator (N).

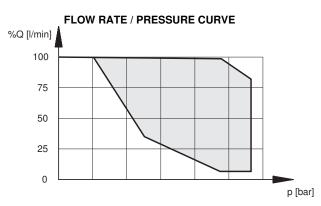
#### **PQNCE5 FEATURES**

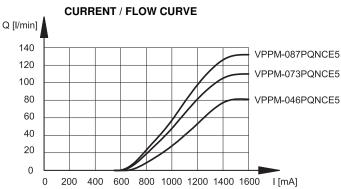
For technical characteristics and settings of regulator, see paragraph 13.

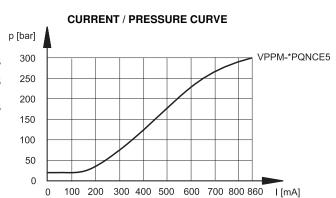
# 14.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNCE5 regulator

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C with driver EDM-M3312)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.





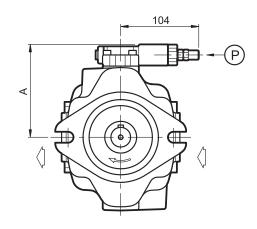


16 100/112 ED 19/32



# **15 - REGULATOR OVERALL DIMENSIONS**

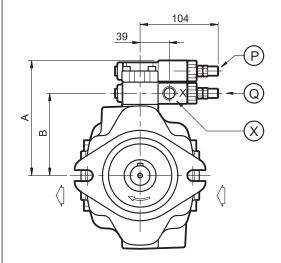
dimensions in mm



### PRESSURE REGULATOR PC

pump size	A [mm]
029	114
046	123
073 / 087	136

countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increating pressure Locknut: spanner 13
---



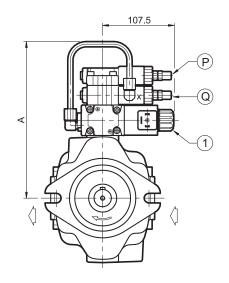
# REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR PCR

ı	oump size	A [mm]	B [mm]
	029	144	100
	046	153	109
	073 / 087	165	122

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Х	Pilot port for remote control X: 1/8" BSP

16 100/112 ED **20/32** 

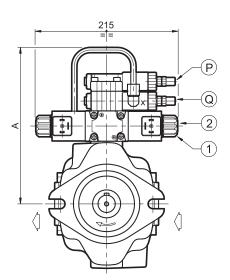
dimensions in mm



#### PCX REGULATOR WITH ELECTRICAL UNLOADING

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

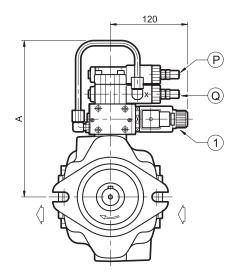
Р	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Solenoid switching valve type DS3-SA2



# PCX REGULATOR WITH TWO PRESSURE SETTINGS + UNLOADING

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Solenoid switching valve type DS3-S2
2	Relief valve for the intermediate pressure setting MCI*-SBT



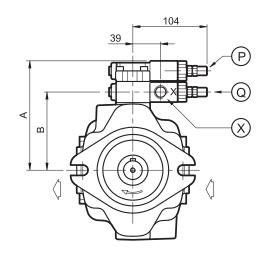
# PCX REGULATOR FOR PRESSURE REGULATION WITH ELECTRIC PROPORTIONAL CONTROL

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

Р	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Proportional pressure relief valve PRED3 type

16 100/112 ED **21/32** 

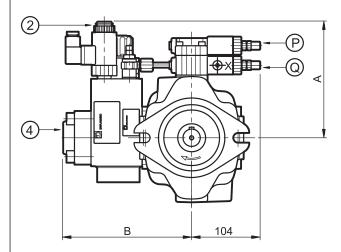
dimensions in mm

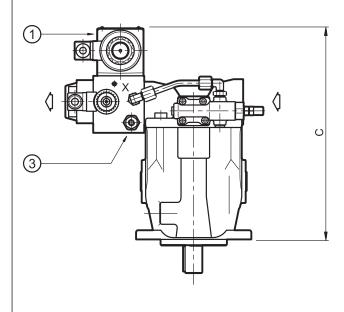


### FLOW RATE AND PRESSURE REGULATOR PQC

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]
029	144	100
046	153	109
073 / 087	165	122

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: Spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Х	Pilotage port X: 1/8" BSP (see paragraph 11)



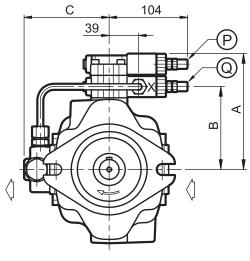


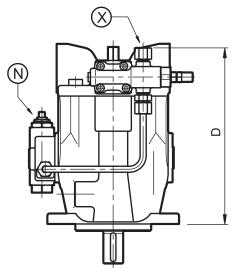
# PQCE REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL

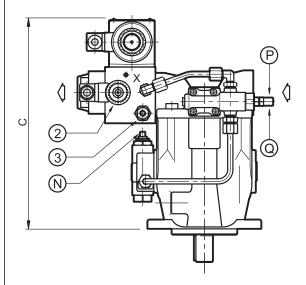
pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]
046	175	194	337
073 / 087	181	207	345

Р	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: Spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Proportional flow control valve type: DSE5-P070B - DSE5-P110SB
2	Proportional pressure valve type: CRE-250
3	Safety pressure relief valve
4	Delivery port SAE 6000 flange 1" for VPPM-046 - 1 1/4" for VPPM-073 and -087

16 100/112 ED **22/32** 







### POWER REGULATOR PQNC

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
029	144	100	104	211
046	153	109	111	235
073 / 087	165	122	120	258

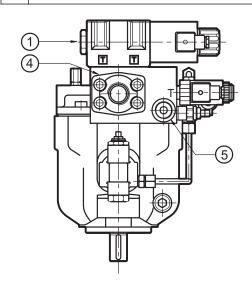
dimensions in mm

Р	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Х	Pilotage port X: 1/8" BSP (restrictor with Ø0,8 orifice included - see paragraph 13)
N	Power regulator

# POWER REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL PQNCE5

(for dimensions see PQCE5 page 22)

Р	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4. Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
N	Power regulator
1	Proportional flow control valve type: DSE5-P070SB - DSE5-P110SB
2	Proportional pressure control valve type: CRE-250
3	Safety pressure relief valve
4	Delivery port SAE 6000 flange: 1" for VPPM-046 - 1 1/4" for VPPM-073 and -087
5	Outlet port T: 3/4" BSP

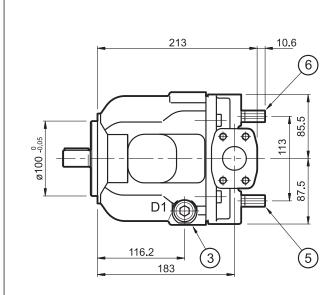


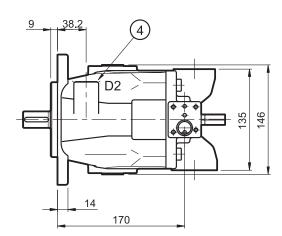
16 100/112 ED 23/32



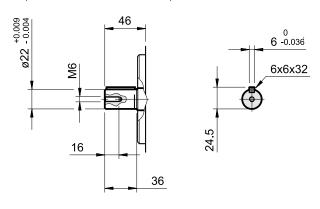
dimensions in mm

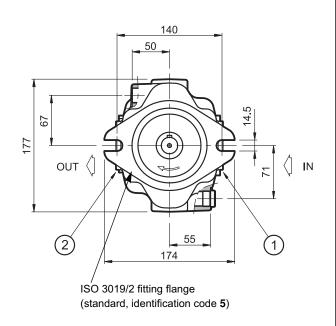
# 16 - VPPM-029 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS





Cylindrical shaft end with ISO 3019/2 key (standard, identification code **5**)





1	Suction port: IN flange SAE 3000 1¼" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
2	Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000 3/4" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
3	Additional port drainage D1: 1/2" BSP (closed)
4	Drainage port D2: 1/2" BSP
5	Minimum displacement limit control (NOTE) - Locknut: spanner 14 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 - displacement regulation range: 0 ÷ 50 % max. displacement
6	Maximum displacement limit control - Locknut: spanner 14 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 - torque: 10 Nm - displacement regulation range: 100 ÷ 70% max. displacement

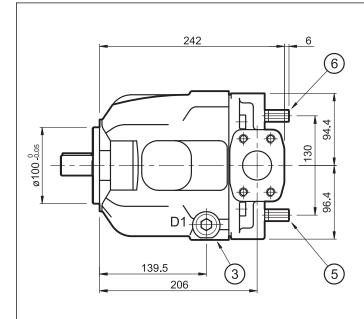
**NOTE**: The limit control is supplied factory set at zero minimum displacement and is sealed up with red paint.

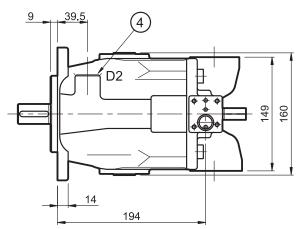
 $\Delta$  displacement / screw round = 1,5 cm<sup>3</sup>

Any modification of this setting by the user makes the pump unable to reach the null displacement condition.

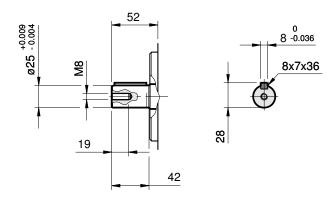
16 100/112 ED

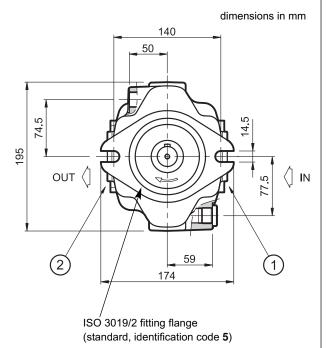
#### 17 - VPPM-046 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS





Cylindrical shaft end with ISO 3019/2 key (standard, identification code **5**)





1	Suction port: IN
	flange SAE 3000 1½"
	(for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)

- 2 Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000 1" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
- Additional port drainage D1: 1/2" BSP (closed)
- 4 Drainage port D2: 1/2" BSP
- 5 Minimum displacement limit control (NOTE)
  - Locknut: spanner 14
  - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4
  - displacement regulation range:
     0 ÷ 50 % max. displacement
- 6 Maximum displacement limit control
  - Locknut: spanner 14
  - countersunk hex adjustment
  - screw: spanner 4
  - torque: 10 Nm
  - displacement regulation range:100 ÷ 70% max. displacement
  - $\Delta$  displacement / screw round = 2,2 cm<sup>3</sup>

**NOTE**: The limit control is supplied factory set at zero minimum displacement and is sealed up with red paint.

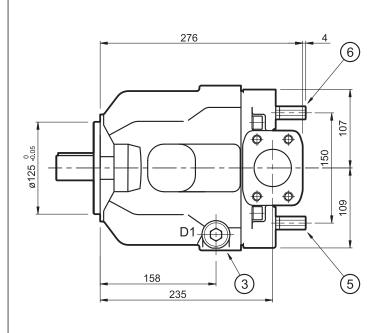
Any modification of this setting by the user makes the pump unable to reach the null displacement condition.

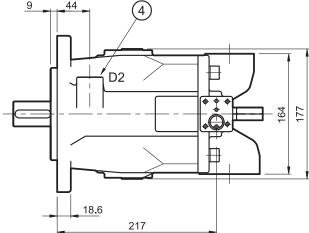
16 100/112 ED 25/32

# D

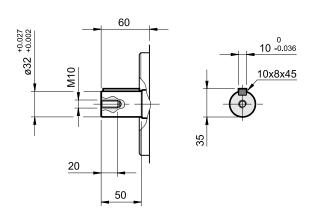
# **VPPM**

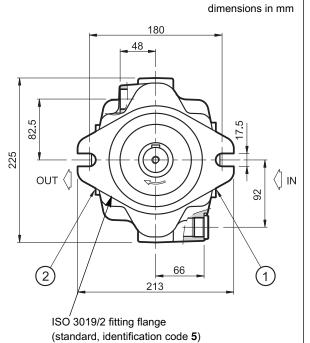
### 18 - VPPM-073 AND VPPM-087 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS





Cylindrical shaft end with ISO 3019/2 key (standard, identification code **5**)





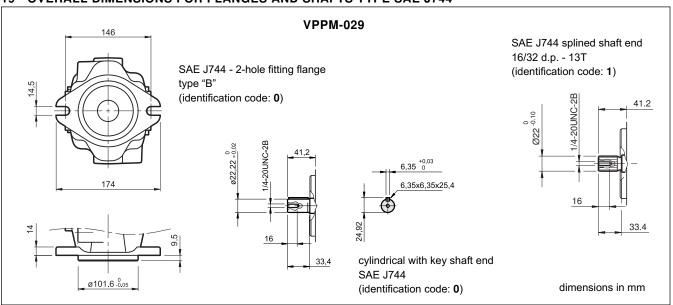
1	Suction port: IN flange SAE 3000 2" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
2	Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000 1 1/4" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
3	Additional port drainage D1: 1/2" BSP (closed)
4	Drainage port D2: 1/2" BSP
5	Minimum displacement limit control (NOTE) - Locknut: spanner 17 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 5 - displacement regulation range: 0 ÷ 50 % max. displacement
6	Maximum displacement limit control - Locknut: spanner 17 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 5 - torque: 10 Nm - displacement regulation range: 100 ÷ 50% max. displacement Δ displacement / screw round = 3,9 cm³

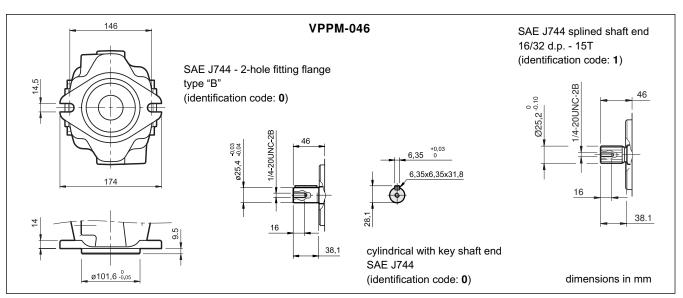
**NOTE**: The limit control is supplied factory set at zero minimum displacement and is sealed up with red paint.

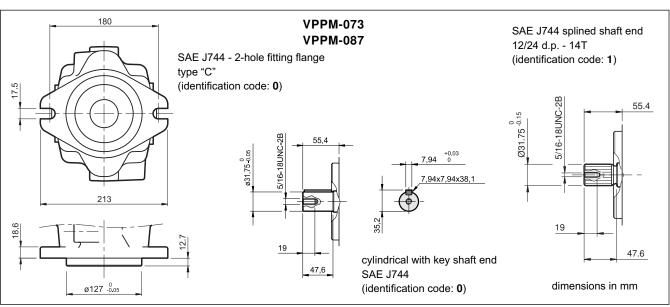
Any modification of this setting by the user makes the pump unable to reach the null displacement condition.

16 100/112 ED 26/32

### 19 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR FLANGES AND SHAFTS TYPE SAE J744







16 100/112 ED **27/32** 

#### 20 - INSTALLATION

- The VPPM pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.

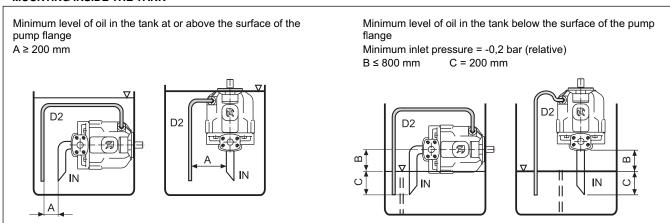
N.B.: The drainage port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume (according to the installation use the D1 or D2 drainage ports).

- Installation below the oil reservoir is suggested. As for an installation above the oil level, check that the min. suction pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

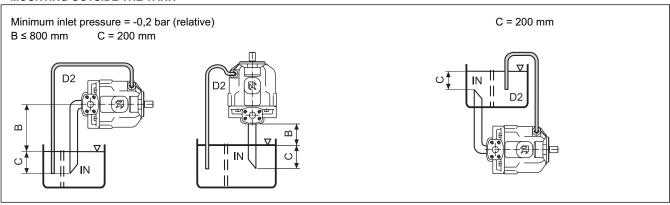
In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested that the drain tube is adjusted so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

- Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the plant at minimum pressure.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 2 bar (absolute), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The drainage tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area. We suggest to interpose a screen between the two lines.
- The drain pressure can be max 0.5 bar higher than the suction pressure but it can never exceed the max of 2 bar of absolute pressure.
- No check valves allowed on the suction line.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Radial and axial loads have to be lower than the values specified in the table at paragraph 3.
- As for details and the installation of filter elements, see par. 2.3.

#### MOUNTING INSIDE THE TANK



#### MOUNTING OUTSIDE THE TANK



16 100/112 ED 28/32

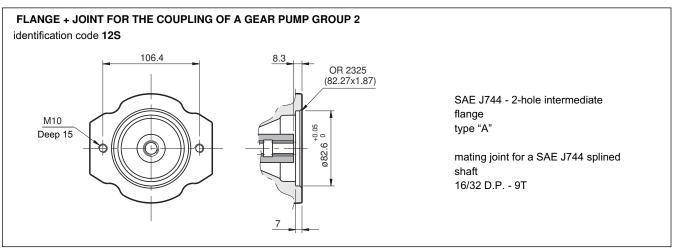
#### 21 - THROUGH OUTPUT SHAFT

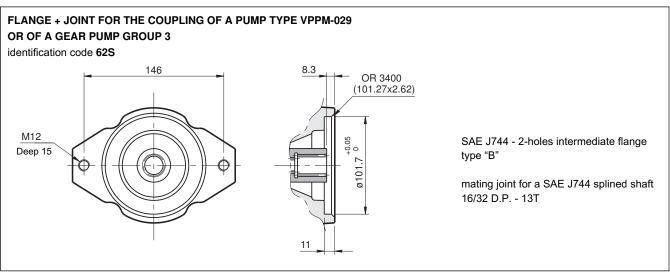
The VPPM pumps can be supplied with a through output shaft, which allows coupling with other pump models.

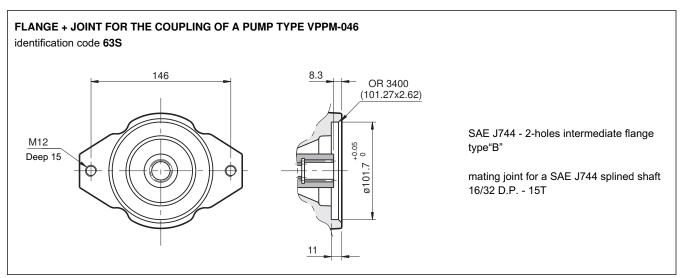
N.B.: The pumps with a through output shaft are supplied with an intermediate 2-hole flange type SAE J744 - and with a mating joint for splined shaft type SAE J744.

The mechanical adjustment for the min and max displacement are not available on these front or intermediate pumps: VPPM-029 with flange 62S, VPPM-073 with flange 64S, VPPM-087 with flange 64S.

As for identification see par. 1 "Identification code". For the pump overall dimensions (intermediate flange included) see paragraph 23 "overall dimensions for multiple pumps".

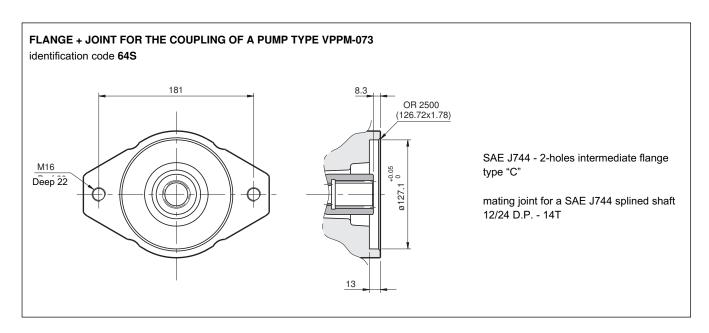






16 100/112 ED 29/32

# $\mathsf{VPPM}$



#### 22 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The possibility to couple several pumps makes it possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits. While sizing coupled pumps, it's necessary to make reference to the following conditions:

- The coupling can be carried out between pumps with the same dimensions or to a size of decreasing order.
- The max. rotation speed is determined by the pump with the lowest speed.
- The values of the max. applicable torque can not be exceeded.

#### 22.1 - Max. applicable torque

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [Nm]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm]

Q = flow rate [l/min]

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

 $\Delta p$  = differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]  $\eta_{tot}$  = total efficiency (obtainable from the diagrams in par. 4-5-6)

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{tot}} = [kW]$$

or it can be obtained from the diagrams ABSORBED POWER (see par. 4 - 5 - 6 -7).

If several pumps are coupled, the torque of each single pump has to be added to the torque of subsequent pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

The obtained torque value for each pump has to be lower than the value specified in the table below:

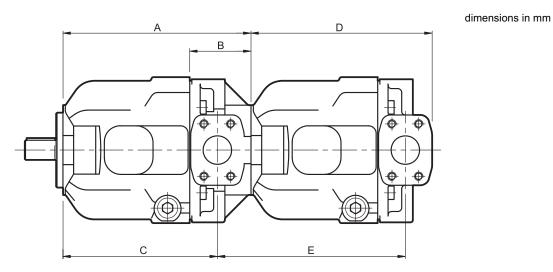
pump with a through output shaft		FORQUE APPL ONT PUMP SH		MAXIMUM TORQUE APPLICABLE AT THE PUMP TO BE COUPLED [Nm] (not simultaneously to the front pump)							
	cylindrical ISO 3019/2 (cod. 5)	cylindrical SAE J744 (cod. 0)	splined SAE J744 (cod. 1)	GP2 external gear	GP3 external gear	VPPM-029	VPPM-046	VPPM-073	VPPM-087		
VPPM-029	170	200	190	100	135	135	-	-	-		
VPPM-046	220	230	330	135	250	250	250	-	-		
VPPM-073	450	490	620	135	330	330	400	440	-		
VPPM-087	450	490	620	135	330	330	400	440	440		

The maximum transmissible torque for those pumps with a through output shaft is determined by the coupling used for the transmission. If the obtained torque values are higher than the ones stated in the table, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure value or to replace the overloaded pump with a pump suitable to bear the required torque.

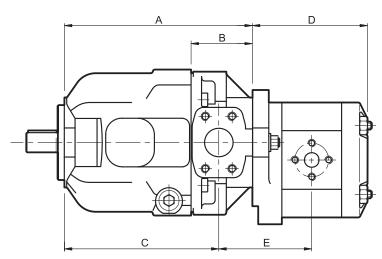
16 100/112 ED 30/32

# **VPPM**

#### 23 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS



		REAR PUMP														
		VPPM-029					VPPM-046					VPPM-073 / 087				
	Α	В	С	D	Е	Α	В	С	D	Е	Α	В	С	D	Е	
VPPM-029	222	77	183	213	222	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
VPPM-046	251	82	206	213	220	251	82	206	242	251	-	-	1	-	-	
VPPM-073 VPPM-087	291	99	235	213	226	291	99	235	242	249	296	104	235	276	296	



		REAR PUMP									
		ex	kternal	gear GP2		external gear GP3					
	Α	В	С	D	Е	Α	В	O	D	Е	
VPPM-029	222	77	183	99 ÷121	86 ÷ 97	-	1	ı	•	-	
VPPM-046	251	82	206	99 ÷121	85 ÷ 96	251	82	206	132 ÷ 147	103 ÷ 110	
VPPM-073 VPPM-087	291	99	235	99 ÷121	91 ÷ 102	291	99	235	132 ÷ 147	109 ÷ 116	

**NOTE:** The D and E values in the table make reference to the dimensions of the gear pumps according to the available min. and max. displacement range. For further details apply to our Technical department.

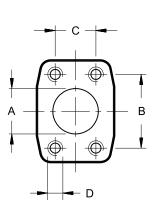
16 100/112 ED 31/32

# **VPPM**

#### 24 - SUCTION AND DELIVERY PORTS DIMENSIONS FOR SAE FLANGES

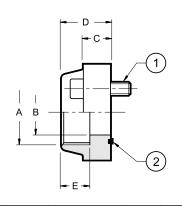
	SUCTION PORT: "IN" (SAE 3000)									
Pump	nominal size	<b>A</b> mm	B mm	C mm	threading and depth (mm) METRIC UNC					
VPPM 029	1 1⁄4"	32	58,7	30,2	M 10x28	7/16-14 UNC-2B 28				
VPPM 046	1 ½"	38,1	70	35,7	M12x26	½ -13 UNC-2B 26				
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	2"	50,8	77,8	43	M12x25	½ -13 UNC-2B 25				

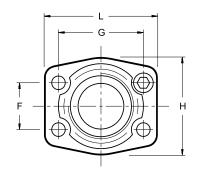
	1	DELIVER	Y PORT	"OUT"	(SAE 6000)	
Pump	nominal size	<b>A</b> mm	B mm	C mm	threading a	<b>D</b> and depth (mm) UNC
VPPM 029	3/4"	19	50,8	23,8	M10x24	3/8 - 16 UNC-2B 24
VPPM 046	1"	25,4	57,1	27,7	M12x20	7/16-14 UNC-2B 20
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	1 1/4"	32	66,7	31,7	M14x23	½ - 13 UNC-2B 23



#### 25 - CONNECTION FLANGES

dimensions in mm The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately





	Flange code	Flange description
3000	0610720	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
E 30	0610714	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
SAE	0610721	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
00	0770075	OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770092	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
SA	0770106	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)

	Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	С	D	E	F	G	Н	L	metric SHCS	1 UNC SHCS
3000	0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	280	1 ¼" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - ¾6 UNC x 1 ½"
E 30	0610714	SAE - 1 ½"	210	1 ½" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ½ UNC x 1 ¾"
SAE	0610721	SAE - 2"	210	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ½ UNC x 1 ¾"
0009	0770075	SAE - 3/4"	420	3/4" BSP	19	21	35	22	23,8	50,8	55	71	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - 3/8 x 1 1/2"
E 60	0770092	SAE - 1"	420	1" BSP	25	25	42	24	27,7	57,1	65	81	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ½6 x 1 ¾"
SAE	0770106	SAE - 1 1/4"	420	1 ¼" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	n° 4 - ½ x 1 ¾"



#### **DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.**

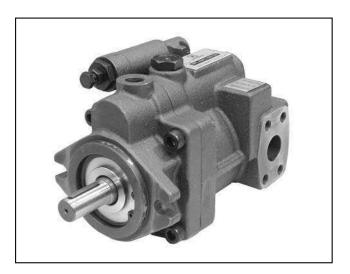
20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com

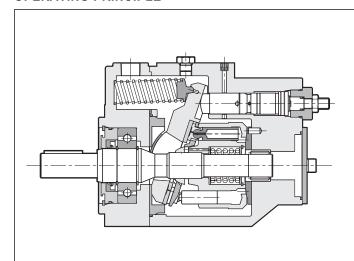




# **VPPL**

#### VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS FOR INTERMEDIATE PRESSURE SERIES 20

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



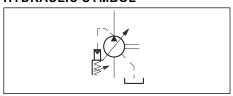
- The VPPL are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits and intermediate pressures.
- They are available in seven nominal sizes, with displacements of 8, 16, 22, 36, 46, 70 and 100 cm³/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- They are usually supplied with a SAE J744 2-hole flange and a SAE J744 cylindrical with key shaft.
- They are available with four different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PUMP SIZE		008	016	022	036	046	070	100
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	8	16	22	36	46	70	100
Flow rate at 1500 rpm	lt/min	12	24	33	54	69	105	150
Operating pressures	bar			210			28	30
Rotation speed	rpm		min 500 -	max 1800				
Rotation direction			clo	ockwise (se	en from th	e shaft sid	e)	
Hydraulic connection				;	SAE flange			
Type of mounting				SAE fla	nge J744 -	2 holes		
Oil volume in the pump body	dm <sup>3</sup>	0,2 0,3			0,	6	1	1,8
Mass	kg	8	12	12	23	23	41	60

#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**

Ambient temperature range	°C	-10 / +50		
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +70		
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3			
Recommended viscosity	cSt	20 ÷ 50		

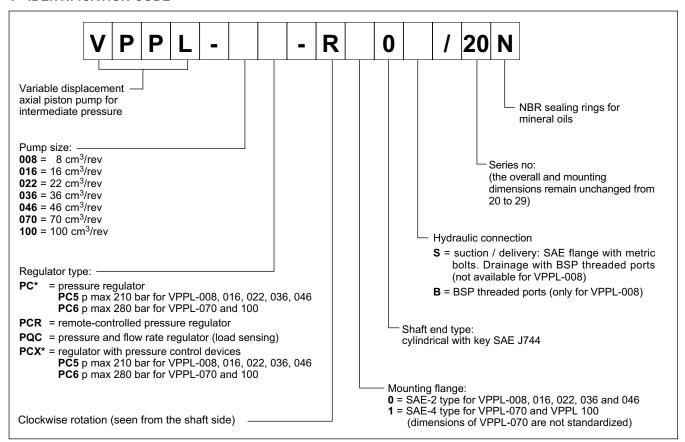


16 200/112 ED 1/20





#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. With these fluids use NBR seals. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 70 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity 10 cSt referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid optimum viscosity 20 / 50 cSt referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank

maximum viscosity 1000 cSt limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at

minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with  $\beta_{20} \ge 75$  is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \ge 100$  is recommended.

For the installation of filters on the suction line, see paragraph 10. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.

16 200/112 ED 2/20

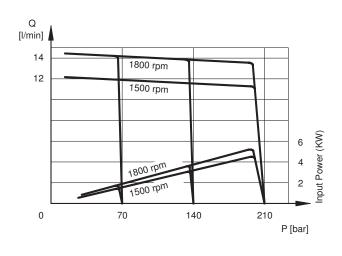




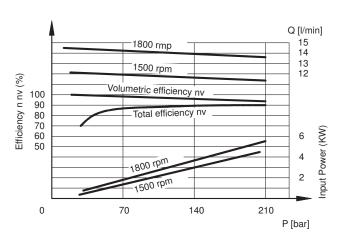
#### 3 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

#### $\textbf{3.1 - VPPL-008 pump characteristic curves} \ \ (values \ obtained \ with \ mineral \ oil \ with \ viscosity \ of \ 36 \ cSt \ at \ 50 ^{\circ}C)$

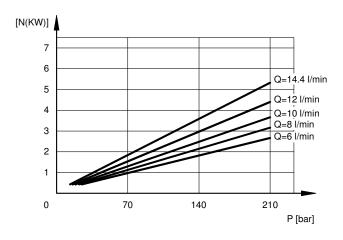
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



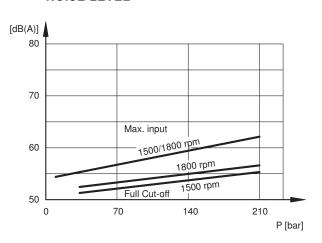
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



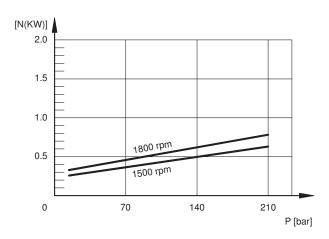
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



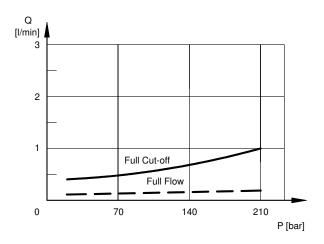
#### **NOISE LEVEL**



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



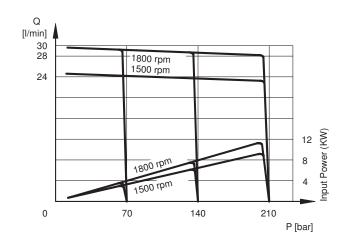
16 200/112 ED 3/20



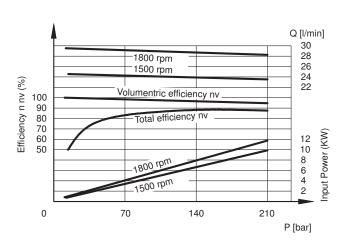


#### $\textbf{3.2 - VPPL-016 pump characteristic curves} \ \ (\text{values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at } 50^{\circ}\text{C})$

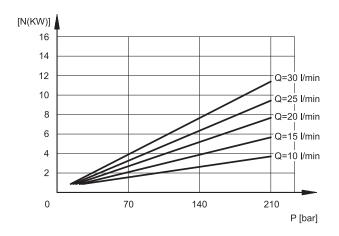
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



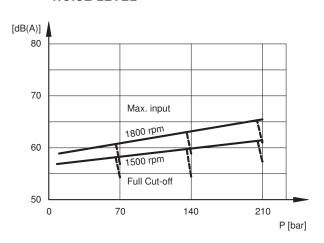
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



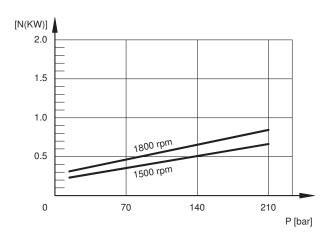
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



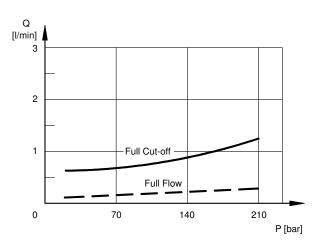
#### **NOISE LEVEL**



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



16 200/112 ED 4/20



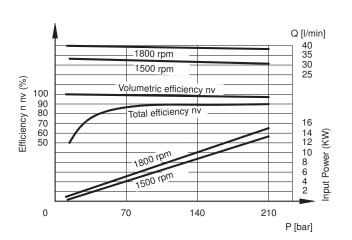


#### 3.3 - VPPL-022 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

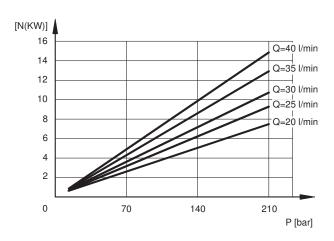
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES

#### 

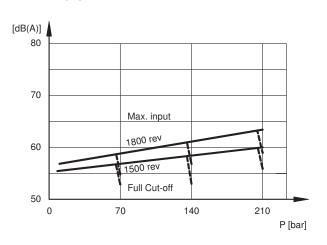
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



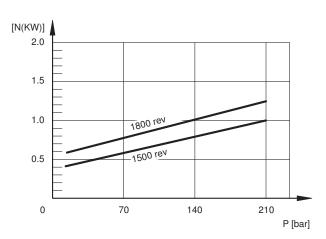
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



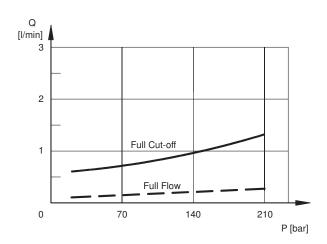
#### **NOISE LEVEL**



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



16 200/112 ED 5/20



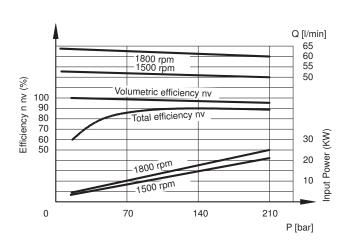


#### $\textbf{3.4 - VPPL-036 pump characteristic curves} \ (values \ obtained \ with \ mineral \ oil \ with \ viscosity \ of \ 36 \ cSt \ at \ 50^{\circ}C)$

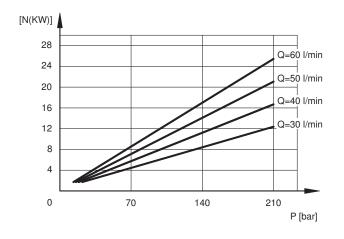
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES

#### 

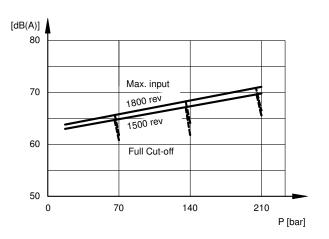
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



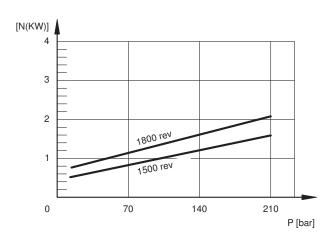
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



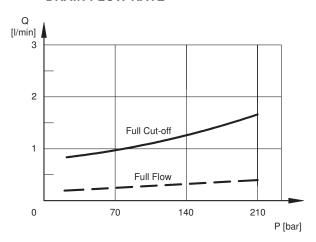
#### **NOISE LEVEL**



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



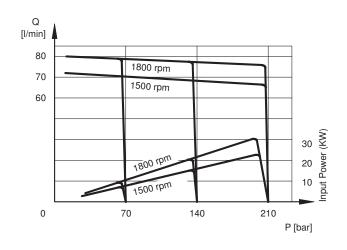
16 200/112 ED 6/20



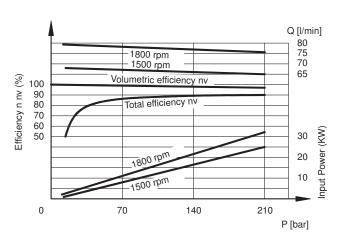


#### $\textbf{3.5 - VPPL-046} \quad \textbf{pump characteristic curves} \ (\text{values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at } 50^{\circ}\text{C})$

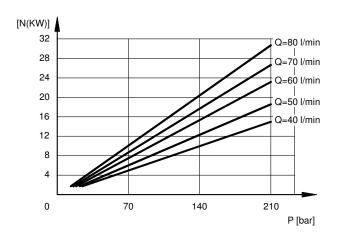
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



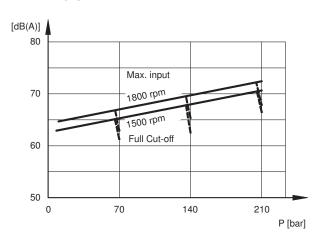
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



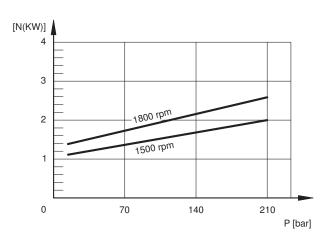
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



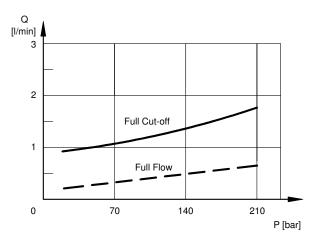
#### **NOISE LEVEL**



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



16 200/112 ED 7/20



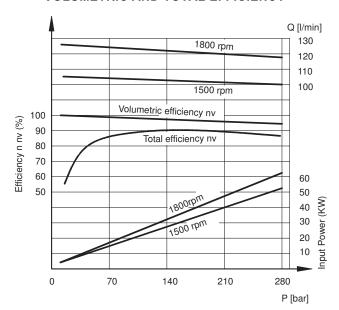


#### 3.4 - VPPL-070 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

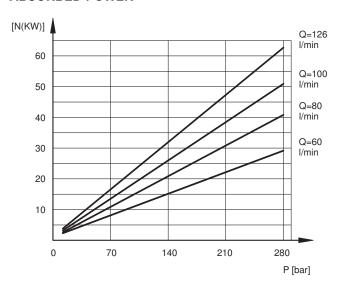
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES

# Q [I/min] 140 120 100 1500 rpm 60 40 ½ jawod todul 20 d todul P [bar]

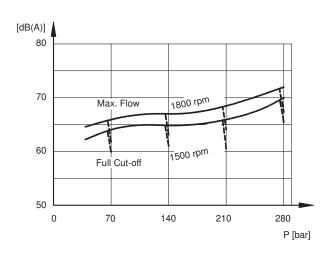
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



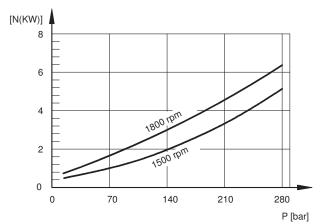
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



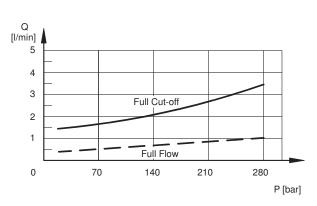
**NOISE LEVEL** 



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



#### **DRAIN FLOW RATE**



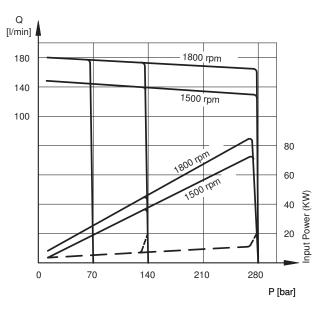
16 200/112 ED **8/20** 



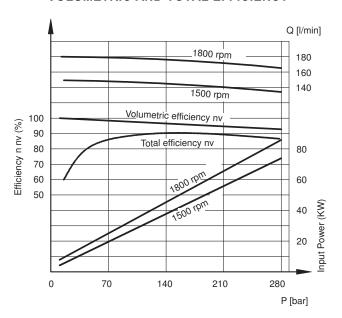


#### $\textbf{3.5 - VPPL-100} \quad \textbf{pump characteristic curves} \ (\text{values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at } 50^{\circ}\text{C})$

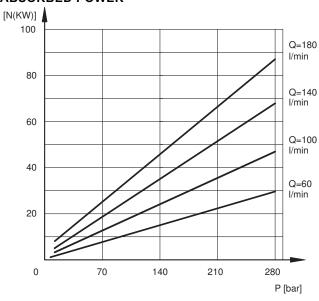
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



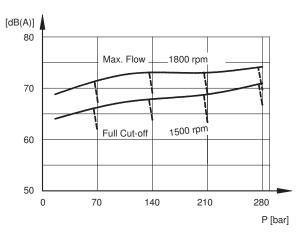
#### **VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



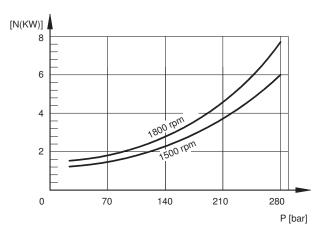
#### **ABSORBED POWER**



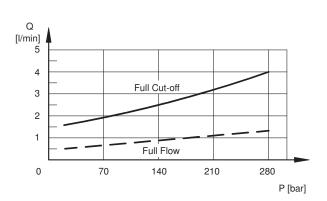
**NOISE LEVEL** 



#### **INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF**



**DRAIN FLOW RATE** 



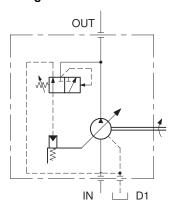
16 200/112 ED 9/20





#### 4 - REGULATORS

#### 4.1 - Pressure regulator: PC\*



The PC\* pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the P regulation valve. The clockwise rotation of the adjustment bolt makes the pressure increase.

#### **FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:**

- pressure adjustment range:

PC5 = 30 ÷ 210 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046) pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 69 bar PC6 = 30 ÷ 280 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100) pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar

#### 4.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR

The PCR regulator allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps).

In case a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

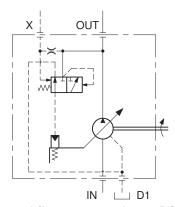
Note: The maximum length of the connection between the valve and X port of the pump must not be longer than 2 m.

# 4.2.1 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 e 046

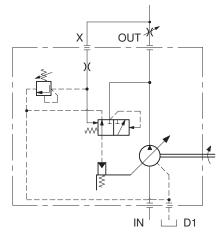
#### **FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:**

- remote-adjustment pressure = 20 ÷ 210 bar
- flow rate available on the X port

for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min (approx.)



#### 4.3 - Pressure and flow rate regulator: PQC

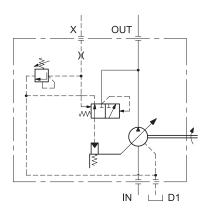


## 4.2.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 070 e 100

#### FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:

It also limits the line maximum pressure.

- pressure regulating range 30 ÷ 280 bar
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- remote-regulated pressure range = 20 ÷ 280 bar
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min



This regulator, in addition to the pressure adjustment (as for the PC\* model), allows the pump flow rate control, according to the  $\Delta p$  pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line.

Note: The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

#### **FEATURES OF THE PQC REGULATOR:**

- pressure adjustment range:
  - 11 ÷ 190 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046)
  - 13 ÷ 230 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100)
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- differential pressure adjustment range = 15 ÷ 28 bar
- minimum delivery pressure = 15 bar

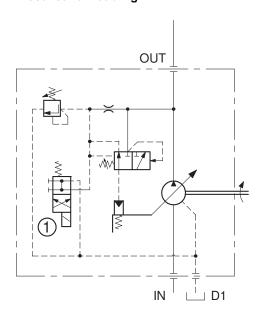
16 200/112 ED 10/20





#### 4.4 - Regulator with pressure control devices: PCX\*

#### 4.4.1 - Electrical unloading



The PCX\* regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX\* FEATURES (electrical unloading):

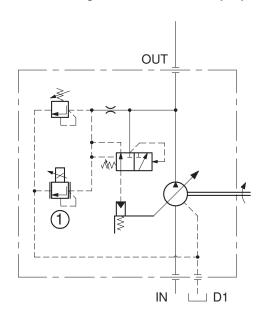
- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator.
- pressure regulating range:

20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar
- default settings:

210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

#### 4.4.2 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX\* FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range:

**PCX5** = 20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036, 046. **PCX6** = 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar
- default setting:

**PCX5** = 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 **PCX6** = 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

- proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 type
   (to be ordered with the relative control card separately see cat.
   81 210)
- proportional pressure regulating range :

PRED3-070 20 ÷ 85 bar PRED3-210 20 ÷ 225 bar

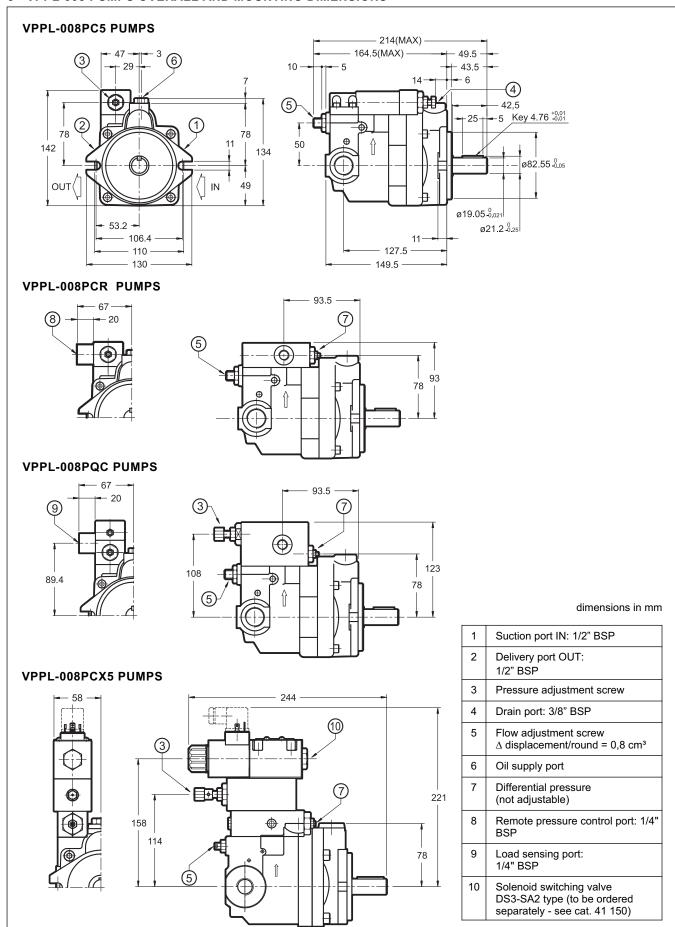
Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom Repeatability =  $< \pm 1,5\%$  of p nom

16 200/112 ED 11/20





#### 5 - VPPL-008 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



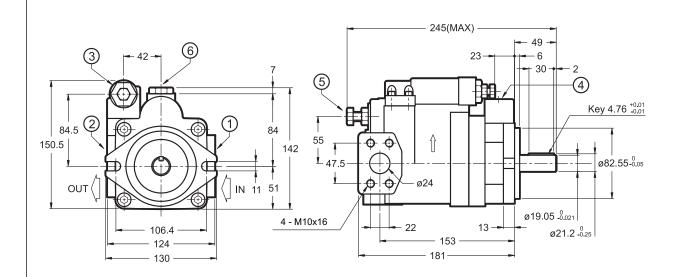
16 200/112 ED 12/20



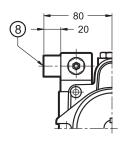


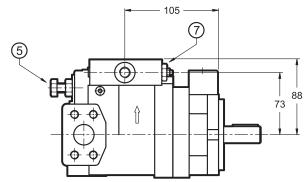
#### 6 - VPPL-016 and VPPL-022 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

#### VPPL-016PC5 and VPPL-022PC5 PUMPS



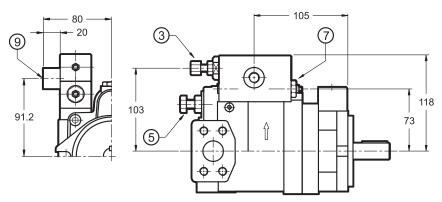
#### VPPL-016PCR and VPPL-022PCR PUMPS





dimensions in mm

#### VPPL-016PQC and VPPL-022PQC PUMPS

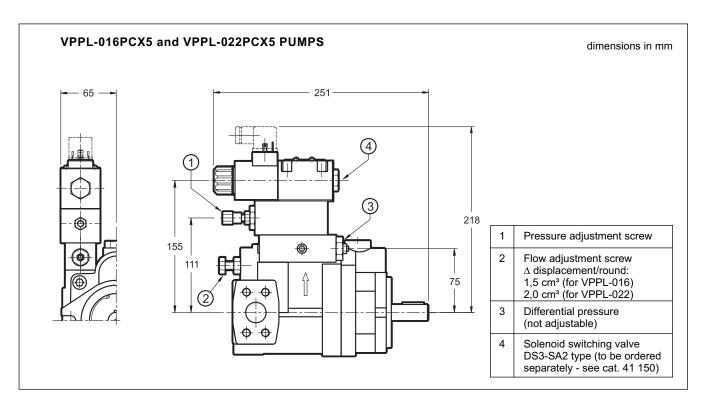


Suction port IN: SAE 3000 1" flange (see par. 11)
Delivery port OUT: SAE 3000 3/4" flange (see par. 11)
Pressure adjustment screw
Drain port: 3/8" BSP
Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round: 1,5 cm³ (for VPPL-016) 2,0 cm³ (for VPPL-022)
Oil supply port
Differential pressure (not adjustable)
Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP
Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP

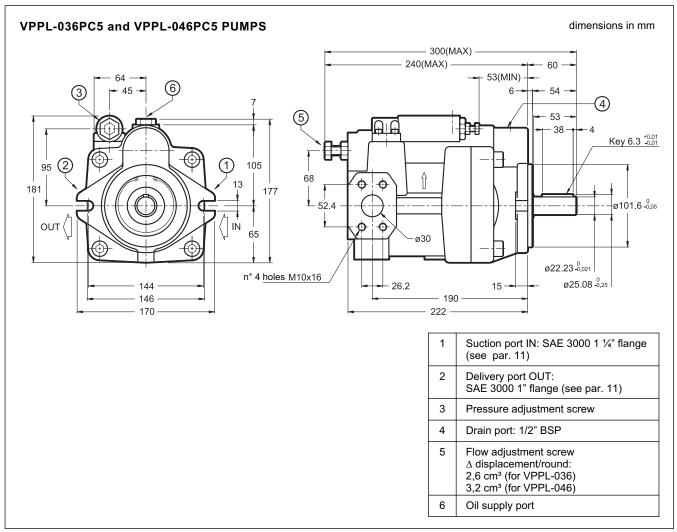
16 200/112 ED 13/20







#### 7 - VPPL-036 and VPPL-046 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



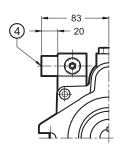
16 200/112 ED 14/20

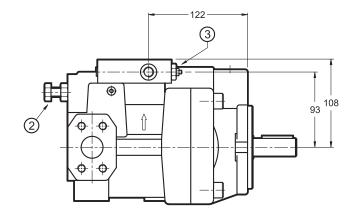


# VPPL SERIES 20

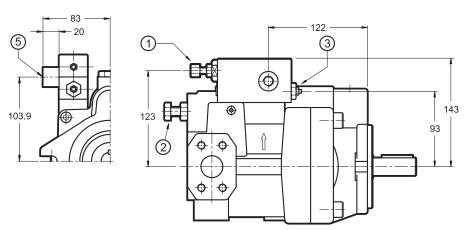
#### VPPL-036PCR and VPPL-046PCR PUMPS

dimensions in mm

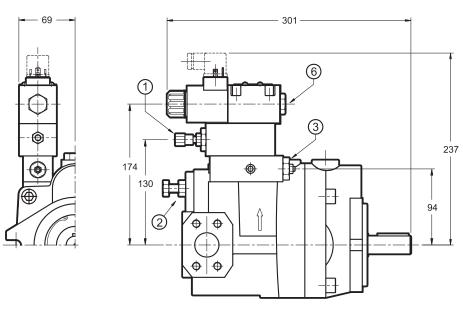




#### VPPL-036PQC and VPPL-046PQC PUMPS



#### VPPL-036PCX5 and VPPL-046PCX5 PUMPS



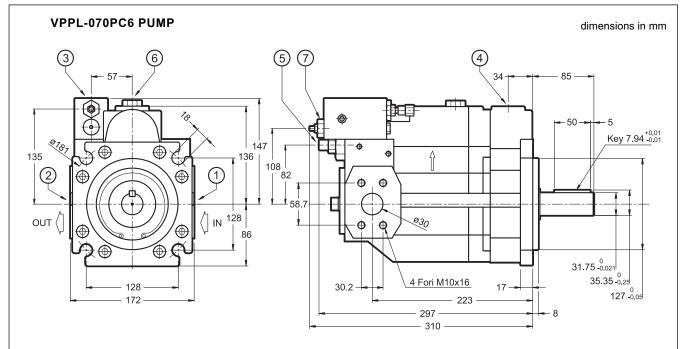
1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round: 2,6 cm³ (per VPPL-036) 3,2 cm³ (per VPPL-046)
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP
5	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
6	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)

16 200/112 ED 15/20

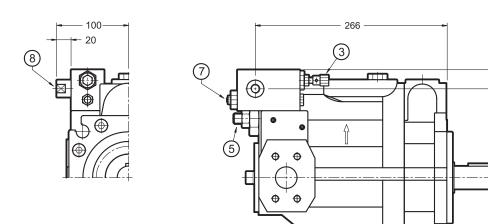




#### 8 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-070 PUMPS



#### **VPPL-070PCR PUMP**



1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 1 ½" flange (see paragraph 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 3000 1 1/4" flange (see paragraph 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/4" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 4,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP

150 123.5 |

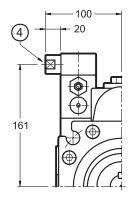
16 200/112 ED 16/20

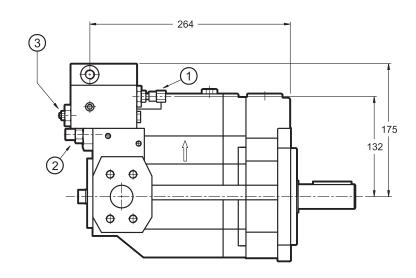






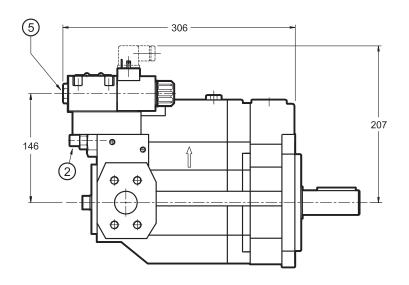
#### **VPPL-070PQC PUMP**



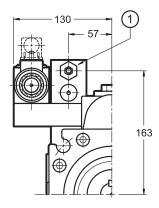


#### VPPL-070PCX6 PUMP

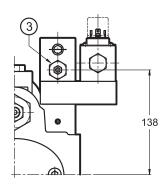
1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round = 4,1 cm³
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
5	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150



Shaft side view



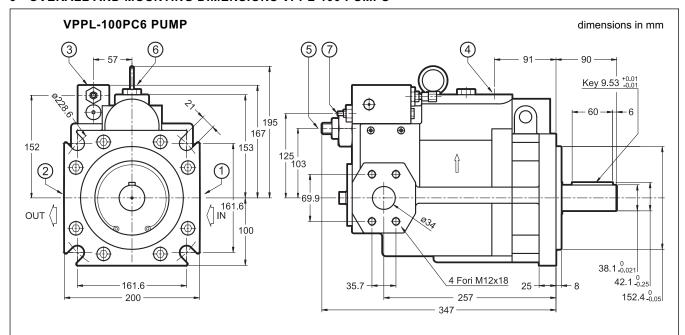
Regulator side view



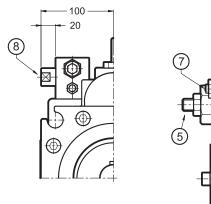
16 200/112 ED 17/20

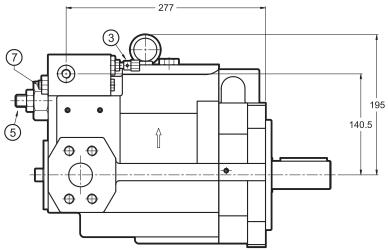


#### 9 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-100 PUMPS



#### **VPPL-100PCR PUMP**



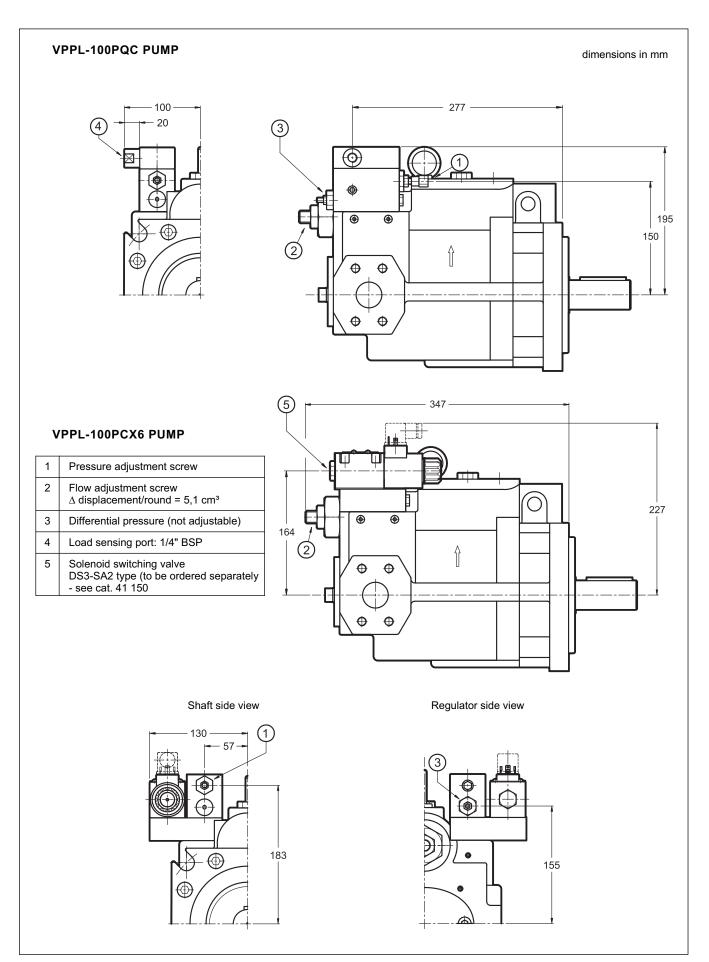


1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 2" flange (see paragraph 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 6000 1 1/4" flange (see paragraph 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/4" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round = 5,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP

16 200/112 ED 18/20



### VPPL SERIES 20



16 200/112 ED 19/20





#### 10 - INSTALLATION

- The VPPL pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.
  - Note: the drain port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume.
- In the case of installation above the oil level, check that the minimal inlet pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested to adjust thee drain tube so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

- Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.
- Check the pump direction of rotation.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. If the air venting should be difficult, the use of a venting valve is recommended.

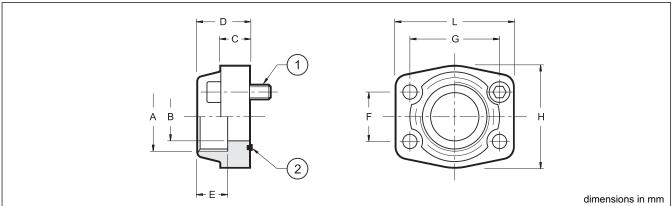
The pump start up should occur with the plant at minimum pressure, especially with low temperatures.

- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 0.5 bars (relative), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The minimum piping size is 3/8" for the pump type 008, 016 and 022, while it should be at least 1/2" for the pumps type 036 and 046, 3/4" for the 070 and 100 pumps type.

The drain tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area.

- No check valves allowed on the suction line. As for details and the installation of filter elements, see paragraph 2.3.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling, to reduce at the minimum the axial and radial loads on the pump shaft. The alignment tolerance between the two shafts must be within 0.05 mm.

#### 11 - CONNECTION FLANGES



Bolts and O-rings must be ordered separately.

	Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	С	D	E	F	G	Н	L	1 SHC bolts ISO 4762	2
	0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65		OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70	n° 4 - M10x35	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
SAE 3000	0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 ¼" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	28	79		OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0, (,	0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 ½" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	69,9	78	93	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4187 (47.23x3.53)
	0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	42,9	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770106	SAE - 1 1/4"	420	1 ¼" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)



**DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.** 

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com

**SERIES 22** 

**DIRECT OPERATED** 

PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE

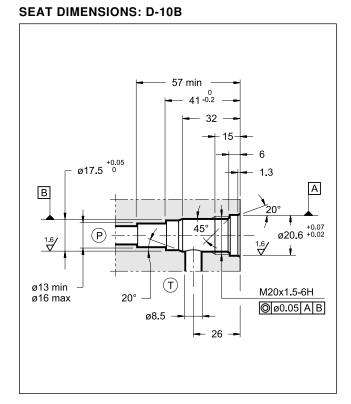


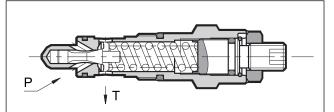


# CARTRIDGE TYPE

p max 350 barQ max 50 l/min

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



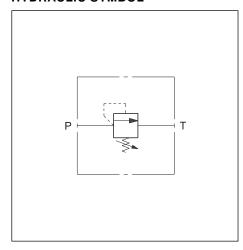


- The CR valve is a direct operated pressure control valve cartridge type that can be used in blocks or panels with type D-10B seat.
- It is normally used to control the maximum pressure in the hydraulic circuits or as a limiting device for pressure peaks generated during hydraulic actuator movement variation.
- It is available in five different pressure control ranges up to 350 bar.
- The circuit pressure acts on the shutter which is directly loaded by a spring on the opposite side. Once the set pressure is reached, the shutter opens, and discharges the excess flow in port T connected directly to the reservoir.
- The pressure can be adjusted by a screw, usually supplied as the countersunk hex type, equipped with locking nut and maximum adjustment limiter.

#### PERFORMANCES (measured with mineral oil of viscosity 36 cSt at 50°C)

Max working pressure	bar	350		
Minimum controlled pressure and pressure drop	see diagram			
Maximum flow rate	l/min	50		
Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50		
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80		
Fluid viscosity range	cSt	10 ÷ 400		
Fluid contamination degree		rding to 9 class 20/18/15		
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25		
Mass	kg	0,16		
Surface treatment: electrolytic zinc covering	Fe // Zn 8 // B EN 12329			

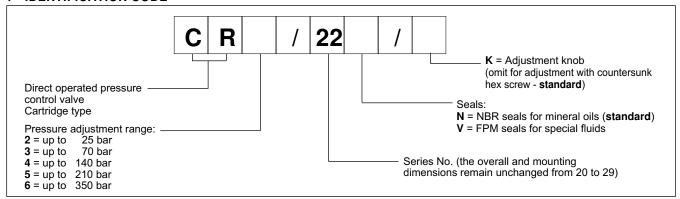
#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**



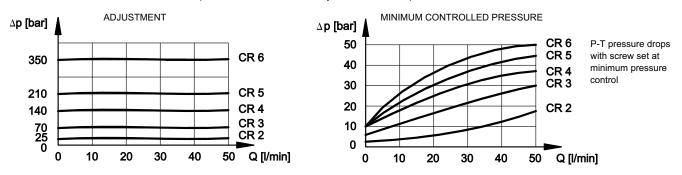
21 100/110 ED 1/2



#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



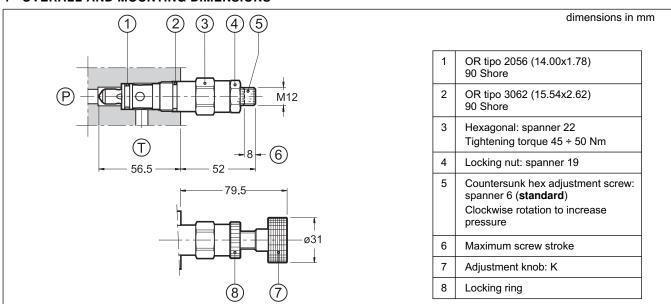
#### 2 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)



#### 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. For these fluids, use NBR seals (code N). For fluids HFDR type (phosphate esters) use FPM seals (code V). For the use of other kinds of fluid such as HFA, HFB, HFC, please consult our technical department. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 80 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

#### 4 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS





**DUPLOMATIC OLEODINAMICA S.p.A.** 

20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • Via M. Re Depaolini 24

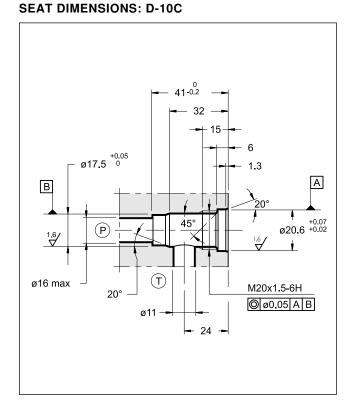
Tel. +39 0331.895.111

Fax +39 0331.895.339

www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com





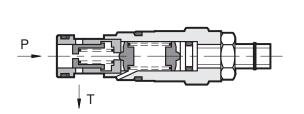


# CRQ PILOT OPERATED PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE SERIES 12

#### **CARTRIDGE TYPE**

p max 350 barQ max 100 l/min

#### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

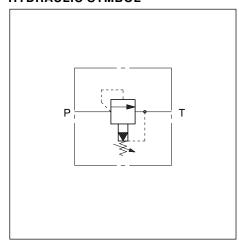


- The CRQ valve is a pilot operated pressure control valve cartridge type that can be used in blocks or panels with D-10C type seat.
- It is normally used to control the hydraulic circuit pressure and allows use of the entire flow of the pump even at pressure values near the set value.
- It is available in four different pressure control ranges up to 350 bar.
- It consists of a main balanced type spool and a pilot stage. The main spool, normally closed, opens when the circuit pressure exceeds the set value generated by the pilot stage, discharging the excess flow in port T, directly connected to the tank.
- The pressure is adjustable with a screw, usually supplied as the countersunk hex type, equipped with locking nut and with maximum adjustment limiter.

#### PERFORMANCES (measured with mineral oil of viscosity 36 cSt at 50°C)

Max working pressure	bar	350		
Minimum controlled pressure and pressure drop	see diagram			
Maximum flow rate	l/min	100		
Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50		
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80		
Fluid viscosity range	cSt	10 ÷ 400		
Fluid contamination degree		rding to 9 class 20/18/15		
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25		
Mass	kg	0,16		
Surface treatment:electrolytic zinc covering	Fe // Zn 8 // B EN 12329			

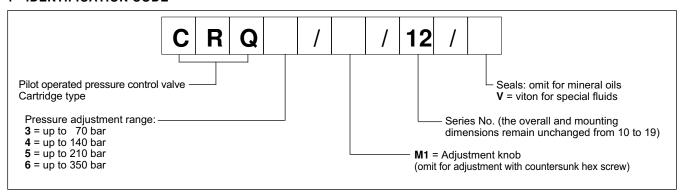
#### **HYDRAULIC SYMBOL**



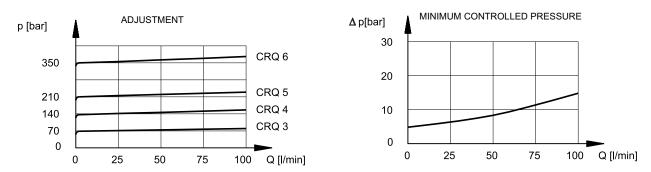
21 110/110 ED 1/2



#### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



#### 2 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)



#### 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. For these fluids, use NBR seals. For fluids HFDR type (phosphate esters) use FPM seals (code V). For the use of other kinds of fluid such as HFA, HFB, HFC, please consult our technical department. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 80 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

#### 4 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

